

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

(Mark One)

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934  
For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934  
For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number 1-9148

**THE BRINK'S COMPANY**  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Virginia  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

P.O. Box 18100,  
1801 Bayberry Court  
Richmond, Virginia  
(Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class  
The Brink's Company Common Stock, Par Value \$1

54-1317776  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

23226-8100  
(Zip Code)

(804) 289-9600

Name of each exchange on  
which registered  
New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.  
Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act.  
Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.  
Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "accelerated filer," "large accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).  
Yes  No

As of February 23, 2009, there were issued and outstanding 45,467,782 shares of common stock. The aggregate market value of shares of common stock held by non-affiliates as of June 30, 2008, was \$2,909,041,476.

Documents incorporated by reference: Part III incorporates information by reference from portions of the Registrant's definitive 2009 Proxy Statement to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A.

**THE BRINK'S COMPANY**  
**FORM 10-K**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008**

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**PART I**

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**ITEM 1. BUSINESS**

The Brink's Company (along with its subsidiaries, "we," "our," "Brink's" or the "Company"), based in Richmond, Virginia, is a leading provider of secure transportation, cash logistics and other security-related services to banks and financial institutions, retailers, government agencies, mints, jewelers and other commercial operations around the world. Brink's is the oldest and largest secure transportation and cash logistics company in the U.S., and a market leader in many other countries. Our international network serves customers in more than 50 countries and employs approximately 56,900 people. Our operations include approximately 800 facilities and 9,400 vehicles. Our brand, global infrastructure and expertise in security and logistics are important competitive advantages. About 70% of our \$3.2 billion in revenues are from outside North America. Over the past several years, we have changed from a conglomerate (with operations in the heavy-weight freight transportation, coal and other natural resource industries) into a company focused solely on the security industry. We completed the spin-off of our home security business in the fourth quarter of 2008 to sharpen the focus on our core business.

Management allocates resources to and makes operating decisions for our operations on a geographic basis. As a result, we changed our reportable segments in the fourth quarter of 2008 to International and North America. Our International segment is comprised of three distinct regions: Europe, Middle East and Africa ("EMEA"); Latin America; and Asia Pacific. Our North America segment includes operations in the U.S. and Canada.

Financial information related to The Brink's Company, our two operating segments (International and North America), and former operations is included in the consolidated financial statements on pages 57-104.

A significant portion of our business is conducted outside of the United States. Financial results are reported in U.S. dollars and are affected by fluctuations in the relative value of foreign currencies. Our business is also subject to other risks customarily associated with operating in foreign countries including changing labor and economic conditions, political instability, restrictions on repatriation of earnings and capital, as well as nationalization, expropriation and other forms of restrictive government actions. The future effects of these risks cannot be predicted. Additional information about risks associated with our foreign operations is provided on pages 10, 36 and 56.

We have significant liabilities associated with our retirement plans, a portion of which has been funded. These liabilities increased \$465 million in 2008 primarily as a result of a significant decline in the value of the investments of these plans. See pages 26, 43 and 47 – 51 for more information on these liabilities. Additional risk factors are described on pages 9 – 12.

**Available Information and Corporate Governance Documents**

The following items are available free of charge on our website ([www.brinkscompany.com](http://www.brinkscompany.com)) as soon as reasonably possible after filing or furnishing them with the Securities and Exchange Commission:

- Annual reports on Form 10-K
- Quarterly reports on Form 10-Q
- Current reports on Form 8-K, and amendments to those reports

In addition, the following documents are also available free of charge on our website:

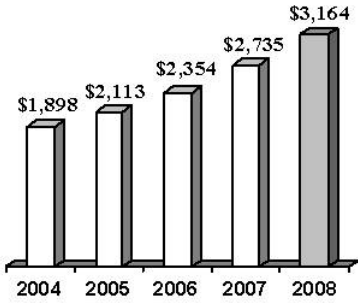
- Corporate governance policies
- Business Code of Ethics
- The charters of the following Board Committees: Audit and Ethics, Compensation and Benefits, and Corporate Governance and Nominating.

Printed versions of these items will be mailed free of charge to shareholders upon request. Such requests can be made by contacting the Corporate Secretary at 1801 Bayberry Court, P. O. Box 18100, Richmond, Virginia 23226-8100.

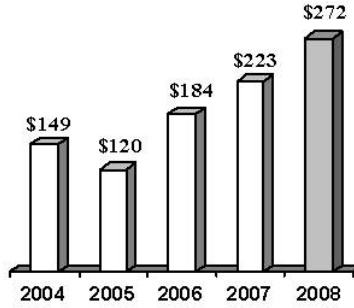
General

Our 2008 segment operating profit was \$272 million on revenues of \$3.2 billion, resulting in a segment operating profit margin of 8.6%. Our revenues and segment operating profit have grown over the last several years.

**Revenue**  
*(In millions)*

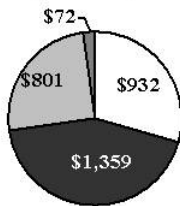


**Segment Operating Profit**  
*(In millions)*



Our operations are located around the world and most of our revenues (70%) and segment operating profit (79%) are earned outside of North America.

**Revenue by Region**  
*(In millions)*



**Segment Operating Profit by Region**  
*(In millions)*



- North America
- Europe, Middle East, and Africa
- ▨ Latin America
- ▩ Asia Pacific

- North America
- International

**International operations** has three regions: Europe, Middle East, and Africa (“EMEA”); Latin America and Asia Pacific. On a combined basis, international operations generated 2008 revenues of \$2.2 billion (70% of total) and segment operating profit of \$215 million (79% of total). Over the past three years, we have acquired security operations in numerous countries in EMEA and Latin America.

**Brink’s EMEA**, which generated \$1.4 billion or 43% of total 2008 revenues, operates 264 branches in 20 countries. Its largest operations are in France, the Netherlands and Germany. In 2008, France accounted for \$698 million or 51% of EMEA revenues (22% of total).

**Brink’s Latin America**, which generated \$801 million or 25% of total 2008 revenues, operates 211 branches in eight countries. Its largest operations are in Venezuela, Brazil and Colombia. In 2008, Venezuela accounted for \$351 million or 44% of Latin American revenues (11% of total).

**Brink’s Asia-Pacific** operates 32 branches in eight countries, and accounted for \$72 million or 2% of total 2008 revenues.

**North American operations** include 184 branches in the U.S. and 52 branches in Canada. North American operations generated 2008 revenues of \$932 million (30% of total) and segment operating profit of \$57 million (21% of total).

The largest seven Brink’s operations (U.S., France, Venezuela, Brazil, the Netherlands, Colombia and Germany) accounted for \$2,345 million or 74% of total 2008 revenues.

<i>(In millions)</i>	<b>2008</b>	<b>% total</b>	<b>% change</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>% total</b>	<b>% change</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>% total</b>	<b>% change</b>
Revenues by region:									
EMEA:									
France	\$ 697.7	22	11	\$ 628.8	23	15	\$ 546.5	23	8
Other	661.2	21	18	562.7	21	23	456.6	20	14
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,358.9</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>1,191.5</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>1,003.1</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>10</b>
Latin America:									
Venezuela	350.9	11	56	224.9	8	31	171.7	7	33
Other	449.7	14	22	369.3	14	31	282.5	12	25
<b>Total</b>	<b>800.6</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>594.2</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>454.2</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>28</b>
Asia Pacific	71.8	2	15	62.6	2	(7)	67.0	3	(6)
<b>Total International</b>	<b>2,231.3</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>1,848.3</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>1,524.3</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>14</b>
North America	932.2	30	5	886.3	32	7	830.0	35	7
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 3,163.5</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>\$ 2,734.6</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>\$ 2,354.3</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>11</b>

Geographic financial information related to long-lived assets is included in the consolidated financial statements on page 75.

Brink’s ownership interests in subsidiaries and affiliated companies ranged from 36% to 100% at December 31, 2008. In some instances, local laws limit the extent of Brink’s ownership interest.

**Growth Strategy**

Over the past several years, we have expanded largely through internal growth supplemented by acquisitions. Sources of revenue growth over the last three years from existing operations are shown in the following table:

**Annual Revenue growth***(In percentages)*

	2008	2007	2006
Organic (a)	11%	9%	8%
Acquisitions	1%	1%	2%
Changes in currency exchange rates	4%	6%	1%

(a) Organic revenue growth represents revenue growth from existing operations, excluding the effects of changes in currency exchange rates.

We intend to continue to pursue growth through acquisitions as long as we are able to acquire businesses that meet internal metrics for projected growth, profitability and return on investment. We are interested in both new and existing markets for our core business and other security-related businesses. Although there are risks and start-up expenses when entering new markets, we believe that growth through a combination of organic and acquisition is the best long-term strategy.

**Services**

Our primary services include:

- Cash-in-transit ("CIT") armored car transportation
- Automated teller machine ("ATM") replenishment and servicing
- Global Services – arranging secure long-distance transportation of valuables
- Cash Logistics – supply chain management of cash
- Guarding services, including airport security

Brink's typically provides customized services under separate contracts designed to meet the distinct needs of customers. Contracts usually cover an initial term of at least one year and in many cases one to three years, and generally remain in effect thereafter until canceled by either party.

**Core Services (53% of total revenue in 2008)**

CIT and ATM Services are core services we provide to customers throughout the world. Core services generated approximately \$1.7 billion of revenues in 2008.

**CIT** We have been serving customers since 1859. Our success in CIT is driven by a combination of rigorous security practices, high quality customer service, risk management expertise and logistics expertise. CIT services generally include the secure transportation of:

- cash between businesses and banks
- cash, securities and other valuables between commercial banks, central banks, and investment banking and brokerage firms
- new currency, coins and precious metals for central banks

**ATM Services** We manage nearly 81,000 ATM units worldwide for banks and other cash dispensing operators. We provide cash replenishment, monitoring and forecasting capabilities, deposit pick-up and processing services. Advanced online tools deliver consolidated electronic reports for simplified reconciliation.

**Value-Added Services (35% of total revenue in 2008)**

Our core services, combined with our brand and global infrastructure, provide a substantial platform from which we offer additional value-added services. Value-added services generated approximately \$1.1 billion of revenues in 2008.

**Global Services** With operations spanning approximately 50 countries, Brink's is a leading global provider of secure long-distance logistics for valuables including diamonds, jewelry, precious metals, securities, currency, high-tech devices, electronics and pharmaceuticals. We typically employ a combination of armored car and secure air transportation to leverage our extensive global network. Our specialized diamond and jewelry operation has offices in the major diamond and jewelry centers of the world.

**Cash Logistics** Brink's offers a fully integrated approach to managing the supply chain of cash, from point-of-sale through transport, vaulting, bank deposit and related credit. Cash Logistics services include:

- money processing and cash management services
- deploying and servicing "intelligent" safes and safe control devices, including our patented CompuSafe® service
- integrated check and cash processing services ("Virtual Vault")
- check imaging services

Money processing services generally include counting, sorting and wrapping currency. Other currency management services include cashier balancing, counterfeit detection, account consolidation and electronic reporting. Retail and bank customers use Brink's to count and reconcile coins and currency, prepare bank deposit information, and replenish coins and currency in specific denominations.

Brink's offers a variety of advanced technology applications including online cash tracking, cash inventory management, check imaging for real-time deposit processing, and a variety of other web-based information tools that enable banks and other customers to reduce costs while improving service to their customers.

CompuSafe® service offers customers an integrated, closed-loop system for preventing theft and managing cash. We market CompuSafe services to a variety of cash-intensive customers such as convenience stores, gas stations, restaurants, retail chains and entertainment venues. Our service includes the installation of a specialized safe in the customer's facility. The customer's employees deposit currency into the safe's cassettes, which can only be removed by Brink's personnel. Upon removal, the cassettes are transported to a secure location where contents are verified and transferred for deposit. Our CompuSafe service system features currency recognition counterfeit detection technology, multi-language touch screens and electronic interface between point-of-sale, back-office systems and external banks. Our electronic reporting interface with external banks enables our CompuSafe service customers to receive same-day credit on their cash balances, even if the cash remains on the customer's premises.

Virtual Vault services combine CIT, Cash Logistics, vaulting and electronic reporting technologies to help banks expand into new markets while minimizing investment in vaults and branch facilities. In addition to secure storage, we process deposits, provide check imaging and reconciliation services, and electronically transmit debits and credits.

We believe the quality and scope of our cash processing and information systems differentiate our Cash Logistics services from competitive offerings.

**Other Security Services (12% of total revenue in 2008)**

**Security and Guarding** We protect airports, offices, warehouses, stores, and public venues with electronic surveillance, access control, fire prevention and highly trained patrolling personnel. Other security services generated approximately \$0.4 billion of revenues in 2008.

Our guarding services are generally offered in European markets including France, Germany, Luxembourg and Greece. A significant portion of this business involves long-term contracts related primarily to guarding services at airports. Generally, other guarding contracts are for a one-year period, the majority of which are extended. Our security officers are typically stationed at customer sites, and responsibilities include detecting and deterring specific security threats.

**Industry and Competition**

Brink's competes with large multinational, regional and smaller companies throughout the world. Our largest multinational competitors are Group 4 Securicor plc (headquartered in the U.K.), Loomis AB, formerly a division of Securitas AB (Sweden), Prosegur, Compania de Seguridad, S.A. (Spain) and Garda World Security Corporation (Canada).

We believe the primary factors in attracting and retaining customers are security expertise, service quality and price. Our competitive advantages include:

- brand name recognition
- reputation for a high level of service and security
- risk management and logistics expertise
- global infrastructure and customer base
- proprietary cash processing and information systems
- high-quality insurance coverage and general financial strength

We believe our cost structure is generally competitive, although certain competitors may have lower costs due to a variety of factors including lower wages, less costly employee benefits, or less stringent security and service standards.

Although Brink's faces competitive pricing pressure in many markets, we resist competing on price alone. We believe our high levels of service and security differentiate us from competitors.

The availability of high-quality and reliable insurance coverage is an important factor in our ability to attract and retain customers and manage the risks inherent in our business. Brink's is self-insured for much of the liability related to potential losses of cash or valuables while such items are in our possession. However, we purchase insurance coverage for losses in excess of what we consider to be prudent levels of self-insurance. Our insurance policies cover losses from most causes, with the exception of war, nuclear risk and certain other exclusions typical in such policies.

Insurance for security is provided by different groups of underwriters at negotiated rates and terms. Premiums may fluctuate depending on market conditions. The security loss experience of Brink's and, to a limited extent, other armored carriers affects our premium rates.

Revenues are generated from charges per service performed or based on the value of goods transported. As a result, revenues are affected by the level of economic activity in our various markets as well as the volume of business for specific customers. CIT contracts generally run for a period of one year. Contracts for Cash Logistics are typically longer. Costs are incurred when preparing to serve a new customer or to transition away from an existing customer. Operating profit is generally stronger in the second half of the year, particularly in the fourth quarter, as economic activity is stronger during this period.

As part of the spin-off of BHS, we also agreed not to compete with BHS in the United States, Canada and Puerto Rico with respect to certain activities related to BHS's security system monitoring and surveillance business until October 31, 2013.

**Service Mark and Patents**

BRINKS is a registered service mark in the U.S. and certain foreign countries. The BRINKS mark, name and related marks are of material significance to our business. We own patents expiring in 2009 for certain coin sorting and counting machines. We also own patents for safes, including our integrated CompuSafeã services which expire between 2015 and 2022. These patents provide important advantages to Brink's. However, Brink's operations are not dependent on the existence of these patents.

We have agreed to license the Brink's name. Examples include licenses to a distributor of security products (padlocks, door hardware, etc.) offered for sale to consumers through major retail chains.

We entered into a Brand Licensing Agreement in connection with the spin-off of Brink's Home Security Holdings, Inc. ("BHS"). Under the agreement, BHS licenses the rights to use certain trademarks, including trademarks that contain the word "Brink's" in the United States, Canada and Puerto Rico. In exchange for these rights, BHS has agreed to pay a licensing fee equal to 1.25% of its net revenues during the period after the spin-off until the expiration date of the agreement. The license will expire on October 31, 2011, subject to earlier termination upon the occurrence of certain events.



**Government Regulation**

Our U.S. operations are subject to regulation by the U.S. Department of Transportation with respect to safety of operations, equipment and financial responsibility. Intrastate operations in the U.S. are subject to state regulation. Interprovincial operations in Canada are subject to federal and provincial regulations. Our International operations are regulated to varying degrees by the countries in which we operate.

**Employee Relations**

At December 31, 2008, our company had approximately 56,900 employees, including approximately 12,100 employees in North America (of whom approximately 1,800 were classified as part-time employees) and approximately 44,800 employees outside North America. At December 31, 2008, Brink's was a party to 11 collective bargaining agreements in North America with various local unions covering approximately 1,800 employees, almost all of whom are employees in Canada and members of unions affiliated with the International Brotherhood of Teamsters. The agreements have various expiration dates beginning in 2009 and extending through 2012. Outside of North America, approximately 62% of branch employees are members of labor or employee organizations. We believe our employee relations are satisfactory.

**DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS****Brink's Home Security Holdings, Inc.**

BHS offered monitored security services in North America primarily for owner-occupied, single-family residences. To a lesser extent, BHS offered security services for commercial and multi-family properties. BHS typically installed and owned the on-site security systems and charged fees to monitor and service the systems.

On October 31, 2008, we completed the 100% spin-off of BHS. The spin-off of BHS was in the form of a tax-free stock distribution to our shareholders of record as of the close of business on October 21, 2008. We distributed one share of BHS common stock for every share of our common stock outstanding. BHS filed a Registration Statement on Form 10 with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") which provided information about BHS and the spin-off, including historical and pro forma financial information. BHS is publicly traded on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") under the ticker symbol "CFL." We remain a public company traded on the NYSE and continue to use the ticker symbol "BCO." We continue to operate our secure transportation and cash management unit.

After the spin-off, we reclassified BHS' results of operations, including previously reported results and corporate expenses directly related to the spin-off, within discontinued operations.

In connection with the spin-off, we entered into certain agreements with BHS to define responsibility for obligations arising before and after the spin-off, including obligations relating to liabilities of the businesses, employees, taxes and intellectual property. We entered into a Brand Licensing Agreement with BHS. Under the agreement, BHS licenses the rights to use certain trademarks, including trademarks that contain the word "Brink's" in the United States, Canada and Puerto Rico. In exchange for these rights, BHS has agreed to pay a licensing fee equal to 1.25% of its net revenues during the period after the spin-off until the expiration date of the agreement. The license will expire on October 31, 2011, subject to earlier termination upon the occurrence of certain events.

We also entered into a Non-Compete Agreement with BHS, which will expire on October 31, 2013, pursuant to which we agreed not to compete with BHS in the United States, Canada and Puerto Rico with respect to certain restricted activities specified in the Non-Compete Agreement in which BHS currently is, or is currently planning to be, engaged.

We contributed \$50 million in cash to BHS at the time of the spin-off and forgave all the existing intercompany debt owed by BHS to us and our subsidiaries as of the distribution date.

**Former Coal Business**

We have significant liabilities related to retirement medical plans of our former coal operations, a portion of which have been funded with contributions to a Voluntary Employees' Beneficiary Association trust ("VEBA"). Some of the obligations have not been funded. We expect to have ongoing expense and cash outflow for these liabilities. See notes 3, 16 and 20 to the consolidated financial statements for more information.

## ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

We are exposed to risk in the operation of our businesses. Some of these risks are common to all companies doing business in the industries in which we operate and some are unique to our business. In addition, there are risks associated with investing in our common stock. These risk factors should be considered carefully when evaluating the company and its businesses.

***The weak economy is expected to have a negative impact on demand for our services.*** Global economic conditions have deteriorated significantly, and demand for our services is expected to be negatively impacted in regions where we provide our services. For example, demand for our services is significantly affected by the amount of discretionary consumer and business spending which historically has displayed significant cyclicality. Further deterioration in general global economic conditions would have a negative impact on our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows, although it is difficult to predict the extent and the length of time the economic downturn will affect our business.

***The inability to access capital or significant increases in the cost of capital could adversely affect our business.*** Our ability to obtain adequate and cost effective financing depends on our credit ratings as well as the liquidity of financial markets. A negative change in our ratings outlook or any downgrade in our current investment-grade credit ratings by our rating agencies could adversely affect our cost and/or access to sources of liquidity and capital. Additionally, such a downgrade could increase the costs of borrowing under available credit lines. Disruptions in the capital and credit markets could adversely affect our ability to access short-term and long-term capital. Our access to funds under short-term credit facilities is dependent on the ability of the participating banks to meet their funding commitments. Those banks may not be able to meet their funding commitments if they experience shortages of capital and liquidity. Longer disruptions in the capital and credit markets as a result of uncertainty, changing or increased regulation, reduced alternatives or failures of significant financial institutions could adversely affect our access to capital needed for our business.

***We have significant retirement obligations. Poor investment performance of retirement plan holdings could unfavorably affect our liquidity and results of operations.*** We have substantial pension and retiree medical obligations, a portion of which have been funded. The amount of these obligations is significantly affected by factors that are not in our control, including interest rates used to determine the present value of future payment streams, investment returns, medical inflation rates, participation rates and changes in laws and regulations. Our liabilities for these plans increased by \$465 million in 2008 primarily as a result of significant decline in value of plan investments. The funded status of our primary U.S. pension plan was 59% at the end of 2008. As a result, we expect that we will be required to contribute a significant amount of cash to our primary U.S. pension plan in the next several years. This could adversely affect our liquidity and our ability to use our resources to make acquisitions and to otherwise grow our business. We also expect our future net periodic costs of our retirement plans will be adversely affected by the investment losses sustained in 2008. If these investments have additional losses, our future cash requirements and costs for these plans will be further adversely affected.

**We have significant operations outside the United States.** We currently operate in approximately 50 countries. Revenue outside the U.S. was approximately 70% of total revenue in 2008. We expect revenue outside the U.S. to continue to represent a significant portion of total revenue. Business operations outside the U.S. are subject to political, economic and other risks inherent in operating in foreign countries, such as

- the difficulty of enforcing agreements, collecting receivables and protecting assets through foreign legal systems
- trade protection measures and import or export licensing requirements
- difficulty in staffing and managing widespread operations
- required compliance with a variety of foreign laws and regulations
- changes in the general political and economic conditions in the countries where we operate, particularly in emerging markets
- threat of nationalization and expropriation
- higher costs and risks of doing business in a number of foreign jurisdictions
- limitations on the repatriation of earnings
- fluctuations in equity, revenues and profits due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates, including measures taken by governments to devalue official currency exchange rates
- inflation levels exceeding that of the U.S.

We are exposed to certain risks when we operate in countries that have high levels of inflation, including the risk that

- the rate of price increases for services will not keep pace with cost inflation
- adverse economic conditions may discourage business growth which could affect demand for our services
- the devaluation of the currency may exceed the rate of inflation and reported U.S. dollar revenues and profits may decline.

We try to manage these risks by monitoring current and anticipated political and economic developments and adjusting operations as appropriate. Changes in the political or economic environments of the countries in which we operate could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

**We operate in highly competitive industries.** We compete in industries that are subject to significant competition and pricing pressures. We face significant pricing pressures from competitors in most markets. Because we believe we have competitive advantages such as brand name recognition and a reputation for a high level of service and security, we resist competing on price alone. However, continued pricing pressure could impact our customer base or pricing structure and have an adverse effect on results of operations.

**Our earnings and cash flow could be materially affected by increased losses of customer valuables.** We purchase insurance coverage for losses of customer valuables for amounts in excess of what we consider prudent deductibles and/or retentions. Insurance is provided by different groups of underwriters at negotiated rates and terms. Coverage is available to us in major insurance markets, although premiums charged are subject to fluctuations depending on market conditions. Our loss experience and that of other armored carriers affects premium rates charged to us. We are self-insured for losses below our coverage limits and recognize expense up to these limits for actual losses. Our insurance policies cover losses from most causes, with the exception of war, nuclear risk and various other exclusions typical for such policies. The availability of high-quality and reliable insurance coverage is an important factor in order for us to obtain and retain customers and to manage the risks of our business. If our losses increase, or if we are unable to obtain adequate insurance coverage at reasonable rates, our financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected.

**Restructuring charges may be required in the future.** There is a possibility we will take restructuring actions in one of our markets in the future to reduce expenses if a major customer is lost or if recurring operating losses continue. These actions could result in significant restructuring charges at these subsidiaries, including recognizing impairment charges to write down assets, and recording accruals for employee severance and operating leases. These charges, if required, could significantly affect results of operations and cash flows.

**We depend heavily on the availability of fuel and the ability to pass higher fuel costs to customers.** Fuel prices have fluctuated significantly in recent years. In some periods, our operating profit has been adversely affected because we are not able to immediately offset the full impact of higher fuel prices through increased prices or fuel surcharges. We do not have any long-term fuel purchase contracts, and have not entered into any other hedging arrangements that protect against fuel price increases. A significant increase in fuel costs and an inability to pass increases on to customers or a shortage of fuel could adversely affect our results of operations.

**We have certain environmental and other exposures related to our former coal operations.** We may incur future environmental and other liabilities that are presently unknown in connection with our former coal operations.

**We operate in regulated industries.** Our U.S. operations are subject to regulation by the U.S. Department of Transportation with respect to safety of operations and equipment and financial responsibility. Intrastate operations in the U.S. are subject to regulation by state regulatory authorities and interprovincial operations in Canada are subject to regulation by Canadian and provincial regulatory authorities. Our International operations are regulated to varying degrees by the countries in which we operate.

Changes in laws or regulations could require a change in the way we operate, which could increase costs or otherwise disrupt operations. In addition, failure to comply with any applicable laws or regulations could result in substantial fines or revocation of our operating permits and licenses. If laws and regulations were to change or we failed to comply, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected.

**We could be materially affected by an unfavorable outcome related to non-payment of value-added taxes and custom duties.** During 2004, we determined that one of our non-U.S. business units had not paid foreign customs duties and value-added taxes with respect to the importation of various goods and services. We have been advised that there could be civil and criminal penalties asserted for the non-payment of these customs duties and value-added taxes. To date no penalties have been asserted. We believe that the range of reasonably possible losses related to customs duties penalties is between \$0 and approximately \$35 million. These penalties could be asserted at any time. The business unit has discussed this matter with the appropriate government authorities, provided an accounting of unpaid customs duties and taxes and made payments covering its calculated unpaid value added taxes. An adverse outcome in this matter could materially affect our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

**We have retained obligations from the sale of BAX Global.** In January 2006 we sold BAX Global. We retained some of the obligations related to these operations, primarily for taxes owed prior to the date of sale and for any amounts paid related to one pending litigation matter for which losses could be between \$0 and \$14 million at the date of sale. In addition, we provided indemnification customary for these sorts of transactions. Future unfavorable developments related to these matters could require us to record additional expenses or make cash payments in excess of recorded liabilities. The occurrence of these events could have a material adverse affect on our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

**We are subject to covenants for credit facilities.** We have credit facilities with financial covenants, including a limit on the ratio of debt to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization, limits on the ability to pledge assets, limits on the use of proceeds of asset sales and minimum coverage of interest costs. Although we believe none of these covenants are presently restrictive to operations, the ability to meet the financial covenants can be affected by changes in our results of operations or financial condition. We cannot provide assurance that we will meet these covenants. A breach of any of these covenants could result in a default under existing credit facilities. Upon the occurrence of an event of default under any of our credit facilities, the lenders could cause amounts outstanding to be immediately payable and terminate all commitments to extend further credit. The occurrence of these events would have a significant impact on our liquidity and cash flows.

**Acquisitions.** One element of our growth strategy is to strengthen our brand portfolio and/or expand our geographic reach through active programs of selective acquisitions. Acquisition opportunities are limited, and acquisitions present risks of failing to achieve efficient and effective integration, strategic objectives and anticipated revenue improvements and cost savings. There can be no assurance that we will be able to acquire attractive businesses on favorable terms, that all future acquisitions will be quickly accretive to earnings or that future acquisitions will be rapidly integrated into existing operations.

**Our effective income tax rate could change.** We operate in approximately 50 countries, all of which have different income tax laws and associated income tax rates. Our effective income tax rate can be significantly affected by changes in the mix of pretax earnings by country and the related income tax rates in those countries. In addition, our effective income tax rate is significantly affected by the ability to realize deferred tax assets, including those associated with net operating losses. Changes in income tax laws, income apportionment, or estimates of the ability to realize deferred tax assets, could significantly affect our effective income tax rate, financial position and results of operations.

**Our performance could be negatively impacted by the spin-off of BHS, which was completed in 2008.** In connection with the BHS spin-off, we received both a private letter ruling from the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") and a favorable opinion from Cravath, Swaine & Moore LLP that the spin-off qualifies for tax-free treatment under Section 355 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. However, the IRS could subsequently determine that the spin-off should be treated as a taxable transaction. If the spin-off fails to qualify for tax-free treatment, it could have a material adverse tax impact on us as well as on our shareholders. We also entered into certain agreements with BHS that could potentially affect our ability to conduct our operations in the manner most advantageous to us until the expiration of such agreements. We have agreed to license certain trademarks that contain the word "Brink's" to BHS until October 31, 2011, subject to earlier termination. We also have agreed not to compete with BHS in the United States, Canada and Puerto Rico with respect to certain activities related to BHS's security system monitoring and surveillance business until October 31, 2013.

## Forward-Looking Statements

This document contains both historical and forward-looking information. Words such as “anticipates,” “estimates,” “expects,” “projects,” “intends,” “plans,” “believes,” “may,” “should” and similar expressions may identify forward-looking information. Forward-looking information in this document includes, but is not limited to, statements regarding expected revenue growth and earnings for The Brink’s Company, including organic revenue growth and operating profit margin in 2009 and long-term organic revenue growth and operating profit margin, the pursuit of growth through acquisitions in new and existing markets, the differentiation of Brink’s Cash Logistics services, Brink’s cost structure, the seasonality of Brink’s operating profit, employee relations, significant liabilities and ongoing expenses and cash outflows related to retirement medical plans of former coal operations, customer demand for Brink’s services, the impact of the global economic slowdown, anticipated expenses related to retirement plans, Brink’s improving position in North America, expected corporate expenses, net, potential changes in foreign currency exchange rates, customer outsourcing efforts, the anticipated effective tax rate for 2009 and the Company’s future tax position, operating profit pressures in Europe, expenses related to former operations, expected trademark royalties from BHS, future interest expense, anticipated dividends from a real estate investment, the impact of exchange rates, the possibility that Venezuela may be considered highly inflationary again, the possibility that Brink’s Venezuela may be subject to less favorable exchange rates or that the bolivar fuerte may be devalued, projected contributions and expense for the primary U.S. pension plan and its expected long-term rate of return, capital expenditures in 2009, future depreciation and amortization, the ability to meet liquidity needs, estimated contractual obligations for the next five years and beyond, future contributions to and use of the VEBA and expected investment returns on funds held by the VEBA, the Company’s borrowing capacity under the Letter of Credit Facility and the Revolving Facility, contractual indemnities associated with the sale of BAX Global and the spin-off of BHS, surety bond renewals and premium levels, the outcome of the issue relating to the non-payment of customs duties and value-added tax by a non-U.S. subsidiary of Brink’s, Incorporated, the outcome of pending litigation and the anticipated financial impact of the disposition of these matters, future realization of deferred tax assets, the carrying value of goodwill, estimated discount rates, the assumed inflation rate for a number of the Company’s benefit plans, the impact of recent and future accounting rule changes, the likelihood of losses due to non-performance by parties to hedging instruments, the use of earnings from foreign subsidiaries and equity affiliates, future recognition of unrecognized tax benefits and uncertain tax positions, and expected future cash payments and expense levels for black lung obligations. Forward-looking information in this document is subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and contingencies, which could cause actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those that are anticipated.

These risks, uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond the control of The Brink’s Company and its subsidiaries, include, but are not limited to the impact of a potential global economic slowdown on the Company’s business opportunities, access to the credit markets and funding requirements for pension plans and other employee benefits, the recent market volatility and its impact on the demand for the services of Brink’s, the implementation of investments in technology and value-added services and cost reduction efforts and their impact on revenue and profit growth, the ability to identify and execute further cost and operational improvements and efficiencies in the core business, the ability to cost effectively match customer demand with appropriate resources, the willingness of Brink’s customers to absorb fuel surcharges and other future price increases, the actions of competitors, the Company’s ability to identify strategic opportunities and integrate them successfully, acquisitions and dispositions made in the future, Brink’s ability to integrate recent acquisitions, decisions by the Company’s Board of Directors, regulatory and labor issues and higher security threats, the impact of turnaround actions responding to current conditions in Europe, the return to profitability of operations in jurisdictions where Brink’s has recorded valuation adjustments, the input of governmental authorities regarding the non-payment of customs duties and value-added tax, the stability of the Venezuelan economy and changes in Venezuelan policy regarding exchange rates, the potential for a devaluation of the bolivar fuerte, the absence of the currency conversion project in Venezuela, variations in costs or expenses and performance delays of any public or private sector supplier, service provider or customer, the ability of the Company and its subsidiaries to obtain appropriate insurance coverage, positions taken by insurers with respect to claims made and the financial condition of insurers, safety and security performance, Brink’s loss experience, changes in insurance costs, risks customarily associated with operating in foreign countries including changing labor and economic conditions, currency devaluations, safety and security issues, political instability, restrictions on repatriation of earnings and capital, nationalization, expropriation and other forms of restrictive government actions, costs associated with information technology and other ongoing contractual obligations, costs associated with the purchase and implementation of cash processing and security equipment, changes in the scope or method of remediation or monitoring of the Company’s former coal operations, the timing of the pass-through of certain costs to third parties and the timing of approvals by governmental authorities relating to the disposal of the coal assets, changes to estimated liabilities and assets in

actuarial assumptions due to payments made, investment returns, annual actuarial revaluations, and periodic revaluations of reclamation liabilities, the funding levels, accounting treatment, investment performance and costs of the Company's pension plans and the VEBA, whether the Company's assets or the VEBA's assets are used to pay benefits, projections regarding the number of participants in and beneficiaries of the Company's employee and retiree benefit plans, black lung claims incidence, the number of dependents of mine workers for whom benefits are provided, actual retirement experience of the former coal operation's employees, actual medical and legal expenses relating to benefits, changes in inflation rates (including medical inflation) and interest rates, changes in mortality and morbidity assumptions, mandatory or voluntary pension plan contributions, discovery of new facts relating to civil suits, the addition of claims or changes in relief sought by adverse parties, the cash, debt and tax position and growth needs of the Company, the demand for capital by the Company and the availability and cost of such capital, the nature of the Company's hedging relationships, the financial performance of the Company, utilization of third-party advisors and the ability of the Company to hire and retain corporate staff, changes in employee obligations, overall domestic and international economic, political, social and business conditions, capital markets performance, the strength of the U.S. dollar relative to foreign currencies, foreign currency exchange rates, changes in estimates and assumptions underlying the Company's critical accounting policies, as more fully described in the section "Application of Critical Accounting Policies" but including the likelihood that net deferred tax assets will be realized, discount rates, expectations of future performance, the timing of deductibility of expenses, inflation, the promulgation and adoption of new accounting standards and interpretations, including SFAS 141(R), SFAS 160, SFAS 16-1, SFAS 162, FSP EITF 03-6-1, and FSP 132(R)-1, anticipated return on assets, inflation, seasonality, pricing and other competitive industry factors, labor relations, fuel prices, new government regulations and interpretations of existing regulations, legislative initiatives, judicial decisions, issuances of permits, variations in costs or expenses and the ability of counterparties to perform. The information included in this document is representative only as of the date of this document, and The Brink's Company undertakes no obligation to update any information contained in this document.

**ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS**

Not applicable.

**ITEM 2. PROPERTIES**

We have property and equipment in locations throughout the world. Branch facilities generally have office space to support operations, a vault to securely process and store valuables and a garage to house armored vehicles and serve as a vehicle terminal. Many branches have additional space to repair and maintain vehicles.

We own or lease armored vehicles, panel trucks and other vehicles that are primarily service vehicles. Our armored vehicles are of bullet-resistant construction and are specially designed and equipped to provide security for the crew and cargo.

The following table discloses leased and owned facilities and vehicles for Brink's most significant operations as of December 31, 2008.

Region	Facilities			Vehicles		
	Leased	Owned	Total	Leased	Owned	Total
U. S.	176	25	201	2,075	329	2,404
Canada	41	12	53	450	53	503
EMEA	245	37	282	866	2,580	3,446
Latin America	184	50	234	260	2,625	2,885
Asia Pacific	35	-	35	2	131	133
<b>Total</b>	<b>681</b>	<b>124</b>	<b>805</b>	<b>3,653</b>	<b>5,718</b>	<b>9,371</b>

As of December 31, 2008, we had approximately 7,500 Brink's-owned CompuSafeã devices located on customers' premises, most of which are in North America.

**ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

We are involved in various lawsuits and claims in the ordinary course of business. We are not able to estimate the range of losses for some of these matters. We have recorded accruals for losses that are considered probable and reasonably estimable. We do not believe that the ultimate disposition of any of these matters will have a material adverse effect on our liquidity, financial position or results of operations.

**ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS**

Not applicable.



**Executive Officers of the Registrant**

The following is a list as of February 15, 2009, of the names and ages of the executive and other officers of The Brink's Company indicating the principal positions and offices held by each. There are no family relationships among any of the officers named.

Name	Age	Positions and Offices Held	Held Since
<b>Executive Officers:</b>			
Michael J. Cazer	41	Vice President and Chief Financial Officer	2008
Michael T. Dan	58	President, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board	1998
Frank T. Lennon	67	Vice President and Chief Administrative Officer	2005
McAlister C. Marshall, II	39	Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary	2008
Matthew A. P. Schumacher	50	Controller	2001
<b>Other Officers:</b>			
Jonathan A. Leon	42	Treasurer	2008
Arthur E. Wheatley	66	Vice President – Risk Management and Insurance	1988

Executive and other officers of The Brink's Company are elected annually and serve at the pleasure of its board of directors.

Mr. Cazer is the Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of The Brink's Company. Mr. Cazer was hired on April 7, 2008. He most recently served as Chief Financial Officer of GE Security, a General Electric subsidiary focused on global communication and information technologies for security and life safety products, from April 2005 to April 2008, having previously served as Chief Financial Officer of GE Consumer and Industrial Europe, a General Electric subsidiary engaged in the design, manufacturing and sales of electrical distribution equipment, lighting products and household appliances in Europe, from April 2004 to April 2005, and as Chief Financial Officer of GE Fanuc, a joint venture between General Electric and FANUC of Japan focused on automation and embedded computing, from December 2001 to April 2004.

Mr. Dan was elected President, Chief Executive Officer and Director of The Brink's Company in February 1998 and was elected Chairman of the Board effective January 1, 1999. He also serves as Chief Executive Officer of Brink's, Incorporated, a position he has held since July 1993. From August 1992 to July 1993 he served as President of North American operations of Brink's, Incorporated and as Executive Vice President of Brink's, Incorporated from 1985 to 1992.

Mr. Lennon was appointed Vice President and Chief Administrative Officer in 2005. Prior to this position, he was the Vice President, Human Resources and Administration from 1990 through 2005.

Mr. Marshall was appointed Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary of The Brink's Company on September 15, 2008. Prior to joining The Brink's Company, Mr. Marshall was the Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary at Tredegar Corporation from October 2006 to September 2008. Prior to this position, Mr. Marshall was the Assistant General Counsel and Secretary for The Brink's Company from July 2006 to September 2006. Prior to this position, Mr. Marshall was the Assistant General Counsel and Director-Corporate Governance and Compliance for The Brink's Company from July 2004 to July 2006. Prior to this position, Mr. Marshall was the Assistant General Counsel for The Brink's Company from July 2000 to July 2004.

Messrs. Schumacher and Wheatley have served in their present positions for more than the past five years.

Mr. Leon is the Treasurer of The Brink's Company. Mr. Leon was hired June 12, 2008. Before joining The Brink's Company, Mr. Leon was the Assistant Treasurer for Universal Corporation from January 2007 to June 2008. Prior to this position, Mr. Leon was the Assistant Treasurer for The Brink's Company from July 2005 to January 2007. Prior to this position, Mr. Leon had held various financial management positions with The Brink's Company from February 1998 to July 2005.

**PART II**

**ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES**

Our common stock trades on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "BCO." As of February 24, 2009, there were approximately 2,900 shareholders of record of common stock.

The dividends declared and the high and low prices of our common stock for each full quarterly period within the last two years are as follows:

	2008 Quarters				2007 Quarters			
	1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4 <sup>th</sup>
Dividends declared per common share	\$ 0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	\$ 0.0625	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000
Stock prices:								
High	\$ 70.11	74.61	71.48	61.32	\$ 65.50	68.47	67.65	64.83
Low	49.04	65.23	57.68	18.19	57.77	61.44	52.42	55.69

We completed the spin-off of BHS on October 31, 2008. See note 15 to the consolidated financial statements for a description of limitations of our ability to pay dividends in the future.

The following table provides information about our common stock repurchases during the quarter ended December 31, 2008.

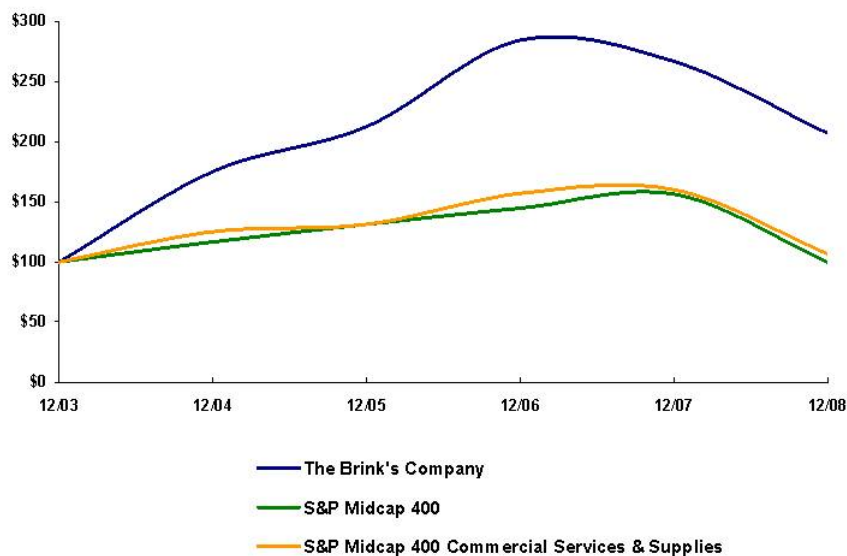
Period	(a) Total Number of Shares Purchased	(b) Average Price Paid per Share	(c) Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	(d) Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares that May Yet be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
October 1 through October 31, 2008	-	\$ -	-	\$ 43,730,344(1)
November 1 through November 30, 2008	-	-	-	43,730,344(1)
December 1 through December 31, 2008	160,500	\$ 24.03	160,500	\$ 39,873,744(1)

(1) On September 14, 2007, the board of directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$100 million of common stock from time to time as market conditions warrant and as covenants under existing agreements permit. The program does not require the acquisition of a specific number of shares and may be modified or discontinued at any time.

The following graph compares the cumulative 5-year total return provided to shareholders on The Brink's Company's common stock relative to the cumulative total returns of the S&P Midcap 400 index and the S&P Midcap 400 Commercial Services & Supplies Index. The graph tracks the performance of a \$100 investment in our common stock and in each index (with the reinvestment of all dividends) from December 31, 2003, through December 31, 2008. The Company previously used the S&P Midcap Diversified Commercial & Professional Services Index, but this index has been discontinued, so the Company has instead used the S&P Midcap 400 Commercial Services & Supplies Index.

### COMPARISON OF 5 YEAR CUMULATIVE TOTAL RETURN\*

Among The Brink's Company, The S&P Midcap 400 Index  
And S&P Midcap 400 Commercial Services & Supplies Index



\*\$100 invested on 12/31/03 in stock & index-including reinvestment of dividends.  
Fiscal year ending December 31.

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Source – Research Data Group, Inc.

#### Comparison of Five-Year Cumulative Total Return Among Brink's Common Stock, the S&P MidCap 400 Index and the S&P Midcap 400 Commercial Services & Supplies Index <sup>(1)</sup>

	Years Ended December 31,					
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
The Brink's Company	\$ 100.00	175.12	212.61	284.27	266.51	206.80
S&P Midcap 400 Index	100.00	116.48	131.11	144.64	156.18	99.59
S&P Midcap 400 Commercial Services & Supplies Index	\$ 100.00	125.07	131.26	156.87	159.80	106.37

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- (1) For the line designated as "The Brink's Company" the graph depicts the cumulative return on \$100 invested in The Brink's Company's common stock. For the S&P Midcap 400 Index and the S&P Midcap 400 Commercial Services & Supplies Index, cumulative returns are measured on an annual basis for the periods from December 31, 2003, through December 31, 2008, with the value of each index set to \$100 on December 31, 2003. Total return assumes reinvestment of dividends and the reinvestment of proceeds from the sale of the shares received related to the spin-off of our former monitored security business on October 31, 2008. We chose the S&P Midcap 400 Index and the S&P Midcap 400 Commercial Services & Supplies Index because we are included in these indices, which broadly measure the performance of mid-size companies in the United States market.

**ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA**
**Five Years in Review**
*(In millions, except per share amounts)*

	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
<b>Revenues and Income</b>					
Revenues	\$ 3,163.5	2,734.6	2,354.3	2,113.3	1,897.9
Segment operating profit	271.9	223.3	184.1	119.5	149.0
Corporate and former operations expense, net	(43.4)	(62.3)	(73.4)	(82.0)	(86.7)
Operating profit	228.5	161.0	110.7	37.5	62.3
Income (loss) from continuing operations	131.8	78.4	53.1	(3.3)	25.3
Income from discontinued operations (a)	51.5	58.9	534.1	151.1	96.2
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle (b)	-	-	-	(5.4)	-
<b>Net income</b>	<b>\$ 183.3</b>	<b>137.3</b>	<b>587.2</b>	<b>142.4</b>	<b>121.5</b>
<b>Financial Position</b>					
Property and equipment, net	\$ 534.0	1,118.4	981.9	867.4	914.0
Total assets	1,815.8	2,394.3	2,188.0	3,036.9	2,692.7
Long-term debt, less current maturities	173.0	89.2	126.3	251.9	181.6
Shareholders' equity	214.0	1,046.3	753.8	837.5	688.5
<b>Supplemental Information</b>					
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 122.3	110.0	93.0	88.0	78.8
Capital expenditures	165.3	141.8	113.8	107.8	76.1
<b>Per Common Share</b>					
Basic, net income (loss):					
Continuing operations	\$ 2.85	1.68	1.06	(0.06)	0.46
Discontinued operations (a)	1.11	1.27	10.69	2.69	1.76
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle (b)	-	-	-	(0.10)	-
<b>Net income</b>	<b>\$ 3.96</b>	<b>2.95</b>	<b>11.75</b>	<b>2.53</b>	<b>2.23</b>
Diluted, net income (loss):					
Continuing operations	\$ 2.82	1.67	1.05	(0.06)	0.46
Discontinued operations (a)	1.10	1.25	10.58	2.69	1.74
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle (b)	-	-	-	(0.10)	-
<b>Net income</b>	<b>\$ 3.93</b>	<b>2.92</b>	<b>11.64</b>	<b>2.53</b>	<b>2.20</b>
Cash dividends	\$ 0.4000	0.3625	0.2125	0.1000	0.1000
<b>Weighted Average Shares</b>					
Basic	46.3	46.5	50.0	56.3	54.6
Diluted	46.7	47.0	50.5	56.3	55.3

(a) Income from discontinued operations reflects the operations and gains and losses, if any, on disposal of our former home security, coal, natural gas, timber, gold, and air freight businesses, as well as the domestic cash handling operations in the United Kingdom. Expenses related to postretirement obligations are recorded as a component of continuing operations after the respective disposal dates. Adjustments to contingent liabilities are recorded within discontinued operations.

(b) Our 2005 results of operations include a noncash after-tax charge of \$5.4 million or \$0.10 per diluted share to reflect the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle pursuant to the adoption of FIN 47, *Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligations*.

**THE BRINK'S COMPANY**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF**  
**FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008**  
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## OPERATIONS

### The Brink's Company

#### Overview

The Brink's Company offers transportation and logistics management services for cash and valuables throughout the world. These services include armored car transportation, automated teller machine ("ATM") replenishment and servicing, currency deposit processing and cash management services. Cash management services include cash logistics services ("Cash Logistics"), deploying and servicing safes and safe control devices (e.g. our patented CompuSafe® service), coin sorting and wrapping, integrated check and cash processing services ("Virtual Vault Services"), arranging secure transportation of valuables over long distances and around the world ("Global Services"), and guarding services, including airport security.

Management allocates resources to and makes operating decisions on a geographic basis. As a result, we changed our reportable segments in the fourth quarter of 2008 to International and North America. In 2007, our reportable segments were Brink's and BHS. Our International segment includes three distinct regions: EMEA, Latin America and Asia Pacific. Our North America segment includes operations in the U.S. and Canada.

We believe that Brink's has significant competitive advantages including:

- brand name recognition
- reputation for a high level of service and security
- risk management and logistics expertise
- global infrastructure and customer base
- proprietary cash processing and information systems
- high-quality insurance coverage and general financial strength.

We focus our time and resources on service quality, protecting and strengthening our brand, and addressing our risks. We are a premium provider of services in most of the markets we serve. Our marketing and sales efforts are enhanced by the "Brink's" brand, so we seek to protect and build its value. Since our services focus on handling, transporting, protecting, and managing valuables, we strive to understand and manage risk. Overlaying our approach is an understanding that we must be disciplined and patient enough to charge prices that reflect the value provided, the risk assumed and the need for an adequate return for our investors.

Business environments around the world change constantly. We must adapt to changes in competitive landscapes, regional economies and each customer's level of business. We balance underlying business risk and the effects of changing demand on the utilization of our resources. As a result, we operate largely on a decentralized basis so local management can react quickly to changes in the business environment.

We measure financial performance on a long-term basis. The key financial factors on which we focus are:

- Return on capital
- Revenue and earnings growth
- Cash flow generation

These and similar measures are critical components of our incentive compensation plans and performance evaluations.

Because of our emphasis on managing risks while providing a high level of service, we believe Brink's spends more than its competitors on training and retaining employees, as well as on facilities. As a result, we focus our marketing and selling efforts on customers who appreciate the value and breadth of our services, information capabilities, risk management and financial strength.

In order to earn an adequate return on capital, we focus on the effective and efficient use of resources as well as appropriate pricing levels. We attempt to maximize the amount of business that flows through our branches, vehicles and systems in order to obtain the lowest costs possible without compromising safety, security or service. Due to our higher investment in people and processes, we generally charge higher prices than competitors that do not provide the same level of service and risk management.

Despite an extremely challenging business environment in 2008 we achieved an increase in segment operating profit of 40 basis points. We expect 2009 organic revenue growth in the mid to high single-digit range, with a segment operating profit margin close to 8%. We define organic revenue growth as revenue growth excluding changes in revenue earned from newly acquired businesses and changes in revenue due to changes in currency exchange rates. We are targeting long-term organic revenue growth in the high single-digit percentage range and segment operating margin improvement of 50 basis points per year, but these long-term goals depend on an economic recovery. Our goal is to eventually achieve a 10% segment operating margin when economic conditions improve.

The industries we serve have been consolidating. As a result, the demands and expectations of customers in these industries have grown. Customers are increasingly seeking suppliers, such as Brink's, with broad geographic solutions, sophisticated outsourcing capabilities and financial strength.

Our operating results may vary from period to period. Since revenues are generated from charges per service performed or based on the value of goods transported, they can be affected by both the level of economic activity and the volume of business for specific customers. As contracts generally run for one or more years, costs are incurred to prepare to serve, or to transition away, from a customer. We also periodically incur costs to reduce operations when volumes decline, including costs to reduce the number of employees and close or consolidate branch and administrative facilities. In addition, safety and security costs can vary depending on performance, cost of insurance coverage, and changes in crime rates (i.e. attacks and robberies).

Cash Logistics is a fully integrated solution that proactively manages the supply chain of cash from point-of-sale through bank deposit. The process includes cashier balancing and reporting, deposit processing and consolidation, and electronic information exchange (including "same-day" credit capabilities). Retail customers use Brink's Cash Logistics services to count and reconcile coins and currency in a secure environment, to prepare bank deposit information, and to replenish customer coins and currency in proper denominations.

Because Cash Logistics involves a higher level of service and more complex activities, customers are charged higher prices, which result in higher margins. The ability to offer Cash Logistics to customers differentiates Brink's from many of its competitors. As a result, management is focused on continuing to grow Cash Logistics revenue.

Brink's revenues and related operating profit are generally higher in the second half of the year, particularly in the fourth quarter, because of generally increased economic activity associated with the holiday season. Conversely, margins are typically lower in the first half of the year.

On October 31, 2008, we completed the tax-free spin-off of Brink's Home Security Holdings, Inc. ("BHS"), our former monitored security business in North America. On August 5, 2007, we sold our domestic cash handling operations in the United Kingdom. On January 31, 2006, we sold BAX Global Inc. ("BAX Global"), a wholly owned freight transportation subsidiary, for approximately \$1 billion in cash and recorded a pretax gain of approximately \$587 million. See "Discontinued Operations" for a description of the transactions and see "Liquidity and Capital Resources" for a description of the effect of these dispositions on our cash flow and financial position. We have reported the earnings and cash flows of these operations within discontinued operations for all periods presented.

We have significant liabilities associated with our former operations, primarily related to retirement plans, which are partially funded by plan trusts. These trusts sustained market losses during the second half of 2008. As a result, our net liabilities at December 31, 2008, increased substantially compared to the prior year. We expect expenses related to these plans will increase in 2009 as a result of these market losses.

Information about our liabilities related to former operations is contained in the following sections of this report:

- Results of Operations – Higher Projected Expenses Related to U.S. Retirement Plans on page 26
- Liquidity and Capital Resources – Contractual Obligations on page 43
- Application of Critical Accounting Policies on pages 45-52
- Notes 3, 16 and 20 to the consolidated financial statements, which begin on page 76

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### Overview of Results

(In millions)	Years Ended December 31,			% change	
	2008	2007	2006	2008	2007
Income from:					
Continuing operations	\$ 131.8	78.4	53.1	68	48
Discontinued operations	51.5	58.9	534.1	(13)	(89)
Net income	\$ 183.3	137.3	587.2	34	(77)

The income items in the above table are reported after tax.

#### Continuing Operations

##### 2008

Income from continuing operations was higher in 2008 compared to 2007 primarily due to a \$48.6 million improvement in segment operating profit driven by strong organic profit growth in our international operations. We also benefited from a \$12.4 million gain on the sale of certain assets of our former coal operations, lower expense related to retirement plans, and a lower effective income tax rate. These improvements were partially offset by lower profits in North America, higher corporate expense, increased minority expenses, and an other-than-temporary impairment of our marketable securities.

Compared to 2008, our income from continuing operations in 2009 is expected to be adversely affected by several factors including the continuing global economic slowdown, the absence of profitable work performed in 2008 related to the completed currency conversion project, and higher expenses related to our retirement plans. Offsetting factors include an improving competitive landscape in North America and customer outsourcing initiatives, and lower expected corporate expenses.

##### 2007

Income from continuing operations was higher in 2007 compared to 2006 primarily due to a \$39.2 million improvement in segment operating profit driven by our international operations and lower expenses related to former operations. International segment operating profit increased primarily due to growth in Latin America, improved performance in Europe and lower safety and security costs worldwide. Interest expense decreased in 2007 as a result of reduced debt levels. The effective tax rate for 2007 was approximately 1.2 percentage points lower than 2006 largely because of a change in the mix of earnings by jurisdiction.

#### Discontinued Operations

Income from discontinued operations includes the results of businesses that we have spun off or sold.



**Consolidated Review**

<i>(In millions)</i>	Years Ended December 31,			% change	
	2008	2007	2006	2008	2007
<b>Revenues:</b>					
International	\$ 2,231.3	1,848.3	1,524.3	21	21
North America	932.2	886.3	830.0	5	7
<b>Revenues</b>	<b>3,163.5</b>	<b>2,734.6</b>	<b>2,354.3</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>Operating profit:</b>					
International	215.0	152.9	114.2	41	34
North America	56.9	70.4	69.9	(19)	1
Segment operating profit	271.9	223.3	184.1	22	21
Corporate expense, net	(55.3)	(48.4)	(46.9)	14	3
Former operations	11.9	(13.9)	(26.5)	NM	(48)
<b>Operating profit</b>	<b>228.5</b>	<b>161.0</b>	<b>110.7</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>45</b>
Interest expense	(12.0)	(10.8)	(12.0)	11	(10)
Interest and other income, net	8.1	10.5	16.9	(23)	(38)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes and minority interest	224.6	160.7	115.6	40	39
Provision for income taxes	53.0	59.5	44.2	(11)	35
Minority interest	39.8	22.8	18.3	75	25
<b>Income from continuing operations</b>	<b>131.8</b>	<b>78.4</b>	<b>53.1</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>48</b>
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	51.5	58.9	534.1	(13)	(89)
<b>Net income</b>	<b>\$ 183.3</b>	<b>137.3</b>	<b>587.2</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>(77)</b>

**Segment revenue and operating profit**

Revenues in 2008 were higher compared to 2007 as a result of a combination of the effects of organic revenue growth and favorable changes in currency exchange rates. Organic revenue growth includes revenues from the "conversion project" (discussed below). Segment operating profit was higher due to improved performance from our International segment including significant operating profit from the conversion project in the first half of 2008, partially offset by lower results from our North America segment.

Compared to 2008, income from continuing operations in 2009 is expected to be adversely affected by several factors, including:

- the effects of the current global economic slowdown,
- the completion in 2008 of the currency conversion project in Venezuela, which generated \$51 million in revenues,
- higher expenses related to retirement plans (see page 26 for more information),
- a higher tax rate as a result of valuation allowance reversals that occurred in 2008, which are not anticipated in 2009, and
- potential unfavorable changes in foreign currency exchange rates, including measures taken by governments to devalue official currency exchange rates.

Offsetting these factors, our income from continuing operations in 2009 may be positively affected compared to 2008 by several factors, including:

- increased opportunities in North America given an improving competitive landscape
- an acceleration of outsourcing and cost reduction efforts by customers due to the weak economy, which may improve demand for our value-added cash logistics services.

Revenues in 2007 increased from 2006 primarily due to growth in existing operations with particularly strong growth in our International segment. Exchange rate fluctuations affected reported revenues favorably in 2007 compared to 2006. Operating profit was higher in 2007 compared to 2006, largely due to stronger performance in our International segment and lower safety and security costs. In addition, operating profit benefited from the weaker U.S. dollar.

**Corporate expense, net**

Corporate expense, net, was higher in 2008 compared to 2007 as a result of costs incurred to consider various strategic alternatives, which ultimately resulted in the decision to spin off BHS. Corporate expense, net, also increased due to foreign currency transaction losses related primarily to the remeasurement of foreign currency-denominated intercompany dividends. The increase in expense was partially offset by higher royalty income from BHS after the spin-off. Corporate expense, net, in 2009 is expected to decrease more than one-third from 2008.

Corporate expense, net, in 2007 was higher than 2006 as a result of professional, legal and advisory fees incurred related to initiatives by certain of our shareholders and a proxy contest initiated by MMI Investments, L.P., one of our shareholders, over board of director candidates that were elected at the 2008 annual meeting.

**Former Operations**

Results of our former operations in 2008 improved compared to 2007 primarily due to a \$12.4 million gain on the sale of certain assets of our former coal operations as well as lower expenses related to retirement plans.

Expenses related to former operations in 2007 were \$12.6 million lower than 2006 due to lower expenses related to retirement plans.

**Income Taxes**

Our effective tax rate on income from continuing operations was 23.6% in 2008, 37.0% in 2007 and 38.2% in 2006. The effective tax rate varied from statutory rates in these periods primarily due to the geographical mix of earnings, changes in valuation allowances for deferred tax assets and state income taxes.

We currently estimate our 2009 effective tax rate will be between 30% and 33%, although the actual 2009 effective tax rate could be materially different from this estimate.

**Discontinued Operations**

On October 31, 2008, we completed the tax-free spin-off of BHS. On August 5, 2007, we sold our United Kingdom domestic cash handling operations. On January 31, 2006, we sold BAX Global for approximately \$1 billion in cash resulting in a pretax gain of approximately \$587 million. All three of these operations have been reported within discontinued operations for all periods presented.

Revisions to estimated amounts related to contingent liabilities of our former operations, including those related to obligations under the *Coal Industry Retiree Health Benefit Act of 1992* (the "Health Benefit Act"), are recorded in discontinued operations.

In 2006, we recognized:

- a \$148.3 million pretax benefit primarily as a result of a 2006 federal law amending the Health Benefit Act that reduced our obligation for healthcare and death benefits for former coal miners, and
- a \$9.9 million pretax benefit on the settlement of liabilities related to two coal industry multi-employer pension plans.

### Higher Projected Expenses Related to U.S. Retirement Plans

Our most significant retirement plans include our primary U.S. pension plan and the retiree medical plans of our former coal business that were collectively bargained with the United Mine Workers of America (the "UMWA"). The market value of the investments used to pay benefits for these retirement plans significantly declined in 2008. As a result of this, our 2009 expense related to our U.S. retirement plans is expected to increase by approximately \$36.5 million from 2008 levels (see tables below).

The projected expenses in the following tables are based on a variety of estimates, including actuarial assumptions as of December 31, 2008, as described in the Application of Critical Accounting Policies and in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. These estimated amounts will change in the future to reflect payments made, investment returns, actuarial revaluations, and other changes in estimates. Actual amounts could differ materially from the estimated amounts. See the Application of Critical Accounting Policies on pages 47 to 51 for a sensitivity analysis of how our results could have been different had we selected different assumptions or accounting policies. See the Contractual Obligations table on page 43 for future contributions and cash outflows.

#### Actual and Projected Expenses (Income) related to U.S. Retirement Plans

(In millions) Years Ending December 31,	Actual Expense (Income)			Projected Expense (Income)				
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Primary U.S. pension plan	\$ 6.9	2.5	(12.8)	(2.0)	9.5	15.9	21.1	23.6
UMWA Plans	12.7	4.0	0.6	26.3	26.2	26.3	26.5	26.9
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 19.6</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>(12.2)</b>	<b>24.3</b>	<b>35.7</b>	<b>42.2</b>	<b>47.6</b>	<b>50.5</b>
Included in:								
Segment operating profit - North America	\$ 2.6	1.0	(4.9)	(0.7)	3.7	6.2	8.1	9.1
Corporate expenses, net	0.2	0.1	(0.3)	(0.1)	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5
Former operations, net (a)	16.5	5.3	(6.4)	25.1	31.8	35.7	39.1	40.9
Discontinued operations (a)	0.3	0.1	(0.6)	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 19.6</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>(12.2)</b>	<b>24.3</b>	<b>35.7</b>	<b>42.2</b>	<b>47.6</b>	<b>50.5</b>

(a) Discontinued operations in 2006, 2007 and 2008 include pension expense allocated to BHS. In future years, these will be recorded in continuing operations within former operations, net.

## Segment Operating Results

### 2008

#### Overview

Revenues were 16% higher (12% on a constant-currency basis) compared to 2007 primarily as a result of organic revenue growth in Latin America, including revenues from the conversion project. Segment operating profit in 2008 was higher than in 2007 primarily as a result of strong performance in Latin America, including conversion project activities, partially offset by lower results in North America.

(In millions)	Years Ended December 31,			Percentage Change		
	2007	Constant-Currency Change	Currency Change	2008	As Reported	Constant-Currency
<b>Revenues:</b>						
International	\$ 1,848.3	285.5	97.5	2,231.3	21	15
North America	886.3	45.1	0.8	932.2	5	5
<b>Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 2,734.6</b>	<b>330.6</b>	<b>98.3</b>	<b>3,163.5</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>Operating profit:</b>						
International	\$ 152.9	58.0	4.1	215.0	41	38
North America	70.4	(13.6)	0.1	56.9	(19)	(19)
<b>Segment operating profit</b>	<b>\$ 223.3</b>	<b>44.4</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>271.9</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>20</b>

#### International

Revenues increased in 2008 over 2007 in all regions. Revenue increases in EMEA and Latin America were primarily the result of organic revenue growth (including the conversion project) and favorable changes in currency exchange rates. Operating profit in 2008 was higher than 2007 primarily due to the effects of strong volumes in Latin America, including the conversion project. Operating profit in EMEA was higher than 2007 primarily due to favorable changes in currency exchange rates and improved operating results in some countries.

International operating profit in 2009 will be negatively affected by the absence of the highly profitable conversion project.

**EMEA.** Revenues increased 14% (8% on a constant-currency basis) to \$1,358.9 million in 2008 from \$1,191.5 million in 2007. Revenues increased as a result of both organic revenue growth and favorable changes in currency exchange rates. Operating profit increased compared to the prior-year period due to favorable changes in currency exchange rates and improved operating results in some countries despite higher labor costs and the overall economic slowdown caused by the global financial crisis, which resulted in decreased volumes as well as recessionary and competitive pricing pressures. The improvement in operating profit also reflects the strong performance of Global Services and lower security costs. We expect pressure on our European operating profit in 2009 as a result of the difficult economic situation and the competitive environment.

**Latin America.** Revenues increased 35% (32% on a constant-currency basis) to \$800.6 million in 2008 from \$594.2 million in 2007. Revenues increased primarily due to higher volumes across the region (including significant volumes from the conversion project), normal inflationary price increases and favorable changes in currency exchange rates. Operating profit in 2008 was significantly higher than in 2007 as a result of the effects of the conversion project and solid improvement in Brazil and Argentina.

#### The Conversion Project

Venezuela changed its national currency from the bolivar to the bolivar fuerte on January 1, 2008, and Brink's performed additional cash handling services to assist in the conversion. We recognized approximately \$51 million in incremental revenues during 2008 associated with the conversion project. The conversion project activities utilized existing assets, personnel and other resources which also serviced normal operations.

*Asia-Pacific.* Revenues increased 15% (13% on a constant-currency basis) to \$71.8 million in 2008 from \$62.6 million in 2007. Operating profit in 2008 was higher than in 2007, reflecting improvements in our Global Services operations.

*North America*

Revenues increased 5% to \$932.2 million in 2008 compared to \$886.3 million in 2007. Revenues increased primarily in CIT services, driven mainly by higher volumes rather than higher prices. Operating profit in 2008 decreased \$13.5 million compared to 2007 due largely to higher spending on labor, fuel, selling, general and administrative expenses and employment-related legal settlement expenses, partially offset by lower expense related to U.S. retirement plans and the benefit of reductions in postretirement benefit obligations in Canada. Expenses allocated to North America related to the primary U.S. pension plan are expected to increase by \$4.2 million in 2009.

**2007**

*Overview*

Revenues at Brink's were 16% higher in 2007 compared to 2006 primarily as a result of a combination of the effects of organic revenue growth, and favorable changes in currency exchange rates. Operating profit in 2007 was higher than 2006 largely as a result of strong performance in Latin America, particularly in Venezuela, Brazil and Colombia, improved performance in Europe and lower safety and security costs.

(In millions)	Years Ended December 31,				Percentage Change	
	2006	Constant-Currency		2007	As Reported	Constant-Currency
		Change	Currency Change			
<b>Revenues:</b>						
International	\$ 1,524.3	190.6	133.4	1,848.3	21	13
North America	830.0	47.1	9.2	886.3	7	6
<b>Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 2,354.3</b>	<b>237.7</b>	<b>142.6</b>	<b>2,734.6</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>Operating profit:</b>						
International	\$ 114.2	30.7	8.0	152.9	34	27
North America	69.9	-	0.5	70.4	1	-
<b>Segment operating profit</b>	<b>\$ 184.1</b>	<b>30.7</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>223.3</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>17</b>

*International*

Revenues increased in 2007 over 2006 in all regions except for Asia-Pacific. Increased revenues in EMEA and Latin America were primarily the result of organic revenue growth and favorable changes in currency exchange rates. Revenue decreased in Asia-Pacific primarily due to the loss of a major customer in Australia during the second quarter of 2006. International operating profit in 2007 was higher due to the effects of strong volumes in Latin America.

*EMEA.* Revenues increased to \$1,191.5 million in 2007 from \$1,003.1 million in 2006, an increase of \$188.4 million or 19% (9% on a constant-currency basis) largely as a result of organic revenue growth and favorable changes in currency exchange rates.

Operating profit increased 24% in 2007 compared to 2006 due to improved results in several countries, partially offset by \$2.1 million of impairment charges recorded on long-lived assets and \$2.4 million of restructuring charges.

*Latin America.* Revenues increased to \$594.2 million in 2007 from \$454.2 million in 2006, an increase of 31% (24% on a constant-currency basis). This increase was due primarily to price increases in economies with relatively higher levels of inflation and higher volumes. Increases in volume were a reflection of the overall improvement in Latin American economies. Operating profit in 2007 was 38% higher than in 2006 due to the above-mentioned price and volume increases, and cost reduction and productivity improvements across the region.

*Asia-Pacific.* Revenues decreased to \$62.6 million in 2007 from \$67.0 million in 2006, a decrease of 7% (9% on a constant-currency basis). This decrease was primarily due to the loss of Australia's largest customer during the second quarter of 2006, partially offset by stronger performance in Hong Kong, Taiwan and Japan.

We restructured our Australian operation in 2006 after the loss of the customer and recorded charges of \$4.6 million. The charges principally related to employee severance payments and lease obligations for closed branches. Operating profit in 2007 was slightly lower than 2006, excluding the restructuring charges.

*North America*

Revenues increased in 2007 compared to 2006 primarily as the result of improvements in all service lines, except U.S. Global Services. Operating profit in 2007 was higher than 2006 as increased operating profit in Canada on higher revenues was partially offset by lower operating profit in the U.S. as a result of increased expenses for sales and marketing, and a lower operating profit contribution from U.S. Global Services operations. Operating profit in 2007 included \$1.0 million of other operating income in the U.S. for final settlement of business interruption claims related to Hurricane Katrina.

**Supplemental Revenue Analysis – Organic Revenue Growth**

<i>(In millions)</i>	Year Ended December 31,	% change
2006 Revenues	\$ 2,354.3	11
Effects on revenue of:		
Organic revenue growth	212.9	9
Acquisitions and dispositions, net	24.8	1
Changes in currency exchange rates	142.6	6
2007 Revenues	2,734.6	16
Effects on revenue of:		
Organic revenue growth (a)	313.3	11
Acquisitions and dispositions, net	17.3	1
Changes in currency exchange rates	98.3	4
2008 Revenues	\$ 3,163.5	16

(a) Excluding \$51 million of revenue from the completed currency conversion project in Venezuela, organic revenue growth for the year ended December 31, 2008, was 10%.

**Corporate Expense, Net**

<i>(In millions)</i>	Years Ended December 31,			% change	
	2008	2007	2006	2008	2007
General and administrative	\$ 44.5	45.3	47.2	(2)	(4)
Currency exchange transaction (gains) losses, net	8.4	(0.5)	-	NM	NM
Strategic reviews and proxy matters	4.8	3.6	-	33	NM
Pension and other postretirement costs	0.4	1.3	1.4	(69)	(7)
Royalty Income:					
Brand Licensing to BHS	(1.1)	-	-	NM	-
Other	(1.7)	(1.3)	(1.7)	31	(24)
<b>Corporate expense, net</b>	<b>\$ 55.3</b>	<b>48.4</b>	<b>46.9</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>3</b>

Corporate expense, net, in 2008 was higher than 2007 as a result of foreign currency transaction losses, primarily related to the remeasurement of foreign currency-denominated intercompany dividends, and costs incurred to consider various strategic alternatives, which ultimately resulted in the decision to spin-off our monitored security business. These factors were partially offset by higher royalty income. For the use of our brand, we earn a licensing fee from BHS equal to 1.25% of BHS' net revenues during the three years ending October 31, 2011, unless the licensing agreement is terminated before the three-year period elapses. Assuming the agreement is not terminated early, we expect that the royalties could range from \$6 million to \$7 million in each of 2009 and 2010, and \$5 million to \$6 million in 2011.

In 2009, corporate expense, net, is expected to decrease by more than one-third from 2008. The expected decline is primarily due to the non-recurrence of costs related to strategic reviews and proxy matters, reduced currency exchange transaction losses, a full year of royalty income from the licensing agreement with BHS and cost control actions. The cost control actions include reduction of discretionary expenditures, elimination of certain positions in our headquarters, freezing the salaries of our top executives and reducing fees paid to vendors.

Corporate expense, net, in 2007 was higher than 2006 as a result of professional, legal and advisory fees incurred related to initiatives by certain of our shareholders and a proxy contest initiated by MMI Investments, L.P., one of our shareholders, over board of director candidates that were elected at the 2008 annual meeting.

## Former Operations, Net

(In millions)	Years Ended December 31,			% change	
	2008	2007	2006	2008	2007
Gain on sale of coal assets	\$ (13.1)	(0.4)	0.7	200+	NM
Retirement plans:					
Primary U.S. pension plan	(7.0)	1.3	3.8	NM	(66)
UMWA plans	0.6	4.0	12.7	(85)	(69)
Black lung and other plans	3.4	4.4	4.3	(23)	2
Administrative, legal and other, net	4.2	4.6	5.0	(9)	(8)
Former operations expense (income), net (a)	\$ (11.9)	13.9	26.5	NM	(48)

(a) included in continuing operations.

Results of our former operations in 2008 were significantly better than last year primarily due to a \$12.4 million gain on the sale of certain assets of our former coal operations. Additionally, expenses were less due to lower costs related to pension and retirement medical plans. Expenses in 2009 related to these obligations are expected to increase significantly primarily due to the decline in the market value of plan assets in 2008 (see page 26 for more information). Information about cash funding requirements of the plan is available in the Contractual Obligations table on page 43.

Expenses from former operations decreased in 2007 due to lower expenses related to pension and retirement medical plans.

## Other Operating Income, Net

Other operating income, net, is a component of segment operating profit, corporate expense, net, and former operations, net.

(In millions)	Years Ended December 31,			% change	
	2008	2007	2006	2008	2007
Foreign currency transaction losses, net	\$ (18.1)	(9.5)	(0.9)	91	200+
Gains on sale of operating assets and mineral rights, net	13.1	4.6	0.4	185	200+
Share in earnings of equity affiliates	5.0	3.3	3.3	52	-
Royalty income	2.8	1.3	1.7	115	(24)
Impairment losses	(1.9)	(2.5)	(1.5)	(24)	67
Other	3.7	3.9	3.2	(5)	22
Other operating income, net	\$ 4.6	1.1	6.2	200+	(82)

Other operating income, net, included \$8.6 million of higher foreign currency transaction losses in 2008. The increase was primarily related to the remeasurement of foreign currency-denominated intercompany dividends.

On November 14, 2008, we completed the sale of certain coal assets to Massey Energy Company ("Massey") for \$10.2 million in cash and the buyer's assumption of related leasehold and reclamation liabilities. We recognized a gain of \$12.4 million on this transaction in 2008, and we deferred \$4 million in gains pending the formal transfer of liabilities. Massey has also agreed to purchase other assets and related leasehold rights, pending satisfaction of certain conditions.

As described in the analysis of corporate expense, net, above, we recognized \$1 million of royalty income from BHS in 2008 and expect to receive additional royalties in the next three years unless the agreement is terminated before it expires.



**Nonoperating Income and Expense****Interest Expense**

<i>(In millions)</i>	Years Ended December 31,			% change	
	2008	2007	2006	2008	2007
Interest expense	\$ 12.0	10.8	12.0	11	(10)

Interest expense in 2008 was higher than in 2007 due to higher average debt levels. Interest expense in 2007 was lower than in 2006 due to lower average debt levels. We expect that interest expense will be higher in 2009 due to anticipated higher average debt levels.

**Interest and Other Income, Net**

<i>(In millions)</i>	Years Ended December 31,			% change	
	2008	2007	2006	2008	2007
Interest income	\$ 15.0	8.7	13.9	72	(37)
Other-than-temporary impairment of marketable securities	(7.1)	-	-	NM	-
Dividend income from real estate investment	-	0.5	5.1	(100)	(90)
Senior Notes prepayment make-whole amount	-	-	(1.6)	-	(100)
Other, net	0.2	1.3	(0.5)	(85)	NM
Total	\$ 8.1	10.5	16.9	(23)	(38)

Interest income was higher in 2008 than in 2007 primarily due to higher average levels of cash and cash equivalents, and interest income was lower in 2007 than in 2006 due to lower average levels of marketable securities. Average levels of marketable securities were higher in 2006 as a result of the sale of BAX Global.

In 2008, we recognized a \$7.1 million other-than-temporary impairment loss on marketable securities. We concluded the impairment of the securities was not temporary based on the length of time and the degree to which the fair value had been below the securities' \$26.3 million cost basis.

Dividend income from a real estate investment was higher in 2006 due to higher real estate activity. We do not expect to receive significant dividends on our real estate investment in 2009.

We made a \$1.6 million make-whole payment associated with the prepayment of the Senior Notes in 2006.

**Income Taxes**

Years Ended December 31,	Provision for income taxes			Effective tax rate		
	2008	2007	2006	2008	2007	2006
	<i>(In millions)</i>			<i>(In percentages)</i>		
Continuing operations	\$ 53.0	59.5	44.2	23.6	37.0	38.2
Discontinued operations	45.8	41.5	305.9	47.1	41.3	36.4

**Overview**

Our effective tax rate has varied in the past three years from the statutory U.S. federal rate due to various factors, including:

- changes in judgment about the need for valuation allowances
- changes in the geographical mix of earnings
- timing of benefit recognition for uncertain tax positions
- state income taxes

We establish or reverse valuation allowances for deferred tax assets depending on all available information including historical and expected future operating performance of our subsidiaries. Changes in judgment about the future realization of deferred tax assets can result in significant adjustments to the valuation allowances. Based on our historical and future expected taxable earnings, we believe it is more likely than not that we will realize the benefit of the deferred tax assets, net of valuation allowances.

We currently believe the effective income tax rate in 2009 will be approximately 30% to 33%. The actual 2009 effective tax rate could be materially different from this estimate.

**Continuing Operations****2008**

The effective income tax rate on continuing operations in 2008 was lower than the 35% U.S. statutory tax rate due to a net \$13.6 million decrease in our valuation allowance position in U.S. and non-U.S. jurisdictions as a result of our assessment of historical and future taxable income in these jurisdictions. In addition, there was a \$13.0 million decrease in the non-U.S. tax provision, primarily due to the geographical mix of earnings in the foreign jurisdictions.

**2007**

The effective income tax rate on continuing operations in 2007 was higher than the 35% U.S. statutory tax rate primarily due to a \$6.5 million increase related to a net increase in the valuation allowance for non-U.S. deferred tax assets partly offset by a \$2.3 million decrease in the foreign tax provision primarily due to the geographical mix of earnings in the foreign jurisdictions.

**2006**

The effective income tax rate on continuing operations in 2006 was higher than the 35% U.S. statutory tax rate primarily due to a \$4.9 million net increase in the valuation allowance for non-U.S. deferred tax assets, primarily related to European operations and \$3.4 million of state income tax expense. This was partly offset by a \$2.6 million decrease in the foreign tax provision primarily due to the geographical mix of earnings in the foreign jurisdictions and \$2.1 million of favorable permanent tax benefits related to tax-exempt income.

**Discontinued Operations**

Discontinued operations include the tax provision or benefit associated with former businesses, including the resolution of contingent tax matters.

**2008**

The effective tax rate in 2008 was higher than the 35% U.S. statutory tax rate primarily due to \$3 million of state tax expense related to BHS' operations and \$4.3 million for professional fees related to the BHS spin-off that are not deductible for tax.

**2007**

The effective tax rate in 2007 was higher than the 35% U.S. statutory tax rate due to \$3.4 million of tax benefits not recognized related to losses at Brink's United Kingdom domestic cash handling operations and \$2.2 million of state taxes related to the BHS' operations.

**2006**

The effective tax rate in 2006 was higher than the 35% U.S. statutory tax rate due to \$8.6 million of state taxes and \$3.5 million of tax benefits not recognized related to losses at Brink's United Kingdom domestic cash handling operations.

**Other**

As of December 31, 2008, we have not recorded U.S. federal deferred income taxes on the majority of our undistributed earnings of foreign subsidiaries in accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion 23, *Accounting for Income Taxes – Special Areas*, as amended. We expect that these earnings will be permanently reinvested in operations outside the U.S. It is not practical to compute the estimated deferred tax liability on these earnings.

**Minority Interest**

<i>(In millions)</i>	Years Ended December 31,			% change	
	2008	2007	2006	2008	2007
Minority interest	\$ 39.8	22.8	18.3	75	25

The increase in minority interest in the last two years is primarily due to increases in the earnings of our Venezuelan subsidiaries, which are not wholly owned.

**Discontinued Operations**

(In millions)	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
BHS:			
Results from operations (a)	\$ 105.4	112.9	98.7
Expense associated with the spin-off	(13.0)	-	-
United Kingdom domestic cash handling operations:			
Gain on sale	-	1.5	-
Results from operations (b)	-	(13.9)	(10.0)
BAX Global:			
Gain on sale	-	-	586.7
Results from operations (c)	-	-	7.0
Adjustments to contingent liabilities and assets of former operations:			
Health Benefit Act liabilities	0.2	1.7	148.3
Withdrawal liabilities	-	-	9.9
Other	4.7	(1.8)	(0.6)
Income from discontinued operations before income taxes	97.3	100.4	840.0
Provision for income taxes	45.8	41.5	305.9
Income from discontinued operations	\$ 51.5	58.9	534.1

(a) Revenues of BHS were \$442.4 million in 2008 (partial year), \$484.4 million in 2007 and \$439.0 million in 2006.

(b) Revenues of the United Kingdom domestic cash handling operations were \$28.9 million in 2007 (partial year) and \$44.3 million in 2006.

(c) Revenues of BAX Global were \$230.0 million in 2006 (partial year). In accordance with SFAS 144, *Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets*, BAX Global ceased depreciating and amortizing long-lived assets after November 2005, the date that BAX Global was classified as held for sale. Had BAX Global not ceased depreciation and amortization, its pretax income would have been \$3.3 million lower in 2006.

**BHS Spin-off**

On October 31, 2008, we completed the 100% spin-off of BHS, our former monitored security business in North America. The spin-off of BHS was in the form of a tax-free stock distribution to our shareholders of record as of the close of business on October 21, 2008. We distributed one share of BHS common stock for every share of our common stock outstanding.

We contributed \$50 million in cash to BHS at the time of the spin-off. We also forgave all the existing intercompany debt owed by BHS to us as of the distribution date.

After the spin-off, we reclassified BHS' results of operations, including previously reported results and corporate expenses directly related to the spin-off, within discontinued operations.

**United Kingdom Domestic Cash Handling Operations**

During 2007, we sold Brink's United Kingdom domestic cash handling operations for \$2.2 million in cash and recognized a \$1.5 million gain on the sale. These operations recorded a \$7.5 million impairment charge in 2007, primarily related to writing down leasehold improvements and vehicles to estimated fair value due to the loss of customers. These operations have been reported as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

**BAX Global**

On January 31, 2006, we sold BAX Global, a wholly owned freight transportation subsidiary, for approximately \$1 billion in cash, resulting in a pretax gain of approximately \$587 million (\$375 million after tax). The operating results of BAX Global's operations through the date of sale have been classified as discontinued operations.

**Interest Expense**

Interest expense included in discontinued operations was \$0.3 million in 2008, \$0.6 million in 2007 and \$1.3 million in 2006. Interest expense recorded in discontinued operations includes only interest on third-party borrowings made directly by BHS, BAX Global and Brink's United Kingdom domestic cash handling operations.

**Adjustments to Contingent Assets and Liabilities of Former Operations**

Adjustments to contingent assets and liabilities related to former operations, including those related to reclamation matters, worker's compensation claims, multi-employer pension plan withdrawal liabilities, the Health Benefit Act liabilities and remaining legal contingencies are reported within discontinued operations.

**Health Benefit Act Liabilities.** We are obligated to pay premiums to the United Mine Workers of America Combined Benefit Fund pursuant to rules established by the *Coal Industry Retiree Health Benefit Act of 1992*, as amended (the "Health Benefit Act"). The *Tax Relief and Health Care Act of 2006* (the "2006 Act") substantially reduced our Health Benefit Act obligations and provided elective mechanisms to reduce the impact of joint and several liability on us and our assets. We recorded a \$148.3 million pretax gain within discontinued operations during 2006 primarily due to the effects of the 2006 Act.

**Withdrawal Liabilities.** In 2006, we settled our multi-employer pension withdrawal liabilities related to our former coal operations and made final payments to the plans of \$20.4 million, resulting in a \$9.9 million pretax gain recognized in discontinued operations.

**Foreign Operations**

We operate in approximately 50 countries outside the U.S., each with a local currency other than the U.S. dollar. Because our financial results are reported in U.S. dollars, they are affected by changes in the value of various foreign currencies in relation to the U.S. dollar. Changes in exchange rates may also affect transactions which are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency. From time to time, we use foreign currency forward contracts to hedge transactional risks associated with foreign currencies, as discussed in Item 7A below. At December 31, 2008, no foreign currency forward contracts were outstanding.

Brink's Venezuela is subject to local laws and regulatory interpretations that determine the exchange rate at which repatriating dividends may be converted. See Critical Accounting Policies—Foreign Currency Translation on page 52 for a description of our accounting methods and assumptions used to include our Venezuelan operation in our consolidated financial statements, and a description of the accounting for countries that are considered highly inflationary.

We are also subject to other risks customarily associated with doing business in foreign countries, including labor and economic conditions, political instability, controls on repatriation of earnings and capital, nationalization, expropriation and other forms of restrictive action by local governments. Changes in the political or economic environments in the countries in which we operate could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. The future effects, if any, of these risks cannot be predicted.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

### Overview

Over the last three years, we have used cash generated from our operations and the divestiture of BAX Global and other noncore businesses to repurchase shares and strengthen our balance sheet by reducing debt and making contributions to the Voluntary Employees' Beneficiary Association trust ("VEBA"). Equity decreased in 2008 primarily as a result of the spin-off of BHS and other comprehensive losses associated with the declining value of assets held by retirement plans, partially offset by the generation of \$132 million in income from continuing operations.

The sale of BAX Global in January 2006 provided cash of approximately \$1 billion. In 2006, with the proceeds, we:

- repurchased approximately 12.2 million shares of common stock for approximately \$631 million
- contributed \$225 million to the VEBA designated to pay retiree medical obligations to former coal operations employees
- paid \$60 million to settle outstanding Senior Notes
- significantly reduced other debt
- paid \$67 million of U.S. income tax liability
- paid \$20.4 million to settle obligations related to the withdrawal from two multi-employer pension plans of the former coal operations

### Summary Cash Flow Information

(In millions)	Years Ended December 31,			\$ change	
	2008	2007	2006	2008	2007
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>					
Continuing operations:					
Before contributions to VEBA and primary U.S. pension plan	\$ 254.4	275.0	86.8	\$ (20.6)	188.2
Contributions to VEBA and primary U.S. pension plan	-	(13.0)	(225.0)	13.0	212.0
Subtotal	254.4	262.0	(138.2)	(7.6)	400.2
Discontinued operations:					
BHS	172.7	195.5	175.9	(22.8)	19.6
Brink's United Kingdom domestic cash handling operations	-	(3.5)	(5.5)	3.5	2.0
BAX Global	-	-	5.8	-	(5.8)
Other	-	(0.3)	(5.7)	0.3	5.4
Operating activities	427.1	453.7	32.3	(26.6)	421.4
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>					
Continuing operations:					
Capital expenditures	(165.3)	(141.8)	(113.8)	(23.5)	(28.0)
Net proceeds from disposal of:					
Brink's United Kingdom domestic cash handling operations	-	2.2	-	(2.2)	2.2
BAX Global (a)	-	-	1,010.5	-	(1,010.5)
Acquisitions					
Cash held by BHS at the spin-off date	(50.0)	-	-	(50.0)	-
Purchases of marketable securities, net	(1.0)	(0.5)	(9.6)	(0.5)	9.1
Other	18.9	11.5	5.6	7.4	5.9
Subtotal	(209.1)	(142.0)	878.3	(67.1)	(1,020.3)
Discontinued operations:					
BHS	(150.8)	(175.8)	(163.9)	25.0	(11.9)
Brink's United Kingdom domestic cash handling operations	-	0.3	(1.5)	(0.3)	1.8
BAX Global	-	-	(5.2)	-	5.2
Investing activities	(359.9)	(317.5)	707.7	(42.4)	(1,025.2)
<b>Cash flows before financing activities</b>	<b>\$ 67.2</b>	<b>136.2</b>	<b>740.0</b>	<b>\$ (69.0)</b>	<b>(603.8)</b>

(a) Net of \$90.3 million of cash held by BAX Global at the date of sale.

### Operating Activities

Our operating cash flows decreased by \$26.6 million in 2008 compared to 2007, primarily as a result of \$22.8 million less cash provided by our discontinued BHS operation, which only had ten months of operations in 2008, as well as expenses for professional and legal fees to spin off the operation. In addition, our continuing operations (before voluntary contributions to our U.S. retirement plans) provided \$20.6 million less cash from operations than the prior year. The decrease was primarily due to higher professional, legal and advisory fees for shareholder initiatives, and higher cash usage for working capital needs, partially offset by higher segment operating profit.

We voluntarily contributed \$13 million to our primary U.S. pension plan in 2007, but we have not otherwise contributed cash to the plan since 2004. Recent market conditions reduced the amount of assets in the trust used to pay plan benefits, and as a result, the plan was 59% funded at the end of 2008, compared to 99% funded at the end of 2007. We are not required to make a contribution in 2009 under the minimum funding requirements of the Pension Protection Act of 2006 ("PPA"). However, because of the lower funded status and based on actuarial assumptions at the end of 2008, we expect to contribute \$42 million in 2010 and approximately \$70 million annually from 2011 through 2014 to comply with the PPA. We have included the projected cash flows in our Contractual Obligation table on page 43. The amount of these required contributions may vary as they are subject to potential changes in asset values, discount rates on future obligations, assumed rates of return, and potential legislative action. We may elect to make a discretionary contribution in 2009, thereby reducing future expected contributions.

Our operating cash flow from continuing operations increased by \$400.2 million in 2007 compared to 2006 primarily due to the \$225 million contribution to the VEBA in 2006, partially offset by a \$13 million contribution in 2007 to the primary U.S. pension plan. In addition to this \$212 million decrease in cash outflow for 2007, we had higher operating profit, lower working capital usage and lower cash used to pay income taxes. Also, beginning in 2007, we did not use cash to pay for coal-related retiree benefits. These amounts were instead paid by the VEBA. This improved cash flows from operations in 2007 compared to 2006 because 2006 included \$38 million of direct benefit payments to retirees. In addition, U.S. federal tax payments were \$60 million lower in 2007 compared to 2006 primarily because we paid \$67 million in 2006, principally as a result of the large gain on the sale of BAX Global.

### Investing Activities

Our investing cash flows decreased in 2008 compared to 2007 primarily as a result of \$50 million we contributed to BHS when it was spun off in October 2008.

We had \$23.5 million higher capital expenditures in 2008 primarily for new facilities, cash processing and security equipment, armored vehicles, and information technology. We expect our capital expenditures in 2009 to range from \$165 million to \$175 million, reflecting higher spending on branches, vehicles and safes. We expect our depreciation and amortization to be approximately \$135 million in 2009.

Proceeds from the disposition of assets in 2008 included the sale of certain coal assets for \$10 million, and the total proceeds in 2008 were approximately the same as 2007. Cash flows for acquisitions in 2008 were also approximately the same as 2007. In early 2009, we purchased armored transportation and cash logistics operations in Brazil for \$50 million.

Our investing cash flows decreased by \$1.0 billion in 2007 compared to 2006 primarily as the result of the receipt of approximately \$1 billion from the sale of BAX Global in 2006. Our 2007 investing cash flows included \$28.0 million of higher capital expenditures compared to 2006 and \$2.2 million of cash proceeds related to the disposition of our domestic cash handling operations in the United Kingdom.

Cash used for investing activities for discontinued operations decreased by \$24.7 million in 2008 from 2007 primarily as a result of lower capital expenditures at BHS due to only ten months of activity in 2008 versus a full year in 2007. Cash used for investing activities for discontinued operations increased by \$4.9 million in 2007 from 2006 primarily due to higher capital expenditures by BHS in 2007, partially offset by a decrease resulting from the sale of BAX Global in 2006.

## Financing Activities

### Summary of Financing Activities

(In millions)	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
Net borrowings (repayments) of debt:			
Short-term debt	\$ (4.4)	(23.2)	5.6
Revolving Facility	93.5	(33.5)	(68.3)
Senior Notes	-	-	(76.7)
Other	(12.6)	(5.2)	(9.4)
Net borrowings (repayments) of debt	76.5	(61.9)	(148.8)
Repurchase of common stock	(56.6)	(2.7)	(630.9)
Dividends to:			
Shareholders	(18.2)	(16.5)	(10.1)
Minority interests in subsidiaries	(12.4)	(7.2)	(9.0)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options and other	11.1	18.0	21.0
Discontinued operations, net	-	(14.8)	(5.2)
Cash flows from financing activities	\$ 0.4	(85.1)	(783.0)

During 2008, we purchased 983,800 shares of our common stock at an average cost of \$57.41 per share. The 2008 purchases were settled in 2008 (\$55.7 million) and in January 2009 (\$0.8 million). During 2007, we purchased 60,500 shares of common stock at an average cost of \$60.30 per share. The 2007 purchases were settled in 2007 (\$2.7 million) and in January 2008 (\$0.9 million). During 2006, we used \$630.9 million to purchase 12.2 million shares of our common stock, at an average cost of \$51.80 per share. These shares include 10.4 million shares purchased at \$51.20 per share in a \$530.2 million Dutch auction self-tender offer on April 11, 2006. We incurred \$0.7 million in costs associated with this purchase. The Company also withheld a portion of the shares that were due to employees under deferred compensation distributions and stock option exercises. The shares were withheld to meet the withholding requirements of \$17.6 million.

We made a scheduled payment of \$18.3 million in early 2006 related to our Senior Notes. On March 31, 2006, we prepaid the outstanding \$58.4 million balance of the Senior Notes and made a make-whole payment of \$1.6 million. The Senior Notes were terminated upon prepayment. In addition, we significantly reduced other debt during 2006.

Our operating liquidity needs are typically financed by short-term debt and the Revolving Facility, described below.

### Dividends

Quarterly Dividends Paid (In cents per share)	Quarter				Total
	1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4 <sup>th</sup>	
2006	2.50	6.25(a)	6.25	6.25	21.25
2007	6.25	10.00(b)	10.00	10.00	36.25
2008	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	40.00

(a) The dividend was increased to an annual rate of 25 cents per share beginning with the dividend paid in the second quarter of 2006. The annual dividend rate was 10 cents per share prior to the change.

(b) The dividend was increased to an annual rate of 40 cents per share beginning with the dividend paid in the second quarter of 2007.

On January 22, 2009, the board declared a regular quarterly dividend of 10 cents per share payable on March 2, 2009. Future dividends are dependent on our earnings, financial condition, shareholder equity levels, cash flow and business requirements, as determined by the board of directors.



## Capitalization

We use a combination of debt, leases and equity to capitalize our operations. As of December 31, 2008, debt as a percentage of capitalization (defined as total debt and shareholders' equity) was 47% compared to 10% at December 31, 2007. The increase resulted from a lower level of shareholders' equity and the increase in debt of \$76 million. Equity decreased in 2008 primarily as a result of the spin-off of BHS and other comprehensive losses associated with the declining value of assets held by retirement plans, partially offset by the generation of \$132 million in income from continuing operations.

### Summary of Debt, Equity and Other Liquidity Information

(In millions)	Amount available under credit facilities December 31,		Outstanding Balance December 31,		\$ change (a)
	2008	2008	2007	2007	
Debt:					
Multi-currency revolving facilities	\$ 28	\$ 5.3	4.6	\$ 0.7	
Revolving Facility	293	106.8	19.0	87.8	
Letter of Credit Facility	4	-	-	-	
Dominion Terminal Associates bonds	-	43.2	43.2	-	
Other	-	33.3	45.8	(12.5)	
Debt	\$ 325	\$ 188.6	112.6	\$ 76.0	
Shareholders' equity		\$ 214.0	1,046.3	\$ (832.3)	

(a) In addition to cash borrowings and repayments, the change in the debt balance also includes changes in currency exchange rates and new capital lease agreements.

### Net Debt (Cash) and Reconciliation to GAAP Measures

(In millions)	December 31,		\$ change
	2008	2007	
Short-term debt	\$ 7.2	12.4	(5.2)
Long-term debt	181.4	100.2	81.2
Debt	188.6	112.6	76.0
Less cash and cash equivalents	(250.9)	(196.4)	(54.5)
Net Debt (Cash) (a)	\$ (62.3)	(83.8)	21.5

(a) Net Debt (Cash) is a non-GAAP measure. Net Debt (Cash) is equal to short-term debt plus the current and noncurrent portion of long-term debt ("Debt" in the tables), less cash and cash equivalents.

The supplemental Net Debt (Cash) information is non-GAAP financial information that we believe is an important measure to evaluate our financial leverage. This supplemental non-GAAP information should be reviewed in conjunction with our consolidated balance sheets. Our Net Debt (Cash) position at December 31, 2008, as compared to December 31, 2007, decreased primarily due to \$56 million used for purchases of shares of our common stock, the \$50 million contributed to BHS prior to the spin-off, partially offset by cash generated from operating activities, net of investing activities.

**Debt**

We have an unsecured \$400 million revolving bank credit facility (the "Revolving Facility") with a syndicate of banks. The Revolving Facility's interest rate is based on LIBOR plus a margin, prime rate, or competitive bid. The Revolving Facility allows us to borrow (or otherwise satisfy credit needs) on a revolving basis over a five-year term ending in August 2011. As of December 31, 2008, \$293.2 million was available under the Revolving Facility. Amounts outstanding under the Revolving Facility were denominated primarily in U.S. dollars and lesser amounts in Canadian dollars as of December 31, 2008.

The margin on LIBOR borrowings under the Revolving Facility which can range from 0.140% to 0.575%, depending on our credit rating, was 0.350% at December 31, 2008. When borrowings and letters of credit under the Revolving Facility are in excess of \$200 million, the applicable interest rate is increased by 0.100% or 0.125%. We also pay an annual facility fee on the Revolving Facility based on the our credit rating. The facility fee, which can range from 0.060% to 0.175%, was 0.100% at the end of 2008.

On July 23, 2008, we entered into a definitive agreement for a new unsecured \$135 million letter of credit facility with a bank (the "Letter of Credit Facility") that became effective in the third quarter of 2008. This replaced a previous \$150 million letter of credit facility that was terminated in the third quarter of 2008. The Letter of Credit Facility expires in July 2011. As of December 31, 2008, \$3.6 million was available under the Letter of Credit Facility. The Revolving Facility and the multi-currency revolving credit facilities (described below) are also used for the issuance of letters of credit and bank guarantees.

We have two unsecured multi-currency revolving bank credit facilities with a total of \$50.0 million in available credit, of which approximately \$27.7 million was available at December 31, 2008. Interest on these facilities is based on LIBOR plus a margin. The margin ranges from 0.140% to 0.675%. A \$10 million facility expires in December 2009 and a \$40 million facility expires in December 2011. We also have the ability to borrow from other banks under short-term uncommitted agreements. Various foreign subsidiaries maintain other lines of credit and overdraft facilities with a number of banks.

The Revolving Facility, the Letter of Credit Facility and the two unsecured multi-currency revolving bank credit facilities contain subsidiary guarantees. The Revolving Facility, the Letter of Credit Facility and the multi-currency revolving bank credit facilities also contain various financial and other covenants. The financial covenants, among other things, limit our total indebtedness, limit asset sales, limit the use of proceeds from asset sales and provide for minimum coverage of interest costs. The credit agreements do not provide for the acceleration of payments should our credit rating be reduced. If we were not to comply with the terms of our various loan agreements, the repayment terms could be accelerated and the commitments could be withdrawn. An acceleration of the repayment terms under one agreement could trigger the acceleration of the repayment terms under the other loan agreements. We were in compliance with all financial covenants at December 31, 2008.

We have guaranteed \$43.2 million of bonds issued by the Peninsula Ports Authority of Virginia. The guarantee originated as part of a former interest in Dominion Terminal Associates, a deep water coal terminal. We continue to pay interest on and guarantee payment of the \$43.2 million principal amount and ultimately we will have to pay for the retirement of the bonds in accordance with the terms of the guarantee. The bonds bear a fixed interest rate of 6.0% and mature in 2033. The bonds may mature prior to 2033 upon the occurrence of specified events such as the determination that the bonds are taxable or if we fail to abide by the terms of its guarantee.

Based on our current cash on hand, amounts available under our credit facilities and current projections of cash flows from operations, we believe that we will be able to meet our liquidity needs for more than the next 12 months.

**Equity**

At December 31, 2008, we had 100 million shares of common stock authorized and 45.7 million shares issued and outstanding.

**Share Purchases**

*2007 Program.* On September 14, 2007, our board of directors authorized the purchase of up to \$100 million of our outstanding common shares. The repurchase authorization does not have an expiration date. Under the program, we used \$56.3 million to purchase 883,800 shares of common stock between December 5, 2007, and May 2, 2008, at an average price of \$63.67 per share. We used an additional \$3.9 million to purchase 160,500 shares of common stock in the fourth quarter of 2008, at an average price of \$24.03 per share. Through February 4, 2009, we used an additional \$6.1 million to purchase 234,456 shares of common stock at an average price of \$26.20 per share. As of February 4, 2009, we had \$33.7 million under this program available to purchase shares.

**2006 Program.** Following the self-tender offer, the board authorized additional Company common stock purchases of up to \$100 million from time to time as market conditions warranted and as covenants under existing agreements permitted. The program did not require any specific number of shares be purchased. Under the program, we used \$100 million to purchase 1,823,118 shares of common stock between May 22 and October 5, 2006, at an average price of \$54.85 per share. We have no remaining authority under this program.

**Dutch Auction**

On March 8, 2006, our board of directors authorized a "Dutch auction" self-tender offer to purchase up to 10 million shares of our common stock. Under certain circumstances up to an additional 2% of the outstanding common stock was authorized to be purchased in the tender offer. The tender offer began on March 9, 2006, and expired on April 6, 2006, and was subject to the terms and conditions described in the offering materials mailed to our shareholders and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. On April 11, 2006, we purchased 10,355,263 shares in the tender offer at \$51.20 per share for a total of approximately \$530.2 million in cash. We incurred \$0.7 million in costs associated with the purchase.

**Dividends**

We paid regular quarterly dividends on our Common Stock during the last three years. On January 22, 2009, the board declared a regular quarterly dividend of 10 cents per share payable on March 2, 2009. Future dividends are dependent on the earnings, financial condition, shareholder equity levels, cash flow and business requirements of the Company, as determined by the board of directors.

**Employee Benefits Trust**

In September 2008, we terminated The Brink's Company Employee Benefits Trust (the "Employee Benefits Trust"). Immediately prior to termination, the shares held by the trust were distributed to us and the shares were retired. The purpose of the Employee Benefits Trust (prior to termination) was to hold shares of our common stock to fund obligations under compensation and employee benefit programs that provided for the issuance of stock. After the termination of the trust, newly issued shares are used to satisfy these programs.

Through 2007, shares of common stock were voted by the trustee in the same proportion as the shares of common stock voted by our employees participating in the Company's 401(k) plan. Our 401(k) plan divested all shares of our common stock in January 2008. After the 401(k) plan divested all shares of Company common stock, shares of the trust were not voted in matters voted on by shareholders.

**Preferred Stock**

At December 31, 2008, we have the authority to issue up to 2.0 million shares of preferred stock, par value \$10 per share.

**Series A Preferred Stock Rights Agreement**

On September 25, 2007, the "Expiration Date" occurred under the Amended and Restated Rights Agreement, dated as of September 1, 2003, between us and American Stock Transfer & Trust Company (successor to Equiserve Trust Company, N.A.), as amended by Amendment No. 1 thereto, dated September 25, 2006, between us and American Stock Transfer & Trust Company (the "Rights Agreement"). As a result, the Rights Agreement and the rights issued thereunder expired by their own terms and each share of common stock, par value \$1.00 per share, of the Company no longer is accompanied by a right to purchase, under certain circumstances, one one-thousandth of a share of Series A Participating Cumulative Preferred Stock of the Company. Prior to expiration, the Rights Agreement gave holders of common stock the right to purchase Series A Participating Cumulative Preferred Stock if, among other things, a third-party accumulated more than 15% of the voting rights of all outstanding common stock.

**Off Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We have operating leases that are described in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. See note 13 for operating leases that have residual value guarantees or other terms that cause the agreement to be considered a variable interest. We use operating leases to lower our cost of financings. We believe that operating leases are an important component of our capital structure.

## Contractual Obligations

The following table reflects our contractual obligations as of December 31, 2008.

(In millions)	Estimated Payments Due by Period						Total
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	Later Years	
<b>Contractual obligations:</b>							
Long-term debt obligations	\$ 0.7	0.7	112.7	0.6	0.3	48.3	163.3
Capital lease obligations	7.7	5.7	2.4	0.8	0.4	1.1	18.1
Operating lease obligations	77.2	63.4	50.3	37.2	29.8	65.3	323.2
<b>Purchase obligations:</b>							
Service contracts	8.0	5.5	5.3	0.4	-	-	19.2
Other	2.3	0.1	0.1	-	-	-	2.5
<b>Other long-term liabilities reflected on the Company's balance sheet under GAAP:</b>							
<b>Workers compensation and other claims</b>							
Primary U.S. pension plan	-	42.3	67.7	73.9	77.1	54.0	315.0
<b>Other retirement obligations:</b>							
UMWA plans	-	-	-	-	-	637.5	637.5
Black lung and other plans	6.2	4.9	4.7	4.5	4.4	19.2	43.9
Uncertain tax positions	8.3	-	-	-	-	-	8.3
Other	3.1	1.6	0.9	0.9	0.9	11.5	18.9
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 136.7</b>	<b>135.4</b>	<b>250.2</b>	<b>122.8</b>	<b>116.7</b>	<b>860.3</b>	<b>1,622.1</b>

### Pension Obligations

Recent market losses reduced the amount of plan assets used to pay benefits of our primary U.S. pension plan. The Contractual Obligation table above includes the required contributions to comply with the minimum funding requirements of the Pension Protection Act of 2006 based on actuarial assumptions at the end of 2008. The amount of these required contributions may vary as they are subject to potential changes in asset values, discount rates on future obligations, assumed rates of return, and potential legislative action. We may elect to make voluntary accelerate contributions to achieve certain threshold funding levels.

### Other Retirement Obligations

**UMWA plans.** In 2007, we began using the assets of the VEBA to fund the majority of the benefit payments required under our United Mine Workers of America retirement medical plans. The VEBA plan assets sustained market losses during 2008, and the market value of these assets was \$276 million at the end of 2008. Based on our funding assumptions as of December 31, 2008, we project that the VEBA will be able to pay benefits of the plans for the next eleven years. As a result, we have excluded payments from the Contractual Obligations table during that period. Payments made by the VEBA are expected to range from \$41 million to \$44 million in each of these years. We have included projected payments from corporate funds in the table for these plans after the next eleven years. There are currently no plans to make voluntary contributions to the VEBA.

The Company and certain current and former subsidiaries are jointly and severally liable for approximately \$260 million of retirement obligations. This amount is a portion of the amount that we have included in our financial statements, and is not reduced for amounts that have been contributed to the VEBA. The Company has indemnified BHS and the purchasers of BAX Global and natural resources assets for their contingent obligation.

**Black lung and other plans.** The Contractual Obligations table includes payments projected to be paid with our corporate funds, including payments for black lung benefits of former employees and health benefits of former salaried employees. These benefits cannot be paid with funds from the VEBA.

### Uncertain Tax Positions

At December 31, 2008, we have unrecognized tax benefits of \$19.3 million for uncertain tax positions, pursuant to FASB Interpretation 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes – an interpretation of SFAS 109*. Approximately \$8.3 million of the total amount is reasonably possible to be settled within one year. We are not able to reasonably estimate the timing of other amounts.

## **Surety Bonds and Letters of Credit**

We are required by various state and federal laws to provide security with regard to our obligations to pay workers' compensation benefits, reclaim lands used for mining by our former coal operations and satisfy other obligations. As of December 31, 2008, we had outstanding surety bonds with third parties totaling approximately \$38.6 million that we have arranged in order to satisfy various security requirements. Most of these bonds provide financial security for obligations which have already been recorded as liabilities. Surety bonds are typically renewable on a yearly basis; however, there can be no assurance the bonds will be renewed or that premiums in the future will not increase.

We believe that we have adequate available borrowing capacity under our Letter of Credit Facility and our Revolving Facility to provide letters of credit or other collateral to secure our obligations if the remaining surety bonds are not renewed.

We have issued letters of credit totaling \$131.4 million under our Letter of Credit Facility, described in "Debt" above. At December 31, 2008, all of these issued letters of credit were being used to secure various obligations.

## **Contingent Matters**

### **Income Tax**

We are subject to tax examinations in various U.S. and foreign jurisdictions. We have approximately \$19.3 million of unrecognized tax benefits at December 31, 2008. The amount of the unrecognized tax benefits has been measured in accordance with FASB Interpretation 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes – an interpretation of SFAS 109* ("FIN 48"). The amount of tax benefits ultimately recognized for open tax periods at December 31, 2008, will depend on the final outcome of the various issues that may arise during an examination, and the tax benefit recognized may be materially different from that amount as measured under FIN 48.

### **Former Operations**

BAX Global, a former business unit, is defending a claim related to the apparent diversion by a third party of goods being transported for a customer. Although BAX Global is defending this claim vigorously and believes that its defenses have merit, it is possible that this claim ultimately may be decided in favor of the claimant. If so, we expect that the ultimate amount of reasonably possible unaccrued losses could range from \$0 to \$14 million. We have contractually indemnified the purchaser of BAX Global for this contingency.

### **Value-added taxes ("VAT") and customs duties**

During 2004, we determined that one of our non-U.S. Brink's business units had not paid customs duties and VAT with respect to the importation of certain goods and services. We were advised that civil and criminal penalties could be asserted for the non-payment of these customs duties and VAT. Although no penalties have been asserted to date, they could be asserted at any time. The business unit has provided the appropriate government authorities with an accounting of unpaid customs duties and VAT and has made payments covering its calculated unpaid VAT. We believe that the range of reasonably possible losses is between \$0.4 million and \$3.0 million for potential penalties on unpaid VAT and have accrued \$0.4 million. We believe that the range of possible losses for unpaid customs duties and associated penalties, none of which has been accrued, is between \$0 and \$35 million. We believe that the assertion of the penalties on unpaid customs duties would be excessive and would vigorously defend against any such assertion. We do not expect to be assessed interest charges in connection with any penalties that may be asserted. We continue to diligently pursue the timely resolution of this matter and, accordingly, we estimate of the potential losses could change materially in future periods. The assertion of potential penalties may be material to our financial position and results of operations.

### **Other**

We are involved in various lawsuits and claims in the ordinary course of business. We are not able to estimate the range of losses for some of these matters. We have recorded accruals for losses that are considered probable and reasonably estimable. We do not believe that the ultimate disposition of any of these matters will have a material adverse effect on our liquidity, financial position or results of operations.

## APPLICATION OF CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The application of accounting principles requires the use of assumptions, estimates and judgments. We make assumptions, estimates and judgments based on, among other things, knowledge of operations, markets, historical trends and likely future changes, similarly situated businesses and, when appropriate, the opinions of advisors with relevant knowledge and experience. Reported results could have been materially different had management used a different set of assumptions, estimates and judgments.

### Deferred Tax Asset Valuation Allowance

Deferred tax assets result primarily from net operating losses and the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial statement and income tax purposes, as determined under enacted tax laws and rates.

### Accounting Policies

We establish valuation allowances in accordance with SFAS 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*, when we estimate it is not more likely than not that a deferred tax asset will be realized. We decide to record valuation allowances primarily based on an assessment of historical earnings and future taxable income that incorporates prudent, feasible tax-planning strategies. We assess deferred tax assets on an individual jurisdiction basis. Changes in tax statutes, the timing of deductibility of expenses or expectations for future performance could result in material adjustments to our valuation allowances, which would increase or decrease tax expense. Our valuation allowances are as follows.

### Valuation Allowances

(In millions)	December 31,	
	2008	2007
U.S.		
Federal	\$ 128.4	-
State	22.6	-
Non-U.S.	32.6	56.0
Total (a)	\$ 183.6	56.0

(a) Includes \$1.1 million of valuation allowances in 2007 related to BHS.

### Application of Accounting Policies

#### U.S. Deferred Tax Assets

Our deferred tax assets before valuation allowances increased significantly in 2008 primarily as a result of higher U.S. retirement obligations. We expect that future taxable income of our U.S. operations will not be sufficient to realize the entire benefit from the future tax deductions associated with these obligations. We therefore have concluded that approximately \$145.5 million of U.S. federal and state net deferred tax assets will not be realized and we have provided a valuation allowance for these assets in other comprehensive income (loss), in accordance with SFAS 109. Also, we concluded that it is uncertain whether we will be able to realize certain deferred tax assets that we had recognized at the beginning of 2008 due to current and future expected losses at the state level. As a result, we established additional valuation allowances of approximately \$5.6 million in 2008 through continuing operations.

#### Non-U.S. Deferred Tax Assets

Due to recent improvements in operating results in certain non-U.S. jurisdictions and our favorable outlook that future operating performance will be sufficiently profitable to realize the deferred tax assets, we reversed approximately \$16.6 million of valuation allowances in 2008 through continuing operations.

## Goodwill, Other Intangible Assets and Property and Equipment Valuations

### Accounting Policies

At December 31, 2008, we had property and equipment of \$534.0 million, goodwill of \$139.6 million and other intangible assets of \$21.1 million, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization. We review these assets for possible impairment using the guidance in SFAS 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*, for goodwill and SFAS 144, *Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-lived Assets*, for other intangible assets and property and equipment. Our review for impairment requires the use of significant judgments about the future performance of our operating subsidiaries. Due to the many variables inherent in the estimates of the fair value of these assets, differences in assumptions could have a material effect on the impairment analyses.

### Application of Accounting Policies

#### *Goodwill*

We review goodwill for impairment annually and whenever events or circumstances make it more likely than not that an impairment may have occurred. Application of the goodwill impairment test requires judgment, including the identification of reporting units, assignment of assets and liabilities to reporting units, assignment of goodwill to reporting units, and determination of the fair value of each reporting unit. We estimate the fair value of each reporting unit using a discounted cash flow methodology. The fair value of each reporting unit is compared to its carrying value to determine if impairment is indicated. Due to a history of profitability and cash flow generation along with expectations for future cash flows, no impairment of goodwill has been identified.

#### *Other Intangible Assets and Property and Equipment*

We review long-lived assets besides goodwill for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the related carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are identifiable cash flows that are largely independent of the cash flows of other groups of assets. To determine whether an impairment has occurred, we compare estimates of the future undiscounted net cash flows of groups of assets to their carrying value.

We recognized a \$7.5 million impairment charge in 2007 prior to selling a portion of our United Kingdom operation. We have had no other significant impairments of property and equipment in the last three years.

## Retirement Benefit Obligations

We provide benefits through defined benefit pension plans and retiree medical benefit plans and under statutory requirements (e.g., black lung and workers' compensation obligations).

### Accounting Policy

We account for retirement benefit obligations under SFAS 87, *Employers' Accounting for Pensions*, as amended, SFAS 106, *Employers' Accounting for Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions*, as amended, SFAS 158, *Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans an amendment of FASB Statements No. 87, 88, 106, and 132(R)*, and SFAS 112, *Employers' Accounting for Postemployment Benefits an amendment of FASB Statements No. 5 and 43*.

The primary benefits are accounted for as follows:

- Pension obligations – SFAS 87, as amended by SFAS 158
- Other retiree obligations – SFAS 106, as amended by SFAS 158
- Workers' compensation obligations – SFAS 112

To account for these benefits, we make assumptions of expected return on assets, discount rates, inflation, demographic factors and changes in the laws and regulations covering the benefit obligations. Because of the inherent volatility of these items and because the obligations are significant, changes in the assumptions could have a material effect on our liabilities and expenses related to these benefits.

Our most significant retirement plans include our primary U.S. pension plan and the retiree medical plans of our former coal business that were collectively bargained with the United Mine Workers of America (the "UMWA"). The critical accounting estimates that determine the carrying values of liabilities and the resulting annual expense are discussed below.



## Application of Accounting Policy

### Discount Rate Assumptions for Plans Accounted under SFAS 87 and SFAS 106

For plans accounted under SFAS 87 and SFAS 106, we discount estimated future payments using discount rates based on market conditions at the end of the year. In general, our liability changes in an inverse relationship to interest rates, i.e. the lower the discount rate, the higher the associated plan obligation.

The discount rate used to measure the present value of our benefit obligations was derived using the cash flow matching method. Under this method, we compare the plans' projected payment obligations by year with the corresponding yields on a hypothetical portfolio of high-quality bonds with similar expected payment streams. Each year's projected cash flows are then discounted back to their present value at the measurement date and an overall discount rate is determined.

We changed our method of estimating our discount rate for our U.S. plans in 2007. In 2007, an average of the discount rates calculated using Mercer Yield Curve and the Citigroup Pension Discount Curve was selected and was rounded to the nearest tenth of a percentage point. In 2008, we simplified our method to use only the Mercer Yield Curve, rounded to the nearest tenth of a percentage point. The discount rate in 2008 determined using our new method would not have changed if we had used our prior method.

Prior to 2007, we selected a discount rate for our plan obligations after reviewing published long-term yield information for a small number of high-quality fixed-income securities (e.g. Moody's Aa bond yields). Our advisors also calculated yields for the broader range of long-term high-quality securities with maturities in line with expected payments.

The discount rates for the U.S. pension plans and retiree medical plans were 6.2% at December 31, 2008, 6.4% at December 31, 2007, and 5.8% at December 31, 2006. The discount rates for the Black Lung obligations were 6.3% at December 31, 2008, 6.1% at December 31, 2007 and 5.8% at December 31, 2006. The average discount rates for plans outside the U.S. were 6.2% at December 31, 2008, 5.5% at December 31, 2007, and 4.8% at December 31, 2006.

### Sensitivity Analysis

The discount rate we select at year end affects the valuations of plan obligations at year end and calculations of net periodic expenses for the following year.

The tables below compare hypothetical plan obligation valuations for our largest plans as of December 31, 2008, actual expenses for 2008 and projected expenses for 2009 assuming we had used discount rates that were one percentage point lower or higher.

#### Plan Obligations at December 31, 2008

<i>(In millions)</i>	Hypothetical 5.2%	Actual 6.2%	Hypothetical 7.2%
Primary U.S. pension plan	\$ 853.0	748.0	662.5
UMWA plans	534.3	483.6	441.0

#### Actual 2008 and Projected 2009 Expense (Income)

<i>(In millions, except percentages)</i>	Hypothetical sensitivity analysis for discount rate assumption			Hypothetical sensitivity analysis for discount rate assumption		
	Actual 2008	1% lower 2008	1% higher 2008	Projected 2009	1% lower 2009	1% higher 2009
Discount rate assumption	6.40%	5.40%	7.40%	6.20%	5.20%	7.20%
Primary U.S. pension plan (a)	\$ (12.8)	(2.4)	(13.2)	\$ (2.0)	7.5	(10.4)
UMWA plans	0.6	2.1	(0.7)	26.3	27.6	25.1

(a) Expense includes continuing and discontinued operations.

**Expected-Return-on-Assets Assumption for Plans Accounted under SFAS 87 and SFAS 106**

Our expected-return-on-assets assumption, which affects our net periodic benefit cost, reflects the long-term average rate of return we expect the plan assets to earn. We select the expected-return-on-assets assumption using advice from our investment advisor and actuary considering each plan's asset allocation targets and expected overall investment manager performance and a review of the most recent long-term historical average compounded rates of return, as applicable. We selected 8.75% as the expected-return-on-assets assumption as of December 31, 2008 and 2007.

Over the last ten years, the annual returns of our primary U.S. pension plan have averaged, on a compounded basis, 0.8%, net of fees, while the 20-year compounded annual return averaged 7.4% and the 25-year compounded annual return averaged 9.1%.

**Sensitivity Analysis**  
*Effect of using different expected-rate-of-return assumptions.* Our 2008 and projected 2009 expense would have been different if we had used different expected-rate-of-return assumptions. For every hypothetical change of one percentage point in the assumed long-term rate of return on plan assets (and holding other assumptions constant), our 2008 and 2009 expense would be as follows.

<i>(In millions, except percentages)</i>	Hypothetical sensitivity analysis for expected- return-on asset assumption			Hypothetical sensitivity analysis for expected- return-on asset assumption		
	Actual 2008	1% lower 2008	1% higher 2008	Projected 2009	1% lower 2009	1% higher 2009
Years Ending December 31,						
Expected-return-on-asset assumption	8.75%	7.75%	9.75%	8.75%	7.75%	9.75%
Primary U.S. pension plan (a)	\$ (12.8)	(6.1)	(19.5)	\$ (2.0)	4.5	(8.5)
UMWA plans	0.6	5.0	(3.8)	26.3	28.9	23.7

(a) Expense includes continuing and discontinued operations.

*Effect of improving or deteriorating actual future market returns.* Our funded status at December 31, 2009, and our 2010 expense will be different from currently projected amounts if our projected 2009 returns are better or worse than the 8.75% return we have assumed.

<i>(In millions, except percentages)</i>	Projected	Hypothetical sensitivity analysis of 2009 asset return better or worse than expected	
		Better return	Worse return
Years Ending December 31,			
Return on investments in 2009	8.75%	17.50%	0%
<i>Funded Status at December 31, 2009</i>			
Primary U.S. pension plan	\$ (318)	(282)	(355)
UMWA plans	(214)	(191)	(236)
<i>2010 Expense</i>			
Primary U.S. pension plan (a)	\$ 9	8	11
UMWA plans	26	23	30

(a) Expense includes continuing and discontinued operations.

*Effect of using fair market value of assets to determine expense.* For our plans accounted for under SFAS 87, we calculate expected investment returns by applying the expected long-term rate of return to the market-related value of plan assets. In addition, our plan asset actuarial gains and losses that are subject to amortization are based on the market-related value.

The market-related value of the plan assets is different from the actual or fair-market value of the assets. The actual or fair-market value is the value of the assets at a point in time that is available to make payments to pensioners and to cover any transaction costs. The market-related value recognizes changes in fair-value from the expected value on a straight-line basis over five years. This recognition method spreads the effects of year-over-year volatility in the financial markets over several years.

Our expenses related to our primary U.S. pension plan would have been different if our accounting policy were to use the fair market value of plan assets instead of the market-related value to recognize investment gains and losses.

<i>(In millions)</i>	Based on market-related value of assets			Hypothetical (a)		
Years Ending December 31,	Actual 2008	Projected 2009	Projected 2010	2008	2009	2010
<i>Expense (Income)</i>						
<b>Primary U.S. pension plan (b)</b>	<b>\$(12.8)</b>	<b>(2.0)</b>	<b>9.5</b>	<b>\$(15.9)</b>	<b>46.0</b>	<b>40.0</b>

(a) Assumes that our accounting policy was to use the fair market value of assets instead of the market-related value of assets to determine our expense related to our primary U.S. pension plan.

(b) Expense includes continuing and discontinued operations.

For our UMWA plans, we calculate expected investment returns by applying the expected long-term rate of return to the fair market value of the assets at the beginning of the year. This method is likely to cause the credit to earnings from the expected return on assets to fluctuate more than the similar credit using the accounting methodology of plans accounted for under SFAS 87.

**Medical Inflation Assumption for Plans Accounted for under SFAS 106**

We estimate the trend in health care cost inflation to predict future cash flows related to our retiree medical plans. Our assumption is based on recent plan experience and industry trends.

For the UMWA plans, our major plans accounted for under SFAS 106, we have assumed a medical inflation rate of 7.6% for 2009, and we project this rate to decline to 5% by 2013. The average annual increase for medical inflation in the plan for the last five years has been below 8%. If we assumed that health care cost trend rates were one percentage point higher in each future year, the plan obligation for the UMWA retiree medical benefit plan would have been approximately \$52.9 million higher at December 31, 2008, and the expense for 2008 would have been \$3.3 million higher. If we had assumed that the future health care cost trend rate would be one percentage point lower, the plan obligation would have been approximately \$45.2 million lower at December 31, 2008, and the related 2008 expenses would have been \$2.8 million lower.

**Workers' Compensation**

Besides the effects of changes in medical costs, worker's compensation costs are affected by the severity and types of injuries, changes in state and federal regulations and their application and the quality of programs which assist an employee's return to work. Our liability for future payments for workers' compensation claims is evaluated annually with the assistance of an actuary.

**Numbers of Participants**

The valuations of all of these benefit plans are affected by the life expectancy of the participants. Accordingly, we rely on actuarial information to predict the number and life expectancy of participants. We use the following mortality table for our major plans.

<b>Plan</b>	<b>Mortality table</b>
UMWA plans	RP-2000 Employee, Annuitant Healthy Blue Collar
Black Lung	RP-2000 Blue Collar
Primary U.S. pension	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Blue Collar

The 2008 number of participants by major plan is as follows:

<b>Plan</b>	<b>Number of participants</b>
UMWA plans	4,913
Black Lung	732
Other	1,908
Primary U.S. pension	21,396

Since the Company is no longer operating in the coal industry, it anticipates that the number of participants in the UMWA retirement medical plan and the number of participants receiving benefits under black lung regulations will decline over time due to mortality. Since the U.S. pension plan has been frozen, the number of its participants should also decline over time.

## Foreign Currency Translation

The majority of our subsidiaries outside the U.S. conduct business in their local currencies. Our financials report results in U.S. dollars, which include the results of these subsidiaries translated using currency exchange rates.

## Accounting Policy

Assets and liabilities of foreign subsidiaries are translated into U.S. dollars using rates of exchange at the balance sheet date. Translation adjustments are recorded in other comprehensive income (loss). Revenues and expenses are translated at rates of exchange in effect during the year. Transaction gains and losses are recorded in net income.

## Application of Accounting Policy

### Dual Exchange Rates

Most of the countries in which our subsidiaries conduct business have one recognized, market-based currency exchange rate. We use these rates to prepare our financial statements. In Venezuela, however, there are two currency exchange rates which may be used to convert local currency into other currencies: an official currency exchange rate and a market rate. The use of the official currency exchange rate to convert dividends into other currencies requires the approval of the government's currency control organization. The market rate, which has historically been substantially lower than the official rate, may be used to obtain other currencies without the approval of the currency control organization.

For our Venezuelan subsidiaries, we prepare our financial statements using the official currency exchange rate, which was 2.15 bolivar fuerte to the U.S. dollar at December 31, 2008. We use the official currency exchange rate because we expect that we will be able to obtain our dividends from Venezuelan operations at this rate. Reported results would have been adversely affected if revenues, operating profits and net assets of Brink's Venezuela had been reported using the market currency exchange rate. Brink's Venezuela held net assets of \$129.6 million at December 31, 2008, including net monetary assets of \$114.4 million.

### Highly Inflationary Accounting

Although we do not operate in any countries that are considered highly inflationary, which is defined as cumulative inflation rates exceeding 100% in the most recent three-year period, it is reasonably possible this may occur in the future. Venezuela's economy has not been considered to be highly inflationary in the past five years, but it is reasonably possible that Venezuela's economy may be considered highly inflationary again at some time in the future.

Subsidiaries operating in highly inflationary countries use the U.S. dollar as the functional currency, and local currency monetary assets are remeasured into U.S dollars, with remeasurement adjustments and other transaction gains and losses recognized in earnings.

## RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

### Adopted Standards

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard ("SFAS") 157, *Fair Value Measurements*. SFAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value under generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosure of fair value measurements. SFAS 157 emphasizes that fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement, and states that a fair value measurement should be determined based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. The Company adopted SFAS 157, effective January 1, 2008, for financial assets and financial liabilities. The implementation of SFAS 157, as it relates to the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities did not have a material effect on the Company's results of operations or financial position.

In February 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position 157-2, *Partial Deferral of the Effective Date of SFAS 157*, which delayed the effective date of SFAS 157 for all nonrecurring fair value measurements of nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities until January 1, 2009. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact, if any, on its nonfinancial assets and liabilities.

The Company adopted SFAS 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Liabilities – Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115*, effective January 1, 2008. SFAS 159 permits entities to choose to measure certain financial assets and liabilities at fair value (the “fair-value option”). Unrealized gains and losses, arising subsequent to the election of the fair-value option, are reported in earnings. The Company did not elect the fair-value option for any existing assets or liabilities upon adoption. Therefore, the implementation of SFAS 159 did not have an effect on the Company’s results of operations or financial position.

The Company adopted FASB Interpretation (“FIN”) 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes – an interpretation of SFAS 109*, effective January 1, 2007. This interpretation clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an entity’s financial statements in accordance with SFAS 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*. It prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for financial statement disclosure of tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return. The adoption of this interpretation increased retained earnings at January 1, 2007, by \$7.0 million.

The Company adopted SFAS 123(R), *Share-Based Payment*, effective January 1, 2006. Prior to adopting SFAS 123(R), the Company accounted for share-based compensation using the intrinsic-value method under Accounting Principles Board Opinion 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees*, as permitted by SFAS 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*, the predecessor to SFAS 123(R). Under the intrinsic-value method no share-based compensation cost was recognized as all options granted had an exercise price equal to the market value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant. SFAS 123(R) eliminates the use of the intrinsic-value method of accounting and requires companies to recognize the cost of employee services received in exchange for awards of equity instruments based on the fair value of those awards. In addition, SFAS 123(R) requires additional accounting and disclosures for the income tax and cash flow effects of share-based payment arrangements.

The Company adopted SFAS 123(R) using the “modified prospective” transition method. Under the modified prospective transition method, the Company began recognizing share-based compensation costs on January 1, 2006, but did not restate prior periods. The amount of compensation cost recognized was computed based on the requirements of SFAS 123(R) for share-based awards granted, modified or settled in 2006, and based on the requirements of SFAS 123 for the unvested portion of awards granted prior to 2006. Under SFAS 123(R), cash flows from the benefit of tax deductions for stock options in excess of compensation cost are classified in the consolidated statements of cash flows as a financing activity. In addition, under SFAS 123(R), the Company did not separately report The Brink’s Company Employee Benefits Trust (the “Employee Benefits Trust”) in its consolidated statement of shareholders’ equity and consolidated balance sheet; it was offset with capital in excess of par value until the Employee Benefits Trust was terminated in 2008. See note 15 for more information.

The Company adopted SFAS 158, *Employers’ Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans – an amendment of FASB Statements No. 87, 88, 106, and 132(R)*, effective December 31, 2006. Prior to the adoption of SFAS 158, the Company accounted for its pension plans under SFAS 87, *Employers’ Accounting for Pensions*, as previously amended, and for its UMWA retiree medical plans and black lung obligations under SFAS 106, *Employers’ Accounting for Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions*, as previously amended. SFAS 158 requires companies to recognize the funded status of a defined benefit retirement plan (other than a multi-employer plan) as an asset or liability in its balance sheet and to recognize changes in funded status through comprehensive income (loss) in the year in which the changes occur. The adoption of SFAS 158 reduced the amount of consolidated equity reported by the Company as of December 31, 2006, by \$162.9 million. In addition, SFAS 158 requires current liability classification when the actuarial present value of benefits payable in the next twelve months exceeds the fair value of plan assets. See note 3 for more information.

The Company adopted Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) Staff Accounting Bulletin 108, effective December 31, 2006, which is codified as SAB Topic 1.N, *Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements*. SAB 108 requires companies to quantify misstatements using both a balance sheet and an income statement approach (“dual method” approach) and to evaluate whether either approach results in an error that is material in light of relevant quantitative and qualitative factors. Prior to the adoption of SAB 108, the Company evaluated errors using only the income statement approach.

The Company had previously identified that it had been incorrectly applying its accounting policy for recording impairment charges upon subscriber disconnects at BHS. Prior to the adoption of SAB 108, the Company determined this incorrect application was not material to the financial statements using the income statement approach. The correction of this application was considered material using the dual method approach due to the impact on the trend of segment operating profit of BHS. Upon adoption of SAB 108, to correctly apply its accounting policy to subscriber disconnects, the Company recorded a \$3.8 million (\$2.4 million after tax) increase to retained earnings in 2006.

**Standards Not Yet Adopted**

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS 141(R), *Business Combinations*. SFAS 141(R) establishes requirements for an acquirer to record the assets acquired, liabilities assumed, and any related noncontrolling interest related to the acquisition of a controlled subsidiary, measured at fair value as of the acquisition date. The Company is required to adopt SFAS 141(R) in the first quarter of 2009. In 2008, the Company expensed all acquisition costs for transactions that were expected to close in 2009. The Company is currently evaluating the further potential impact, if any, of the adoption of SFAS 141(R) on the Company's results of operations and financial position.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS 160, *Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements – An Amendment of ARB No. 51*. SFAS 160 establishes new accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling interest, also known as minority interest, in a subsidiary and for the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. This statement clarifies that a noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary is an ownership interest in the consolidated entity that should be reported as equity in the consolidated financial statements. At December 31, 2008, the Company's minority interest was \$91.3 million. SFAS 160 is effective for the Company beginning in 2009. The Company is still assessing the potential effect of the adoption of SFAS 160 on its results of operations or financial position.

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS 161, *Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008 (the Company's fiscal year 2009). SFAS 161 requires enhanced disclosures about an entity's derivative and hedging activities and thereby improves the transparency of financial reporting. The Company does not believe the adoption of SFAS 161 will have a material impact on its financial statements.

In May 2008, the FASB issued SFAS 162, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles*. This statement identifies the sources of accounting principles and the framework for selecting the principles to be used in the preparation of financial statements that are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the U.S. The Company does not believe the adoption of SFAS 162 will have a material impact on its results of operations or financial position.

In June 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position ("FSP") EITF 03-6-1, *Determining Whether Instruments Granted in Share-Based Payment Transactions Are Participating Securities*, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. FSP EITF 03-6-1 affects entities that accrue cash dividends (whether paid or unpaid) on share-based payment awards during the award's service period for dividends that are nonforfeitable. The FASB concluded that unvested awards containing rights to nonforfeitable dividends are participating securities. Because unvested awards containing such rights are considered participating securities, issuing entities will be required to compute basic and diluted earnings per share under the two-class method. The Company is required to adopt FSP EITF 03-6-1 in the first quarter of 2009. The Company does not believe the adoption of FSP EITF 03-6-1 will have a material effect on its financial statements.

In December 2008, the FASB issued FSP 132(R)-1, *Employers' Disclosures about Postretirement Benefit Plan Assets*, which is effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2009 (the Company's fiscal year 2010). FSP 132(R)-1 requires disclosures about fair value measurements of plan assets that would be similar to the disclosures about fair value measurements required by SFAS 157. The Company is assessing the potential effect of the adoption of FSP 132(R)-1 on its financial statements.

## ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company's operations have activities in approximately 50 countries. These operations expose the Company to a variety of market risks, including the effects of changes in interest rates, commodity prices and foreign currency exchange rates. These financial and commodity exposures are monitored and managed by the Company as an integral part of its overall risk management program.

The Company periodically uses various derivative and non-derivative financial instruments, as discussed below, to hedge its interest rate, commodity prices and foreign currency exposures when appropriate. The risk that counterparties to these instruments may be unable to perform is minimized by limiting the counterparties used to major financial institutions with investment grade credit ratings. The Company does not expect to incur a loss from the failure of any counterparty to perform under the agreements. The Company does not use derivative financial instruments for purposes other than hedging underlying financial or commercial exposures.

The sensitivity analyses discussed below for the market risk exposures were based on the facts and circumstances in effect at December 31, 2008. Actual results will be determined by a number of factors that are not under management's control and could vary materially from those disclosed.

### Interest Rate Risk

The Company uses both fixed and floating rate debt and leases to finance its operations. Floating rate obligations, including the Company's Revolving Facility, expose the Company to fluctuations in cash flows due to changes in the general level of interest rates. Fixed rate obligations, including the Company's Dominion Terminal Associates debt, are subject to fluctuations in fair values as a result of changes in interest rates.

Based on the contractual interest rates on the floating rate debt at December 31, 2008, a hypothetical 10% increase in rates would increase cash outflows by approximately \$0.2 million over a twelve-month period. In other words, the Company's weighted average interest rate on its floating rate instruments was 2.4% per annum at December 31, 2008. If that average rate were to increase by 0.2 percentage points to 2.6%, the cash outflows associated with these instruments would increase by \$0.2 million annually. The effect on the fair value of the Company's Dominion Terminal Associates debt for a hypothetical 10% decrease in the yield curve from year-end 2008 levels would result in a \$3.5 million increase in the fair value of this debt.



## Foreign Currency Risk

The Company has exposure to the effects of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations on the results of all of its foreign operations. The Company's foreign operations generally use local currencies to conduct business but their results are reported in U.S. dollars.

The Company is exposed periodically to the foreign currency rate fluctuations that affect transactions not denominated in the functional currency of domestic and foreign operations. To mitigate these exposures, the Company, from time to time, enters into foreign currency forward contracts. At December 31, 2008, no foreign currency forward contracts were outstanding. The Company does not use derivative financial instruments to hedge investments in foreign subsidiaries since such investments are long-term in nature.

The effects of a hypothetical simultaneous 10% appreciation in the U.S. dollar from year-end 2008 levels against all other currencies of countries in which the Company has continuing operations are as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>		Hypothetical Effects Increase/ (decrease)
Translation of 2008 earnings into U.S. dollars (a)	\$	(18.3)
Transactional exposures (a)		1.0
Translation of net assets of foreign subsidiaries (b)		(53.9)

(a) Reflected in the consolidated statements of income.

(b) Reflected in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss).

The hypothetical foreign currency effects above detail the consolidated impact of a simultaneous change in the value of a large number of foreign currencies relative to the U. S. dollar. The foreign currency exposure impact related to a change in an individual currency could be significantly different.

## THE BRINK'S COMPANY

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

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**MANAGEMENT'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING**

Management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The Company's internal control over financial reporting is designed to provide reasonable assurance to the Company's management and board of directors regarding the preparation and fair presentation of published financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation.

Management assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2008. In making this assessment, management used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in "Internal Control – Integrated Framework." Based on our assessment, we believe that, as of December 31, 2008, the Company's internal control over financial reporting is effective based on those criteria.

KPMG LLP, the independent registered public accounting firm which audits the Company's consolidated financial statements, has issued an attestation report of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. KPMG's attestation report appears on page 59.

**Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

*The Board of Directors and Shareholders  
The Brink's Company:*

We have audited The Brink's Company's (the Company) internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2008, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying *Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audit also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, The Brink's Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2008, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets of The Brink's Company and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income (loss), shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2008, and our report dated March 2, 2009 expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Richmond, Virginia  
March 2, 2009

**Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

*The Board of Directors and Shareholders  
The Brink's Company:*

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of The Brink's Company and subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income (loss), shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2008. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Brink's Company and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2008, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

As disclosed in note 1 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company adopted the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes*, effective January 1, 2007, Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 158, *Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans*, effective December 31, 2006, and Securities and Exchange Commission Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 108, *Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements*, effective December 31, 2006.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), The Brink's Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2008, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework*, issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO), and our report dated March 2, 2009 expressed an unqualified opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Richmond, Virginia  
March 2, 2009

THE BRINK'S COMPANY  
and subsidiaries

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In millions, except per share amounts)	December 31,	
	2008	2007
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 250.9	196.4
Accounts receivable (net of allowance: 2008 – \$6.8; 2007 – \$10.8)	450.7	491.9
Prepaid expenses and other	99.7	93.5
Deferred income taxes	31.1	63.9
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>832.4</b>	<b>845.7</b>
Property and equipment, net	534.0	1,118.4
Goodwill	139.6	141.3
Deferred income taxes	202.6	90.1
Other	107.2	198.8
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 1,815.8</b>	<b>2,394.3</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Short-term borrowings	\$ 7.2	12.4
Current maturities of long-term debt	8.4	11.0
Accounts payable	137.8	171.9
Income taxes payable	21.2	14.9
Accrued liabilities	360.5	429.7
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>535.1</b>	<b>639.9</b>
Long-term debt	173.0	89.2
Accrued pension costs	373.4	58.0
Retirement benefits other than pensions	249.9	104.3
Deferred revenue	-	178.6
Deferred income taxes	21.5	29.8
Minority interest	91.3	68.2
Other	157.6	180.0
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>1,601.8</b>	<b>1,348.0</b>
Commitments and contingent liabilities (notes 3, 4, 11, 13, 16 and 20)		
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock, par value \$1 per share:		
Shares authorized: 100.0		
Shares issued and outstanding: 2008 – 45.7; 2007 – 48.4	45.7	48.4
Capital in excess of par value	486.3	452.6
Retained earnings	310.0	675.8
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):		
Benefit plan experience loss	(603.7)	(146.3)
Benefit plan prior service cost	(4.5)	(7.4)
Foreign currency translation	(20.4)	22.0
Unrealized gains on marketable securities	0.6	1.2
<b>Accumulated other comprehensive loss</b>	<b>(628.0)</b>	<b>(130.5)</b>
<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>	<b>214.0</b>	<b>1,046.3</b>
<b>Total liabilities and shareholders' equity</b>	<b>\$ 1,815.8</b>	<b>2,394.3</b>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

THE BRINK'S COMPANY  
and subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Income

(In millions, except per share amounts)	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
<b>Revenues</b>	\$ 3,163.5	2,734.6	2,354.3
<b>Costs and Expenses:</b>			
Cost of revenues	2,505.1	2,194.9	1,893.4
Selling, general and administrative expenses	434.5	379.8	356.4
Total costs and expenses	2,939.6	2,574.7	2,249.8
Other operating income, net	4.6	1.1	6.2
<b>Operating profit</b>	228.5	161.0	110.7
Interest expense	(12.0)	(10.8)	(12.0)
Interest and other income, net	8.1	10.5	16.9
Income from continuing operations before income taxes and minority interest	224.6	160.7	115.6
Provision for income taxes	53.0	59.5	44.2
Minority interest	39.8	22.8	18.3
<b>Income from continuing operations</b>	131.8	78.4	53.1
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	51.5	58.9	534.1
<b>Net income</b>	\$ 183.3	137.3	587.2
<b>Earnings per common share</b>			
Basic:			
Continuing operations	\$ 2.85	1.68	1.06
Discontinued operations	1.11	1.27	10.69
Net income	3.96	2.95	11.75
Diluted:			
Continuing operations	\$ 2.82	1.67	1.05
Discontinued operations	1.10	1.25	10.58
Net income	3.93	2.92	11.64
<b>Weighted-average shares</b>			
Basic	46.3	46.5	50.0
Diluted	46.7	47.0	50.5

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

THE BRINK'S COMPANY  
and subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)

(In millions)	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
Net income	\$ 183.3	137.3	587.2
Other comprehensive income (loss):			
Benefit plan experience:			
Net experience gains (losses) arising during the year	(501.2)	112.6	-
Tax benefit (provision) related to net experience gains and losses arising during the year	32.7	(40.8)	-
Reclassification adjustment for amortization of prior net experience loss included in net income	11.8	27.1	-
Tax benefit related to reclassification adjustment	(0.7)	(8.9)	-
Benefit plan experience gain (loss), net of tax	(457.4)	90.0	-
Benefit plan prior service credit (cost):			
Prior service credit from plan amendment during the year	3.1	0.1	-
Tax provision related to prior service credit from plan amendment during the year	(0.5)	-	-
Reclassification adjustment for amortization of prior service cost (credit) included in net income	(0.3)	1.3	-
Tax benefit related to reclassification adjustment	0.6	-	-
Benefit plan prior service credit, net of tax	2.9	1.4	-
Minimum pension liability adjustments:			
Adjustments to minimum pension liability	-	-	90.0
Tax provision related to minimum pension liability adjustment	-	-	(31.7)
Reclassification for sale of BAX Global Inc.	-	-	11.1
Minimum pension liability adjustments, net of tax	-	-	69.4
Foreign currency:			
Translation adjustments arising during the year	(44.7)	39.9	29.0
Tax benefit (provision) related to translation adjustments	0.8	(0.1)	(0.1)
Reclassification adjustment for dispositions of businesses	-	(0.1)	(12.9)
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax	(43.9)	39.7	16.0
Marketable securities:			
Unrealized net gains (losses) on marketable securities arising during the year	(7.2)	1.1	2.0
Tax benefit (provision) related to unrealized net gains and losses on marketable securities	2.6	(0.4)	(0.7)
Reclassification adjustment for net (gains) losses realized in net income	6.2	(1.4)	(1.0)
Tax provision (benefit) related to reclassification adjustment	(2.2)	0.5	0.4
Unrealized net gains (losses) on marketable securities, net of tax	(0.6)	(0.2)	0.7
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(499.0)	130.9	86.1
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (315.7)	268.2	673.3

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.



**THE BRINK'S COMPANY**  
and subsidiaries

**Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity**

(In millions)	Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006						The Brink's Company Employee Benefits Trust (a)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total
	Shares (a)	Common Stock	Capital in Excess of Par Value	Retained Earnings					
<b>Balance as of December 31, 2005</b>	58.7	\$ 58.7	530.6	488.0	(55.2)	-	(184.6)	837.5	
Net income	-	-	-	587.2	-	-	-	587.2	
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	86.1	86.1	
Shares repurchased (see note 15):									
"Dutch auction" self-tender offer	(10.4)	(10.4)	(89.0)	(431.5)	-	-	-	(530.9)	
Other	(1.8)	(1.8)	(15.9)	(82.3)	-	-	-	(100.0)	
Dividends (\$0.2125 per share)	-	-	-	(10.1)	-	-	-	(10.1)	
Shares issued to Employee Benefits Trust	2.0	2.0	(2.0)	-	-	-	-	-	
Share-based compensation:									
Stock options:									
Compensation expense (b)	-	-	17.7	-	-	-	-	17.7	
Consideration from exercise of stock options	-	-	18.6	-	-	-	-	18.6	
Excess tax benefit of stock compensation	-	-	6.1	-	-	-	-	6.1	
Other share-based benefit programs	-	-	4.5	(0.2)	-	-	-	4.3	
Retire shares of common stock	-	-	(0.7)	(1.5)	-	-	-	(2.2)	
Adoption of new accounting standards:									
Statement of Financial Accounting Standard ("SFAS") 123(R) (see note 1)	-	-	(55.2)	-	55.2	-	-	-	
SFAS 158, net of income taxes of \$110.2 (see note 1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(162.9)	(162.9)	
Securities and Exchange Commission Staff Accounting Bulletin 108, net of income taxes of \$1.4 (see note 1)	-	-	-	2.4	-	-	-	2.4	
<b>Balance as of December 31, 2006</b>	48.5	48.5	414.7	552.0	-	-	(261.4)	753.8	
Net income	-	-	-	137.3	-	-	-	137.3	
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	130.9	130.9	
Shares repurchased (see note 15)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.5)	(3.0)	-	-	-	(3.6)	
Dividends (\$0.3625 per share)	-	-	-	(16.5)	-	-	-	(16.5)	
Share-based compensation:									
Stock options:									
Compensation expense (b)	-	-	11.7	-	-	-	-	11.7	
Consideration from exercise of stock options	-	-	12.6	-	-	-	-	12.6	
Excess tax benefit of stock compensation	-	-	5.9	-	-	-	-	5.9	
Other share-based benefit programs	-	-	8.4	(0.3)	-	-	-	8.1	
Retire shares of common stock	-	-	(0.2)	(0.7)	-	-	-	(0.9)	
Adoption of - Financial Accounting Standards Board									
Interpretation 48 (see notes 1 & 4)	-	-	-	7.0	-	-	-	7.0	
<b>Balance as of December 31, 2007</b>	48.4	48.4	452.6	675.8	-	-	(130.5)	1,046.3	
Net income	-	-	-	183.3	-	-	-	183.3	
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	(499.0)	(499.0)	
Shares repurchased (see note 15)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(9.8)	(45.7)	-	-	-	(56.5)	
Termination of Employee Benefits Trust	(1.7)	(1.7)	1.7	-	-	-	-	-	
Dividends (\$0.40 per share)	-	-	-	(18.2)	-	-	-	(18.2)	
Share-based compensation:									
Stock options:									
Compensation expense (b)	-	-	9.5	-	-	-	-	9.5	
Consideration from exercise of stock options	0.1	0.1	18.5	-	-	-	-	18.6	
Excess tax benefit of stock compensation	-	-	13.3	-	-	-	-	13.3	
Other share-based benefit programs	0.1	0.1	4.3	(0.3)	-	-	-	4.1	
Retire shares of common stock	(0.2)	(0.2)	(3.8)	(16.0)	-	-	-	(20.0)	
Spin-off of Brink's Home Security Holdings, Inc (see note 1)	-	-	-	(468.9)	-	-	1.5	(467.4)	
<b>Balance as of December 31, 2008</b>	45.7	\$ 45.7	486.3	310.0	-	-	(628.0)	214.0	

(a) Includes 1.7 million shares at December 31, 2007, held by The Brink's Company Employee Benefits Trust that were not allocated to participants (2.3 million shares at December 31, 2006, and 1.2 million shares at December 31, 2005). The trust was terminated in 2008 (see note 15).

(b) Includes amounts classified as discontinued operations.

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

**THE BRINK'S COMPANY**  
and subsidiaries

**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

<i>(In millions)</i>	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>			
Net income	\$ 183.3	137.3	587.2
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	(51.5)	(58.9)	(534.1)
Depreciation and amortization	122.3	110.0	93.0
Minority interest	39.8	22.8	18.3
Compensation expense for stock options	7.8	10.1	9.9
Deferred income taxes	(20.0)	9.9	166.8
Impairment charges:			
Marketable securities	7.1	-	-
Long-lived assets	1.9	2.5	1.5
Provision for uncollectible accounts receivable	3.2	(0.1)	(0.1)
Retirement benefit funding (more) less than expense:			
Pension	(12.2)	(7.7)	9.2
Other than pension	(5.1)	1.1	(250.0)
Health benefit act	(3.5)	(6.4)	(7.4)
Other operating, net	(11.3)	1.7	6.3
Change in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions:			
Accounts receivable	(24.1)	0.3	(35.7)
Accounts payable, income taxes payable and accrued liabilities	44.3	35.2	(206.8)
Prepaid and other current assets	(21.8)	(7.3)	(13.2)
Other, net	(5.8)	11.5	16.9
Discontinued operations, net	172.7	191.7	170.5
<b>Net cash provided by operating activities</b>	<b>427.1</b>	<b>453.7</b>	<b>32.3</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>			
Capital expenditures	(165.3)	(141.8)	(113.8)
Acquisitions	(11.7)	(13.4)	(14.4)
Marketable securities:			
Purchases	(3.5)	(1.8)	(1,663.7)
Sales	2.5	1.3	1,654.1
Cash proceeds from disposal of:			
BAX Global, net of \$90.3 of cash disposed	-	-	1,010.5
Other property, equipment and investments	16.9	14.0	5.1
Cash retained by BHS	(50.0)	-	-
Other, net	2.0	(0.3)	0.5
Discontinued operations, net	(150.8)	(175.5)	(170.6)
<b>Net cash provided (used) by investing activities</b>	<b>(359.9)</b>	<b>(317.5)</b>	<b>707.7</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>			
Long-term debt:			
Additions	-	6.9	2.9
Repayments	(12.6)	(12.1)	(89.0)
Revolving credit facilities borrowings (repayments), net	93.5	(33.5)	(68.3)
Short-term borrowings (repayments), net	(4.4)	(23.2)	5.6
Repurchase shares of common stock of The Brink's Company	(56.6)	(2.7)	(630.9)
Dividends to:			
Shareholders of The Brink's Company	(18.2)	(16.5)	(10.1)
Minority interest holders in subsidiaries	(12.4)	(7.2)	(9.0)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	16.2	12.6	18.6
Excess tax benefits associated with stock compensation	12.5	5.8	5.1
Minimum tax withholdings associated with stock compensation	(17.6)	(0.8)	(2.2)
Other, net	-	0.4	(0.5)
Discontinued operations, net	-	(14.8)	(5.2)
<b>Net cash provided (used) by financing activities</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>(85.1)</b>	<b>(783.0)</b>
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(13.1)	8.1	5.4
Cash and cash equivalents:			
Increase (decrease)	54.5	59.2	(37.6)
Balance at beginning of year	196.4	137.2	96.2
Amount held by BAX Global at December 31, 2005	-	-	78.6
<b>Balance at end of year</b>	<b>\$ 250.9</b>	<b>196.4</b>	<b>137.2</b>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

**THE BRINK'S COMPANY**  
and subsidiaries

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

**Basis of Presentation**

The Brink's Company (along with its subsidiaries, "Brink's" or the "Company"), based in Richmond, Virginia, is a leading provider of secure transportation, cash logistics and other security-related services to banks and financial institutions, retailers, government agencies, mints, jewelers and other commercial operations around the world. Brink's is the oldest and largest secure transportation and cash logistics company in the U.S., and a market leader in many other countries.

On October 31, 2008, the Company distributed all of its interest in Brink's Home Security Holdings, Inc. ("BHS") to the Company's stockholders of record as of the close of business on October 21, 2008, in a tax-free distribution. BHS offered monitored security services in North America primarily for owner-occupied, single-family residences and, to a lesser extent, commercial properties.

Net assets for BHS as of October 31, 2008, were as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	<b>October 31, 2008</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 50.0
Accounts receivable, net	37.3
Deferred income taxes and other	33.0
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>120.3</b>
Property and equipment, net	651.4
Deferred subscriber acquisition costs and other	87.8
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>859.5</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	55.5
Deferred revenue	43.2
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>98.7</b>
Deferred revenue	181.4
Deferred income taxes and other	112.0
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>392.1</b>
<b>Net assets</b>	<b>\$ 467.4</b>

On January 31, 2006, the Company sold BAX Global Inc. ("BAX Global"), a wholly owned freight transportation subsidiary, for approximately \$1 billion in cash and recorded a pretax gain of approximately \$587 million. On August 5, 2007, the Company sold Brink's United Kingdom domestic cash handling operations. Each of these operations has been reported within discontinued operations for all periods presented. In prior years, the Company sold its natural resource businesses and interests, and adjustments to contingent liabilities of these former operations have also been reported within discontinued operations. The Company has significant liabilities associated with its former coal operations and expects to have ongoing expenses and cash outflows related to these obligations. See notes 3, 16 and 20.

**Principles of Consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of The Brink's Company and the subsidiaries it controls. Control is determined based on ownership rights or, when applicable, based on whether the Company is considered to be the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity. The Company's interest in 20%- to 50%-owned companies that are not controlled are accounted for using the equity method ("equity affiliates"), unless the Company does not sufficiently influence the management of the investee. Other investments are accounted for as cost-method investments or as available-for-sale marketable securities. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

**Revenue Recognition**

*Brink's.* Revenue is recognized when services related to armored car transportation, ATM servicing, cash logistics, coin sorting and wrapping and the secure transportation of valuables are performed. Customer contracts have prices that are fixed and determinable and the Company assesses the customer's ability to meet the contractual terms, including payment terms, before entering into contracts. Customer contracts generally are automatically extended after the initial contract period until either party terminates the agreement.

*BHS (discontinued operation).* Monitoring revenues were recognized monthly as services were provided pursuant to the terms of subscriber contracts, which had contract prices that were fixed and determinable. BHS assessed the subscriber's ability to meet the contract terms, including payment terms, before entering into the contract. Generally, nonrefundable installation revenues and a portion of the related direct costs of acquiring new subscribers (primarily sales commissions) were deferred and recognized over an estimated 15 year subscriber relationship period. When an installation was identified for disconnection, any unamortized deferred revenues and deferred costs related to that installation were recognized at that time.

*BAX Global (discontinued operation).* Revenues related to transportation services were recognized, together with related variable transportation costs, on the date shipments departed from facilities en route to destination locations. BAX Global and its customers agreed to the terms of the shipments, including pricing, prior to shipment. Pricing terms were fixed and determinable, and BAX Global only agreed to shipments when it believed that the collectibility of related billings was reasonably assured. Export freight service revenues were shared among the origin and destination countries.

*Taxes collected from customers.* Taxes collected from customers and remitted to governmental authorities are not included in revenues in the consolidated statements of income.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits and investments with original maturities of three months or less.

**Marketable Securities**

The Company has marketable securities held as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 designated as available-for-sale securities for purposes of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") 115, *Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities*. Unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities are generally reported in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) until realized. Declines in value judged to be other-than-temporary are reported in interest and other income, net.

**Trade Accounts Receivable**

Trade accounts receivable are recorded at the invoiced amount and do not bear interest. The allowance for doubtful accounts is the Company's best estimate of the amount of probable credit losses on the Company's existing accounts receivable. The Company determines the allowance based on historical write-off experience. The Company reviews its allowance for doubtful accounts quarterly. Account balances are charged off against the allowance after all means of collection have been exhausted and the potential for recovery is considered remote.

**Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is calculated principally on the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of individual assets or classes of assets.

Leased property and equipment meeting capital lease criteria are capitalized at the lower of the present value of the related lease payments or the fair value of the leased asset at the inception of the lease. Amortization is calculated on the straight-line method based on the lease term.

Leasehold improvements are recorded at cost. Amortization is calculated principally on the straight-line method over the lesser of the estimated useful life of the leasehold improvement or lease term. Renewal periods are included in the lease term when the renewal is determined to be reasonably assured.

Part of the costs related to the development or purchase of internal-use software is capitalized and amortized over the estimated useful life of the software. Costs that are capitalized include external direct costs of materials and services to develop or obtain the software, and internal costs, including compensation and employee benefits for employees directly associated with a software development project.

Estimated Useful Lives	Years
Buildings	16 to 25
Building leasehold improvements	3 to 10
Vehicles	3 to 10
Capitalized software	3 to 5
Other machinery and equipment	3 to 10
Machinery and equipment leasehold improvements	3 to 10

Expenditures for routine maintenance and repairs on property and equipment are charged to expense. Major renewals, betterments and modifications are capitalized and amortized over the lesser of the remaining life of the asset or, if applicable, the lease term.

BHS (discontinued operation) retained ownership of most security systems installed at subscriber locations. Costs for those systems were capitalized and depreciated over the estimated lives of the assets. Costs capitalized as part of security systems included equipment and materials used in the installation process, direct labor required to install the equipment at subscriber sites, and other costs associated with the installation process. These other costs included the cost of vehicles used for installation purposes and the portion of telecommunication, facilities and administrative costs incurred primarily at BHS' branches that were associated with the installation process. Direct labor and other costs represented approximately 70% of the amounts capitalized, while equipment and materials represented approximately 30% of amounts capitalized. In addition to regular straight-line depreciation expense each period, BHS charged to expense the carrying value of security systems estimated to be permanently disconnected based on each period's actual disconnects and historical reconnection experience.

**Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets**

Goodwill is recognized for the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of tangible and identifiable intangible net assets of businesses acquired. Intangible assets arising from business acquisitions include customer lists, covenants not to compete, and other identifiable intangibles. Intangible assets that are subject to amortization have, at December 31, 2008, useful lives ranging from 1 to 8 years and are amortized primarily on a straight-line basis.

**Impairment of Long-Lived Assets**

Goodwill is tested for impairment at least annually by comparing the carrying value of each reporting unit to its estimated fair value. The Company bases its estimates of fair value on projected future cash flows. The Company completed goodwill impairment tests during each of the last three years with no impairment charges required.

Long-lived assets other than goodwill are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable.

For long-lived assets other than goodwill that are to be held and used in operations, an impairment is indicated when the estimated total undiscounted cash flow associated with the asset or group of assets is less than carrying value. If impairment exists, an adjustment is made to write the asset down to its fair value, and a loss is recorded as the difference between the carrying value and fair value.

Long-lived assets held for sale are carried at the lower of carrying value or fair value less cost to sell. Fair values are determined based on quoted market values, discounted cash flows or internal and external appraisals, as applicable.

**Retirement Benefit Plans**

The Company accounts for its pension plans under SFAS 87, *Employers' Accounting for Pensions*, as amended. The Company accounts for other retirement benefit plans under SFAS 106, *Employers' Accounting for Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions*, as amended. See "New Accounting Standards – Adopted Standards," below for an amendment to SFAS 87 and 106 that was effective December 31, 2006.

Prior to 2007, the Company selected discount rates for its U.S. plan obligations after reviewing published long-term yield information for a small number of high-quality fixed-income securities (e.g. Moody's Aa bond yields) and yields for the broader range of long-term high-quality securities with maturities in line with expected payments. The Company changed its method of estimating its U.S. discount rates in 2007. As of December 31, 2007, the discount rates used to measure the present value of the Company's benefit obligations were derived using the cash flow matching method. Under this method, the Company compared the plan's projected payment obligations by year with the corresponding yields on the Citigroup Pension Discount Curve and the Mercer Yield Curve. Each year's projected cash flows were then discounted back to their present value at the measurement date and an overall discount rate was determined for each curve; the average of the two discount rates was selected and rounded to the nearest tenth of a percentage point. The effect of the change in estimate was to increase other comprehensive income in 2007 by \$46.3 million. The Company revised its method of estimating its discount rates for its U.S. plan obligations in 2008 to use only the Mercer Yield Curve. The discount rates selected in 2008 for its U.S. plans would have been the same under the 2007 method. The Company uses a similar approach to the 2008 method for its U.S. plans to select the discount rates for its major non-U.S. plans. For the other non-U.S. plans, the discount rates are developed based on a bond index within the country of domicile.

Assets of pension and other retirement benefit plans are invested primarily using actively managed accounts of equities, which include a broad array of market capitalization sizes and investment styles, and fixed income securities. The Company's policy does not permit certain investments, including investments in The Brink's Company common stock, unless part of a commingled fund. Assets are rebalanced on a quarterly basis if actual allocations of assets are outside predetermined ranges. Among other factors, the performance of asset groups and investment managers will affect the long-term rate of return.

The Company selects the expected long-term rate of return assumption for its U.S. pension plan and retiree medical plans using advice from its investment advisor and its actuary considering the plan's asset allocation targets and expected overall investment manager performance and a review of its most recent long-term historical average compounded rate of return.

Benefit plan experience gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income (loss). Accumulated net benefit plan experience gains and losses that exceed 10% of the greater of a plan's benefit obligation or plan assets at the beginning of the year are amortized into earnings from other comprehensive income (loss) on a straight-line basis. The amortization period for pension plans is the average remaining service period of employees expected to receive benefits under the plans. The amortization period for other retirement plans is primarily the average remaining life expectancy of inactive participants.

**Income Taxes**

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded to recognize the expected future tax benefits or costs of events that have been, or will be, reported in different years for financial statement purposes than tax purposes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the difference between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which these items are expected to reverse. Management periodically reviews recorded deferred tax assets to determine if it is more-likely-than-not that they will be realized. If management determines it is not more-likely-than-not that a deferred tax asset will be realized, an offsetting valuation allowance is recorded, reducing comprehensive income (loss) and the deferred tax asset in that period. See "New Accounting Standards – Adopted Standards" below for more information.

**Foreign Currency Translation**

The Company's consolidated financial statements are reported in U.S. dollars. The Company's foreign subsidiaries maintain their records primarily in the currency of the country in which they operate. Assets and liabilities of foreign subsidiaries are translated into U.S. dollars using rates of exchange at the balance sheet date. Translation adjustments are recorded in other comprehensive income (loss). Revenues and expenses are translated at rates of exchange in effect during the year. Transaction gains and losses are recorded in net income.

**Concentration of Credit Risks**

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risks are principally cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivables. Cash and cash equivalents are held by major financial institutions. The Company routinely assesses the financial strength of significant customers and this assessment, combined with the large number and geographic diversity of its customers, limits the Company's concentration of risk with respect to accounts receivable.

**Use of Estimates**

In accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), management of the Company has made a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities to prepare these consolidated financial statements. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates. The most significant estimates used by management are related to goodwill and other long-lived assets, pension and other retirement benefit obligations, deferred tax assets and foreign currency translation.

## New Accounting Standards

### Adopted Standards

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard ("SFAS") 157, *Fair Value Measurements*. SFAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value under GAAP, and expands disclosure of fair value measurements. SFAS 157 emphasizes that fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement, and states that a fair value measurement should be determined based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. The Company adopted SFAS 157, effective January 1, 2008, for financial assets and financial liabilities. The implementation of SFAS 157, as it relates to the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities did not have a material effect on the Company's results of operations or financial position.

In February 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position 157-2, *Partial Deferral of the Effective Date of SFAS 157*, which delayed the effective date of SFAS 157 for all nonrecurring fair value measurements of nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities until January 1, 2009. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact, if any, on its non-financial assets and liabilities.

The Company adopted SFAS 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Liabilities – Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115*, effective January 1, 2008. SFAS 159 permits entities to choose to measure certain financial assets and liabilities at fair value (the "fair-value option"). Unrealized gains and losses, arising subsequent to the election of the fair-value option, are reported in earnings. The Company did not elect the fair-value option for any existing assets or liabilities upon adoption. Therefore, the implementation of SFAS 159 did not have an effect on the Company's results of operations or financial position.

The Company adopted FASB Interpretation ("FIN") 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes – an interpretation of SFAS 109*, effective January 1, 2007. This interpretation clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an entity's financial statements in accordance with SFAS 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*. It prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for financial statement disclosure of tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return. The adoption of this interpretation increased retained earnings at January 1, 2007, by \$7.0 million.

The Company adopted SFAS 123(R), *Share-Based Payment*, effective January 1, 2006. Prior to adopting SFAS 123(R), the Company accounted for share-based compensation using the intrinsic-value method under Accounting Principles Board Opinion 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees*, as permitted by SFAS 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*, the predecessor to SFAS 123(R). Under the intrinsic-value method no share-based compensation cost was recognized as all options granted had an exercise price equal to the market value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant. SFAS 123(R) eliminates the use of the intrinsic-value method of accounting and requires companies to recognize the cost of employee services received in exchange for awards of equity instruments based on the fair value of those awards. In addition, SFAS 123(R) requires additional accounting and disclosures for the income tax and cash flow effects of share-based payment arrangements.

The Company adopted SFAS 123(R) using the "modified prospective" transition method. Under the modified prospective transition method, the Company began recognizing share-based compensation costs on January 1, 2006, but did not restate prior periods. The amount of compensation cost recognized was computed based on the requirements of SFAS 123(R) for share-based awards granted, modified or settled in 2006, and based on the requirements of SFAS 123 for the unvested portion of awards granted prior to 2006. Under SFAS 123(R), cash flows from the benefit of tax deductions for stock options in excess of compensation cost are classified in the consolidated statements of cash flows as a financing activity. In addition, under SFAS 123(R), the Company did not separately report The Brink's Company Employee Benefits Trust (the "Employee Benefits Trust") in its consolidated statement of shareholders' equity and consolidated balance sheet; it was offset with capital in excess of par value until the Employee Benefits Trust was terminated in 2008. See note 15 for more information.



The Company adopted SFAS 158, *Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans – an amendment of FASB Statements No. 87, 88, 106, and 132(R)*, effective December 31, 2006. Prior to the adoption of SFAS 158, the Company accounted for its pension plans under SFAS 87, *Employers' Accounting for Pensions*, as previously amended, and for its UMWA retiree medical plans and black lung obligations under SFAS 106, *Employers' Accounting for Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions*, as previously amended. SFAS 158 requires companies to recognize the funded status of a defined benefit retirement plan (other than a multi-employer plan) as an asset or liability in its balance sheet and to recognize changes in funded status through comprehensive income (loss) in the year in which the changes occur. The adoption of SFAS 158 reduced the amount of consolidated equity reported by the Company as of December 31, 2006, by \$162.9 million. In addition, SFAS 158 requires current liability classification when the actuarial present value of benefits payable in the next twelve months exceeds the fair value of plan assets. See note 3 for more information.

The changes in the balance sheet at December 31, 2006, arising from the adoption of SFAS 158 are included below:

(In millions)	December 31, 2006		
	Before adoption of SFAS 158	Changes due to SFAS 158	After adoption of SFAS 158
Noncurrent deferred income tax asset	\$ 32.0	110.2	142.2
Accrued liabilities	432.9	(46.8)	386.1
Accrued pension costs	94.5	41.0	135.5
Retirement benefits other than pensions	(98.8)	278.9	180.1
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(98.5)	(162.9)	(261.4)

The Company adopted Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") Staff Accounting Bulletin 108, effective December 31, 2006, which is codified as SAB Topic 1.N, *Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements*. SAB 108 requires companies to quantify misstatements using both a balance sheet and an income statement approach ("dual method" approach) and to evaluate whether either approach results in an error that is material in light of relevant quantitative and qualitative factors. Prior to the adoption of SAB 108, the Company evaluated errors using only the income statement approach.

The Company had previously identified that it had been incorrectly applying its accounting policy for recording impairment charges upon subscriber disconnects at BHS. Prior to the adoption of SAB 108, the Company determined this incorrect application was not material to the financial statements using the income statement approach. The correction of this application was considered material using the dual method approach due to the impact on the trend of segment operating profit of BHS. Upon adoption of SAB 108, to correctly apply its accounting policy to subscriber disconnects, the Company recorded a \$3.8 million (\$2.4 million after tax) increase to retained earnings in 2006.

**Standards Not Yet Adopted**

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS 141(R), *Business Combinations*. SFAS 141(R) establishes requirements for an acquirer to record the assets acquired, liabilities assumed, and any related noncontrolling interest related to the acquisition of a controlled subsidiary, measured at fair value as of the acquisition date. The Company is required to adopt SFAS 141(R) in the first quarter of 2009. In 2008, the Company expensed all acquisition costs for transactions that were expected to close in 2009. The Company is currently evaluating the further potential impact, if any, of the adoption of SFAS 141(R) on the Company's results of operations and financial position.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS 160, *Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements – An Amendment of ARB No. 51*. SFAS 160 establishes new accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling interest, also known as minority interest, in a subsidiary and for the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. SFAS 160 clarifies that a noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary is an ownership interest in the consolidated entity that should be reported as equity in the consolidated financial statements. At December 31, 2008, the Company's minority interest was \$91.3 million. SFAS 160 is effective for the Company beginning in 2009. The Company is still assessing the potential effect of the adoption of SFAS 160 on its results of operations or financial position.

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS 161, *Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008 (the Company's fiscal year 2009). SFAS 161 requires enhanced disclosures about an entity's derivative and hedging activities. The Company does not believe the adoption of SFAS 161 will have a material impact on its financial statements.

In May 2008, the FASB issued SFAS 162, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles*. SFAS 162 identifies the sources of accounting principles and the framework for selecting the principles to be used in the preparation of financial statements that are presented in conformity with GAAP. SFAS 162 is effective 60 days following the SEC's approval of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board amendments to AU Section 411, *The Meaning of Present Fairly in Conformity With Generally Accepted Accounting Principles*. The Company does not believe the adoption of SFAS 162 will have a material impact on its results of operations or financial position.

In June 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position ("FSP") EITF 03-6-1, *Determining Whether Instruments Granted in Share-Based Payment Transactions Are Participating Securities*, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. FSP EITF 03-6-1 affects entities that accrue cash dividends (whether paid or unpaid) on share-based payment awards during the award's service period for dividends that are nonforfeitable. The FASB concluded that unvested awards containing rights to nonforfeitable dividends are participating securities. Because unvested awards containing such rights are considered participating securities, issuing entities will be required to compute basic and diluted earnings per share under the two-class method. The Company is required to adopt FSP EITF 03-6-1 in the first quarter of 2009. The Company does not believe the adoption of FSP EITF 03-6-1 will have a material effect on its financial statements.

In December 2008, the FASB issued FSP 132(R)-1, *Employers' Disclosures about Postretirement Benefit Plan Assets*, which is effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2009 (the Company's fiscal year 2010). FSP 132(R)-1 requires disclosures about fair value measurements of plan assets that would be similar to the disclosures about fair value measurements required by SFAS 157. The Company is assessing the potential effect of the adoption of FSP 132(R)-1 on its financial statements.

**Note 2 – Segment Information**

SFAS 131, *Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information*, establishes standards for reporting information about operating segments. Segments are identified by the Company based on how resources are allocated and operating decisions are made. Management evaluates performance and allocates resources based on operating profit or loss, excluding corporate allocations. Although the Company had four operating segments at December 31, 2008, under the aggregation criteria set forth in SFAS 131, the Company conducts business in two geographic reportable segments: International and North America. Prior to the spin-off of BHS in October of 2008, the Company's two reportable segments were Brink's and BHS.

The primary services of the reportable segments include:

- Cash-in-transit ("CIT") armored car transportation
- Automated teller machine ("ATM") replenishment and servicing
- Money processing
- Global Services – arranging secure long-distance transportation of valuables
- Cash Logistics – supply chain management of cash; from point-of-sale through transport, vaulting and bank deposit
- Guarding services, including airport security

Brink's operates in approximately 50 countries.

<i>(In millions)</i>	Revenues			Operating Profit (Loss)		
	Years Ended December 31,			Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006	2008	2007	2006
<b>Business Segments</b>						
International	\$ 2,231.3	1,848.3	1,524.3	\$ 215.0	152.9	114.2
North America	932.2	886.3	830.0	56.9	70.4	69.9
Business segments	3,163.5	2,734.6	2,354.3	271.9	223.3	184.1
Corporate expense, net	-	-	-	(55.3)	(48.4)	(46.9)
Former operations expense, net	-	-	-	11.9	(13.9)	(26.5)
	\$ 3,163.5	2,734.6	2,354.3	\$ 228.5	161.0	110.7

<i>(In millions)</i>	Capital Expenditures			Depreciation and Amortization		
	Years Ended December 31,			Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006	2008	2007	2006
<b>Business Segments</b>						
International	\$ 112.7	94.8	85.0	\$ 85.7	75.3	61.4
North America	52.4	46.8	28.5	30.6	29.3	27.4
Corporate	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.7
Property and equipment	165.3	141.8	113.8	116.7	105.0	89.5
Amortization of intangible assets:						
International	-	-	-	4.8	4.4	3.3
North America	-	-	-	0.8	0.6	0.2
	\$ 165.3	141.8	113.8	\$ 122.3	110.0	93.0

<i>(In millions)</i>	Assets		
	December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
<b>Business Segments</b>			
International	\$ 1,289.1	1,187.8	1,029.9
North America	341.9	329.5	305.0
Business Segments	1,631.0	1,517.3	1,334.9
Corporate and former operations	184.8	160.7	206.8
Discontinued operations	-	716.3	646.3
	\$ 1,815.8	2,394.3	2,188.0

(In millions)	Long-Lived Assets (a)			Revenues		
	December 31,			Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007 (b)	2006 (b)	2008	2007	2006
<b>Geographic</b>						
Non-U.S.:						
France	\$ 167.0	180.8	160.8	\$ 697.7	628.8	546.5
Venezuela	75.0	61.3	50.2	350.9	224.9	171.7
Other	309.2	328.9	280.9	1,352.3	1,139.2	922.5
Subtotal	551.2	571.0	491.9	2,400.9	1,992.9	1,640.7
United States	143.5	797.4	716.7	762.6	741.7	713.6
	\$ 694.7	1,368.4	1,208.6	\$ 3,163.5	2,734.6	2,354.3

(a) Long-lived assets include property and equipment, net; goodwill; other intangible assets, net; and deferred charges.

(b) Includes \$689.2 million in 2007 and \$615.4 million in 2006 related to BHS, principally in the United States.

Revenues are recorded in the country where service is initiated or performed. No single customer represents more than 10% of total revenue.

(In millions)	2008	December 31,	
		2007 (a)	2006 (a)
<b>Net assets outside the U.S.</b>			
Europe, Middle East and Africa	\$ 365.0	349.1	246.3
Latin America (b)	258.5	173.9	133.5
Asia Pacific	26.6	33.6	32.7
Other	30.1	48.7	34.6
	\$ 680.2	605.3	447.1

(a) Includes net liabilities of \$2.6 million in 2007 and \$3.7 million in 2006 related to BHS Canadian operations.

(b) Includes \$129.6 million of net assets at December 31, 2008, held by Venezuelan subsidiaries. The transfer of these assets outside of Venezuela requires government approval if paid using official exchange rates. Transferring these net assets outside of Venezuela at the less-favorable market rate is not subject to government approval.

(In millions)	2008	December 31,	
		2007	2006
<b>Investments in unconsolidated equity affiliates</b>			
International	\$ 13.1	12.6	10.4
Other	-	4.7	4.8
	\$ 13.1	17.3	15.2

**Share of earnings of unconsolidated equity affiliates**

International	\$ 4.7	3.0	3.0
Other	0.3	0.3	0.3
	\$ 5.0	3.3	3.3

Undistributed earnings of equity affiliates included in consolidated retained earnings approximated \$8.1 million at December 31, 2008, \$8.1 million at December 31, 2007, and \$7.1 million at December 31, 2006.

**Note 3 – Retirement Benefits**

The Company has various defined-benefit pension plans covering eligible current and former employees. Benefits under most plans are based on salary and years of service.

The Company's policy is to fund at least the minimum actuarially determined amounts required by applicable regulations.

The Company has retained the obligations and assets related to the participation of BHS employees in the Company's U.S. pension plans. Pension expenses for BHS employees for the years presented have been included in discontinued operations. After October 31, 2008, the spin-off date, pension expenses related to participation by BHS employees in U.S. pension plans were included in continuing operations.

The Brink's Canada Pension Plan included BHS participants prior to the spin-off. After the spin-off of BHS, the Company executed a partial termination of the Brink's Canada Pension Plan with respect to the BHS participants. The Company expects to pay lump sum distributions or purchase annuities for all BHS participants in 2009 for their accrued-to-date benefits. Pension expenses for BHS participation in the Brink's Canada Pension Plan for the years presented have been included in discontinued operations.

The weighted-average assumptions used in determining the net pension cost and benefit obligations for the Company's pension plans were as follows:

	U.S. Plans			Non-U.S. Plans		
	2008	2007	2006	2008	2007	2006
Discount rate:						
Pension cost	6.4%	5.8%	5.5%	5.5%	4.8%	4.8%
Benefit obligation at year end	6.2%	6.4%	5.8%	6.2%	5.5%	4.8%
Expected return on assets – Pension cost	8.8%	8.8%	8.8%	5.9%	5.6%	5.8%
Average rate of increase in salaries (a):						
Pension cost	N/A(b)	N/A(b)	N/A(b)	3.0%	3.0%	3.1%
Benefit obligation at year end	N/A(b)	N/A(b)	N/A(b)	4.0%	3.0%	3.0%

(a) Salary scale assumptions are determined through historical experience and vary by age and industry.

(b) The U.S. plan benefits were frozen at December 31, 2005, and pension benefit payments will be based on salaries earned through December 31, 2005.

The RP-2000 Combined Healthy Blue Collar mortality table and the RP-2000 Combined Healthy White Collar mortality table were used to estimate the expected lives of participants in the U.S. pension plans. Expected lives of participants in non-U.S. pension plans were estimated using mortality tables in the country of operation.

The net pension cost for the Company's pension plans is as follows:

(In millions)	U.S. Plans			Non-U.S. Plans			Total		
	2008	2007	2006	2008	2007	2006	2008	2007	2006
Years Ended December 31,									
Service cost	\$ -	-	-	\$ 9.7	9.2	8.0	\$ 9.7	9.2	8.0
Interest cost on PBO	45.9	44.2	42.0	12.8	10.3	8.7	58.7	54.5	50.7
Return on assets - expected	(58.9)	(53.5)	(50.6)	(11.6)	(10.0)	(8.4)	(70.5)	(63.5)	(59.0)
Amortization of losses	1.6	13.3	17.1	3.7	3.1	3.3	5.3	16.4	20.4
Net pension cost	\$ (11.4)	4.0	8.5	\$ 14.6	12.6	11.6	\$ 3.2	16.6	20.1
Included in:									
Continuing operations	\$ (10.9)	3.9	8.0	\$ 14.4	11.7	10.1	\$ 3.5	15.6	18.1
Discontinued operations (a)	(0.5)	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.9	1.5	(0.3)	1.0	2.0
Net pension cost	\$ (11.4)	4.0	8.5	\$ 14.6	12.6	11.6	\$ 3.2	16.6	20.1

Amounts related to BHS participants in U.S. plans are shown in discontinued operation for all years presented. However, in 2009 and later years, these costs will be shown in continuing operations as the Company has

(a) retained the liabilities related to these participants.

Changes in the projected benefit obligation ("PBO") and plan assets for the Company's pension plans are as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i> Years Ended December 31,	U.S. Plans		Non-U.S. Plans		Total	
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
PBO at beginning of year	\$ 730.7	765.8	232.9	206.1	963.6	971.9
Service cost		-	9.7	9.2	9.7	9.2
Interest cost	45.9	44.2	12.8	10.3	58.7	54.5
Plan participant contributions	-	-	2.9	3.2	2.9	3.2
Plan settlements	-	-	(0.6)	(0.9)	(0.6)	(0.9)
Acquisitions	-	-	-	0.8	-	0.8
Benefits paid	(35.0)	(31.6)	(8.0)	(6.5)	(43.0)	(38.1)
Actuarial (gains) losses	27.7	(47.7)	(26.6)	(18.4)	1.1	(66.1)
Foreign currency exchange effects	-	-	(26.8)	26.9	(26.8)	26.9
Other	-	-	-	2.2	-	2.2
PBO at end of year	\$ 769.3	730.7	196.3	232.9	965.6	963.6
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$ 708.8	677.3	195.9	157.9	904.7	835.2
Return on assets – actual	(235.6)	49.5	(33.3)	8.2	(268.9)	57.7
Plan participant contributions	-	-	2.9	3.2	2.9	3.2
Employer contributions	1.9	13.6	13.8	10.2	15.7	23.8
Plan settlements	-	-	(0.6)	(0.9)	(0.6)	(0.9)
Benefits paid	(35.0)	(31.6)	(8.0)	(6.5)	(43.0)	(38.1)
Foreign currency effects	-	-	(22.8)	22.0	(22.8)	22.0
Other	-	-	-	1.8	-	1.8
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	\$ 440.1	708.8	147.9	195.9	588.0	904.7
Funded status	\$ (329.2)	(21.9)	(48.4)	(37.0)	(377.6)	(58.9)
Included in:						
Current, included in accrued liabilities	\$ 3.6	0.7	0.6	0.2	4.2	0.9
Noncurrent	325.6	21.2	47.8	36.8	373.4	58.0
Net pension liability	\$ 329.2	21.9	48.4	37.0	377.6	58.9

Changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) of the Company's pension plans are as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i> Years Ended December 31,	U.S. Plans		Non-U.S. Plans		Total	
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
Benefit plan experience loss recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):						
Beginning of year	\$ (65.1)	(122.1)	(13.9)	(31.6)	(79.0)	(153.7)
Net experience gains (losses) arising during the year	(322.2)	43.7	(18.3)	16.1	(340.5)	59.8
Reclassification adjustment for amortization of experience loss included in net income	1.6	13.3	2.0	1.6	3.6	14.9
End of year	\$ (385.7)	(65.1)	(30.2)	(13.9)	(415.9)	(79.0)
Benefit plan prior service cost recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):						
Beginning of year	\$ -	-	(12.1)	(13.6)	(12.1)	(13.6)
Reclassification adjustment for amortization of prior service cost included in net income	-	-	1.7	1.5	1.7	1.5
End of year	\$ -	-	(10.4)	(12.1)	(10.4)	(12.1)

The Company estimates that \$11.7 million of experience loss and \$1.5 million of prior service cost will be amortized from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) into net pension cost during 2009.

The actuarial loss in 2008 was primarily due to the return on assets being lower than expected. The actuarial gain in 2007 was primarily due to higher discount rates.

Information comparing plan assets to plan obligations as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 are aggregated below. The ABO differs from the PBO in that the ABO is based on the benefit earned through the date noted. The PBO includes assumptions about future compensation levels for plans that have not been frozen.

(In millions)	ABO Greater Than Plan Assets		Plan Assets Greater Than ABO		Total	
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
December 31,						
PBO	\$ 962.8	779.9	2.8	183.7	965.6	963.6
ABO	948.3	774.8	2.5	167.2	950.8	942.0
Fair value of plan assets	585.1	728.6	2.9	176.1	588.0	904.7

The Company's weighted-average asset allocations at December 31, 2008 and 2007 by asset category are as follows:

(In millions, except percentages)	U.S. Plans				Non-U.S. Plans (a)			
	2008		2007		2008		2007	
December 31,	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual
Equity securities	70%	65%	70%	68%	46%	49%	48%	49%
Debt securities	30%	35%	30%	32%	54%	51%	52%	51%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Plan assets at fair value	\$ 440.1		708.8		147.9		195.9	
Actual return on assets during year	\$ (235.6)		49.5		(33.3)		8.2	

(a) Targets for non-U.S. asset allocations are weighted averages.

Based on December 31, 2008, data, assumptions and funding regulations, the Company is not required to make a contribution to the primary U.S. plan for the fiscal year 2009. There are limits to the amount of benefits which can be paid to participants from a U.S. qualified pension plan. The Company maintains a nonqualified U.S. plan to pay benefits for those eligible current and former employees in the U.S. whose benefits exceed the regulatory limits.

The Company expects to contribute approximately \$3.6 million to its nonqualified U.S. pension plan and \$10 million to its non-U.S. pension plans in 2009.

The Company's projected benefit payments at December 31, 2008, for each of the next five years and the aggregate five years thereafter are as follows:

(In millions)	U.S. Plans	Non-U.S. Plans	Total
2009	\$ 37.5	5.4	42.9
2010	39.2	6.5	45.7
2011	41.0	6.6	47.6
2012	43.0	7.8	50.8
2013	45.3	8.8	54.1
2014 through 2018	259.5	55.5	315.0
Total	\$ 465.5	90.6	556.1

**Termination Benefits**

The Company periodically restructures operations and is required to pay termination benefits pursuant to contractual or legal requirements. These termination benefits are recorded pursuant to the provisions of SFAS 88, *Employers' Accounting for Settlement and Curtailments of Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Termination Benefits*.

During 2007, one of the Company's European subsidiaries resized its operations and accrued \$2.4 million in termination benefits.

During 2006, the Company's Australian subsidiary lost its largest customer. The Company took actions to restructure the subsidiary in the second and third quarters, and recorded charges of \$2.6 million for termination benefits.

**Multi-employer Pension Plans**

The Company contributes to multi-employer pension plans in a few of its non-U.S. subsidiaries. Multi-employer pension expense for continuing operations was \$2.1 million in 2008, \$2.0 million in 2007 and \$1.8 million in 2006. See note 16 for a description of the gain recognized in discontinued operations related to the withdrawal of multi-employer pension plans of the Company's former coal business.

**Savings Plans**

The Company sponsors various defined contribution plans to help eligible employees provide for retirement. Employees' eligible contributions to the primary U.S. 401(k) plan are matched at 125% up to 5% of their pay. Participants were formerly allowed to invest in common stock of the Company, but in January 2008, all Company stock investments were reallocated to other investments. The Company's matching contribution expense is as follows:

*(In millions)*

Years Ended December 31,	2008	2007	2006
U.S. 401(k)	\$ 11.7	11.8	10.9
Other Plans	1.8	1.1	1.9
Total	\$ 13.5	12.9	12.8



## Retirement Benefits Other than Pensions

### Summary

The Company provides retirement health care benefits for eligible current and former employees in the U.S. and Canada, including former employees of the former coal operations. Retirement benefits related to the former coal operation include medical benefits provided by the Pittston Coal Group Companies Employee Benefit Plan for UMWA Represented Employees (the "UMWA plans") as well as costs related to Black Lung obligations.

The accumulated postretirement benefit obligation ("APBO") for each of the plans was determined using the unit credit method and an assumed discount rate as follows:

	2008	2007	2006
Weighted-average discount rate:			
Postretirement cost:			
UMWA plans	6.4%	5.8%	5.5%
Black lung	6.1%	5.8%	5.5%
Weighted-average	6.4%	5.8%	5.5%
Benefit obligation at year end:			
UMWA plans	6.2%	6.4%	5.8%
Black lung	6.3%	6.1%	5.8%
Weighted-average	6.2%	6.4%	5.8%
Expected return on assets	8.8%	8.8%	8.8%

For UMWA plans, the assumed health care cost trend rate used to compute the 2008 APBO is 7.6% for 2009, declining ratably to 5% in 2013 and thereafter (in 2007: 8.2% for 2008 declining ratably to 5% in 2013 and thereafter). For the black lung obligation, the assumed health care cost trend rate used to compute the 2008 and 2007 APBO was 8.0%. Other plans in the U.S. provide for fixed-dollar value coverage for eligible participants and, accordingly, are not adjusted for inflation.

The RP-2000 Employee, Annuitant, Blue Collar and Combined Healthy Blue Collar mortality tables are primarily used to estimate expected lives of participants.

The components of net periodic postretirement cost related to retirement benefits were as follows:

(In millions) Years Ended December 31,	UMWA plans			Black lung and other plans			Total		
	2008	2007	2006	2008	2007	2006	2008	2007	2006
Service cost	\$ -	-	-	\$ 0.1	0.2	0.3	\$ 0.1	0.2	0.3
Interest cost on APBO	31.3	31.2	31.8	3.0	3.6	3.5	34.3	34.8	35.3
Return on assets – expected	(38.6)	(38.6)	(34.2)	-	-	-	(38.6)	(38.6)	(34.2)
Amortization of losses	7.9	11.4	15.1	0.3	0.6	1.0	8.2	12.0	16.1
Curtailment gain (a)	-	-	-	(2.0)	-	-	(2.0)	-	-
Net periodic postretirement cost	\$ 0.6	4.0	12.7	\$ 1.4	4.4	4.8	\$ 2.0	8.4	17.5

(a) In January 2008, Brink's announced the freezing of the Canadian retirement benefit plan.

Changes in the APBO and plan assets related to retirement health care benefits are as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i> Years Ended December 31,	UMWA plans		Black lung and other plans		Total	
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
APBO at beginning of year	\$ 509.3	570.9	\$ 61.3	61.6	\$ 570.6	632.5
Service cost	-	-	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2
Interest cost	31.3	31.2	3.1	3.6	34.4	34.8
Plan amendments	-	-	(3.1)	(0.1)	(3.1)	(0.1)
Benefits paid	(37.6)	(37.1)	(7.1)	(7.2)	(44.7)	(44.3)
Medicare subsidy received	3.2	3.0	-	-	3.2	3.0
Actuarial gain, net	(22.6)	(58.7)	(5.0)	2.4	(27.6)	(56.3)
Foreign currency exchange effects	-	-	(0.7)	0.8	(0.7)	0.8
APBO at end of year	\$ 483.6	509.3	\$ 48.6	61.3	\$ 532.2	570.6
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$ 460.3	459.3	\$ -	-	\$ 460.3	459.3
Employer contributions	-	-	7.1	7.2	7.1	7.2
Return on assets – actual	(149.7)	35.1	-	-	(149.7)	35.1
Benefits paid	(37.7)	(37.1)	(7.1)	(7.2)	(44.8)	(44.3)
Medicare subsidy received	3.2	3.0	-	-	3.2	3.0
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	\$ 276.1	460.3	\$ -	-	\$ 276.1	460.3
Funded status	\$ (207.5)	(49.0)	\$ (48.6)	(61.3)	\$ (256.1)	(110.3)
Included in:						
Current, included in accrued liabilities	\$ -	-	6.2	6.0	6.2	6.0
Noncurrent	207.5	49.0	42.4	55.3	249.9	104.3
Retirement benefits other than pension liability	\$ 207.5	49.0	48.6	61.3	256.1	110.3

Changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) of the Company's retirement benefit plans other than pensions are as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i> Years Ended December 31,	UMWA plans		Black lung and other plans		Total	
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
Benefit plan experience gain (loss) recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):						
Beginning of year	\$ (163.2)	(229.8)	\$ (10.5)	(8.9)	\$ (173.7)	(238.7)
Net experience gains (losses) arising during the year	(165.7)	55.2	5.0	(2.4)	(160.7)	52.8
Reclassification adjustment for amortization of experience loss (gains) included in net income	7.9	11.4	0.3	0.8	8.2	12.2
End of year	\$ (321.0)	(163.2)	\$ (5.2)	(10.5)	\$ (326.2)	(173.7)
Benefit plan prior service credit recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):						
Beginning of year	\$ -	-	\$ 1.8	1.9	\$ 1.8	1.9
Prior service credit from plan amendments during the year	-	-	3.1	0.1	3.1	0.1
Reclassification adjustment for amortization or curtailment recognition of prior service credit included in net income	-	-	(2.0)	(0.2)	(2.0)	(0.2)
End of year	\$ -	-	\$ 2.9	1.8	\$ 2.9	1.8

The Company estimates that \$20.3 million of experience loss and \$0.3 million of prior service credit will be amortized from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) into net periodic postretirement cost during 2009.

The table below shows the estimated effects of a one percentage point change in the assumed health care cost trend rates for each future year.

<i>(In millions)</i>	Effect of Change in Assumed Health Care Trend Rates	
	Increase 1%	Decrease 1%
Higher (lower):		
Service and interest cost in 2008	\$ 3.3	(2.8)
APBO at December 31, 2008	53.7	(45.8)

The *Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003* (the "Medicare Act") provides for a prescription drug benefit under Medicare as well as a federal subsidy to sponsors of retiree health care benefit plans that provide a benefit that is at least actuarially equivalent to Medicare prescription drug benefits. Because of the broadness of coverage provided under the Company's plan, the Company believes that the plan benefits are at least actuarially equivalent to the Medicare benefits. The estimated effect of the legislation has been recorded as a reduction to the APBO, as permitted by FSP 106-1, *Accounting and Disclosure Requirements Related to the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003*. The estimated value of the projected federal subsidy assumes no changes in participation rates and assumes that the subsidy is received in the year after claims are paid. The estimated reduction in per capita claim costs for participants over 65 years old was 8%.

The Company's net periodic postretirement costs were approximately \$5.5 million lower in 2008, \$5.7 million lower in 2007 and \$6.2 million lower in 2006 due to the Medicare Act as a result of lower interest cost and amortization of losses. The estimated net present value of the subsidy, reflected as a reduction to the APBO, was approximately \$54 million at December 31, 2008, and \$51 million at December 31, 2007.

The Company recognized an actuarial loss in 2008 associated with the UMWA obligations primarily related to the return on assets being lower than expected.

The Company recognized an actuarial gain in 2007 associated with the UMWA obligations primarily related to the increase in the discount rate.

The Company's asset allocations for investments in the VEBA trust at December 31, 2008 and 2007 by asset class are as follows:

<i>(In millions, except percentages)</i>	<b>December 31,</b>		<b>December 31,</b>	
	<b>2008</b>		<b>2007</b>	
	Target	Actual	Target	Actual
Equity securities	70%	65%	70%	69%
Debt securities	30%	35%	30%	31%
<b>Total</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>
Plan assets at fair value		\$ 276.1		\$ 460.3
Actual return on assets during year		\$ (149.7)		\$ 35.1

In January 2006, the Company contributed \$225 million to the VEBA with a portion of the proceeds from the sale of BAX Global. The Company determines whether it will make other discretionary contributions on an annual basis, although it does not currently expect to make further significant contributions in the next several years.

The Company's projected benefit payments at December 31, 2008, for each of the next five years and the aggregate five years thereafter are as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	Before Medicare Subsidy			Medicare	Net Projected
	UMWA plans	Black lung and other plans	Subtotal	Subsidy	Payments
2009	\$ 40.6	6.2	46.8	(3.3)	43.5
2010	42.0	4.9	46.9	(3.5)	43.4
2011	43.0	4.7	47.7	(3.6)	44.1
2012	43.3	4.5	47.8	(3.8)	44.0
2013	43.6	4.4	48.0	(3.8)	44.2
2014 through 2018	208.5	19.2	227.7	(20.1)	207.6
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 421.0</b>	<b>43.9</b>	<b>464.9</b>	<b>(38.1)</b>	<b>426.8</b>

Note 4 – Income Taxes

(In millions)	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
<b>Income from continuing operations before income taxes and minority interest</b>			
U.S.	\$ 25.8	25.7	15.1
Foreign	198.8	135.0	100.5
	\$ 224.6	160.7	115.6
<b>Income tax expense (benefit) from continuing operations</b>			
<b>Current</b>			
U.S. federal	\$ 2.2	(4.3)	(171.3)
State	1.6	1.4	6.8
Foreign	69.2	52.5	41.9
	73.0	49.6	(122.6)
<b>Deferred</b>			
U.S. federal	3.9	14.4	169.5
State	4.6	(0.9)	(1.6)
Foreign	(28.5)	(3.6)	(1.1)
	(20.0)	9.9	166.8
	\$ 53.0	59.5	44.2

The Company's U.S. entities file a consolidated U.S. federal income tax return. The U.S. federal current income tax benefit on continuing operations in 2006 was offset by U.S. federal current tax expense included in income from discontinued operations.

(In millions)	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
<b>Comprehensive provision (benefit) for income taxes allocable to</b>			
Continuing operations	\$ 53.0	59.5	44.2
Discontinued operations	45.8	41.5	305.9
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(33.3)	49.7	32.1
Shareholders' equity	(13.3)	(12.9)	(114.9)
	\$ 52.2	137.8	267.3

**Rate Reconciliation**

The following table reconciles the difference between the actual tax provision from continuing operations and the amounts obtained by applying the statutory U.S. federal income tax rate of 35% in each year to the income from continuing operations before income taxes.

(In millions)	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
Income tax expense computed at 35% statutory rate	\$ 78.6	56.2	40.5
Increases (reductions) in taxes due to:			
Adjustments to valuation allowances	(13.6)	6.5	4.9
State income taxes, net	(1.1)	0.4	3.4
Medicare subsidy for retirement plans	(1.9)	(2.0)	(2.1)
Foreign income taxes	(13.0)	(2.3)	(2.6)
Taxes on undistributed earnings of foreign affiliates	3.3	1.4	0.5
Other	0.7	(0.7)	(0.4)
Actual income tax expense on continuing operations	\$ 53.0	59.5	44.2

**Components of Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities**

<i>(In millions)</i>	December 31,	
	2008	2007 (a)
<b>Deferred tax assets</b>		
Deferred revenue	\$ -	82.5
Retirement benefits other than pensions	106.9	46.8
Pension liabilities	143.4	20.1
Workers' compensation and other claims	35.9	40.5
Property and equipment, net	17.7	-
Other assets and liabilities	68.8	83.2
Net operating loss carryforwards	35.8	51.2
Alternative minimum and other tax credits	2.2	1.3
Subtotal	410.7	325.6
Valuation allowances	(183.6)	(56.0)
<b>Total deferred tax assets</b>	<b>227.1</b>	<b>269.6</b>
<b>Deferred tax liabilities</b>		
Property and equipment, net	-	103.7
Prepaid assets	-	28.0
Other assets and miscellaneous	16.4	14.2
Deferred tax liabilities	16.4	145.9
<b>Net deferred tax asset</b>	<b>\$ 210.7</b>	<b>123.7</b>
<b>Included in:</b>		
Current assets	\$ 31.1	63.9
Noncurrent assets	202.6	90.1
Current liabilities, included in accrued liabilities	(1.5)	(0.5)
Noncurrent liabilities	(21.5)	(29.8)
<b>Net deferred tax asset</b>	<b>\$ 210.7</b>	<b>123.7</b>

(a) Includes \$101.2 million of deferred tax assets and \$136.1 million of deferred tax liabilities in 2007 related to BHS.

**Valuation Allowances**

Valuation allowances relate to deferred tax assets in various federal, state and non-U.S. jurisdictions. Based on the Company's historical and expected future taxable earnings, and a consideration of available tax-planning strategies, management believes it is more likely than not that the Company will realize the benefit of the existing deferred tax assets, net of valuation allowances, at December 31, 2008.

<i>(In millions)</i>	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
<b>Valuation allowances:</b>			
Beginning of year	\$ 56.0	54.3	42.1
Expiring tax credits	(0.7)	(0.9)	(0.5)
Acquisitions and dispositions	(0.1)	(0.8)	(1.2)
Changes in judgment about deferred tax assets (a)	(11.0)	2.7	1.4
Other changes in deferred tax assets, charged to:			
Net income	(2.2)	(1.1)	7.1
Other comprehensive income (loss) (b)	148.2	(3.7)	0.7
Foreign currency exchange effects	(6.6)	5.5	4.7
<b>End of year</b>	<b>\$ 183.6</b>	<b>56.0</b>	<b>54.3</b>

(a) Includes amounts charged to income from continuing and discontinued operations and is based on beginning-of-year balances of deferred tax assets.

(b) Includes \$145.5 million related to tax benefits of U.S. retirement plans' net experience losses that were not deemed to be more likely than not of being realized.

**Undistributed Foreign Earnings**

As of December 31, 2008, the Company has not recorded U.S. federal deferred income taxes on approximately \$311 million of undistributed earnings of foreign subsidiaries and equity affiliates. It is expected that these earnings will be permanently reinvested in operations outside the U.S. It is not practical to compute the estimated deferred tax liability on these earnings.

**Net Operating Losses**

The gross amount of the net operating loss carryforwards as of December 31, 2008, was \$146.1 million. The tax benefit of net operating loss carryforwards, before valuation allowances, as of December 31, 2008, was \$35.8 million, and expires as follows:

(In millions)	Federal	State	Foreign	Total
Year of expiration:				
2009-2013	\$ -	0.3	3.9	4.2
2014-2018	-	0.1	0.4	0.5
2019 and thereafter	-	1.9	-	1.9
Unlimited	-	-	29.2	29.2
	<u>\$ 2.3</u>		<u>33.5</u>	<u>35.8</u>

**Uncertain Tax Positions**

As described in note 1, effective January 1, 2007, the Company adopted FIN 48 and recorded a cumulative-effect adjustment of \$7.0 million, reducing the amount of unrecognized tax benefits, interest, and penalties and increasing the balance of retained earnings.

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amount of unrecognized tax benefits is as follows:

(In millions)	Year Ended December 31,	
	2008	2007
Uncertain tax positions:		
Beginning of year	\$ 25.5	17.3
Increases related to prior-year tax positions	0.1	0.8
Decreases related to prior-year tax positions	(0.6)	(1.6)
Increases related to current-year tax positions	2.6	10.5
Settlements	(1.3)	(0.2)
Effect of the expiration of statutes of limitation	(2.0)	(1.3)
Effect of BHS spin off	(5.0)	-
End of year	<u>\$ 19.3</u>	<u>25.5</u>

Included in the balance of unrecognized tax benefits at December 31, 2008, are potential benefits of approximately \$15.4 million that, if recognized, would impact the effective tax rate on income from continuing operations. Also included in the balance of unrecognized tax benefits at December 31, 2008, are benefits of approximately \$1.4 million that, if recognized, would impact the effective tax rate on income from discontinued operations.

The Company recognizes accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense. Interest and penalties included in income tax expense amounted to \$0.9 million in 2008 and \$1.0 million in 2007. The Company had accrued penalties and interest of \$2.2 million at December 31, 2008, and \$2.4 million at December 31, 2007.

The Company and its subsidiaries file income tax returns in the U.S. federal, and various state and foreign jurisdictions. With few exceptions, as of December 31, 2008, the Company was no longer subject to U.S. federal, state and local, or non-U.S. income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2005. However, it is reasonably possible that unrecognized tax benefits for previously amended tax returns in the amount of \$7.2 million will be recognized by the end of 2009. Additionally, due to statute of limitations expirations and audit settlements, it is reasonably possible that approximately \$1.1 million of currently remaining unrecognized tax positions, each of which are individually insignificant, may be recognized by the end of 2009.

**Note 5 – Property and Equipment**

The following table presents the Company's property and equipment that is classified as held and used:

<i>(In millions)</i>	December 31,	
	2008	2007
Land	\$ 33.4	36.5
Buildings	193.5	191.5
Leasehold improvements	168.9	175.1
Security systems	-	840.2
Vehicles	263.4	263.4
Capitalized software	105.5	121.6
Other machinery and equipment	491.2	529.4
	<u>1,255.9</u>	<u>2,157.7</u>
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	<u>(721.9)</u>	<u>(1,039.3)</u>
Property and equipment, net (a)	<u>\$ 534.0</u>	<u>1,118.4</u>

(a) Includes \$606.0 million related to BHS in 2007.

Amortization of capitalized software costs included in continuing operations was \$14.2 million in 2008, \$14.1 million in 2007 and \$12.6 million in 2006.

**Note 6 – Acquisitions**

The Company has acquired security operations in various countries over the last three years.

<i>(In millions)</i>	Acquisition completed in the quarter ended	Purchase price
Mauritius	June 30, 2006	\$ 10.7
Other		3.7
2006		<u>\$ 14.4</u>
France	June 30, 2007	\$ 6.3
Other		7.1
2007		<u>\$ 13.4</u>
United States	June 30, 2008	\$ 3.5
Colombia	December 31, 2008	4.9
Other		3.3
2008		<u>\$ 11.7</u>

These acquisitions have been accounted for as business combinations. Under the purchase method of accounting, assets acquired and liabilities assumed from these operations are recorded at fair value on the date of acquisition. The consolidated statements of income include the results of operations for each acquired entity from the date of acquisition. The results of the acquired operations were not material to the Company's consolidated statements of income for the periods presented.



**Note 7 – Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets**

**Goodwill**

Goodwill resulted from acquiring businesses the changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	Years Ended December 31,	
	2008	2007
Goodwill:		
Beginning of year	\$ 141.3	124.0
Acquisitions	8.1	7.5
Adjustments (a)	1.8	(3.0)
Foreign currency exchange effects	(11.6)	12.8
End of year	\$ 139.6	141.3

(a) Purchase accounting adjustment occurring in the year following the acquisition and adjustments to valuation allowances for deferred tax assets.

**Other Intangible Assets**

<i>(In millions)</i>	December 31,	
	2008	2007
Finite-lived intangible assets	\$ 39.2	40.7
Accumulated amortization	(18.1)	(15.2)
Intangible assets, net	\$ 21.1	25.5

The Company's other intangible assets are included in other assets on the balance sheet (see note 8) and consist primarily of customer lists and covenants not to compete.

Note 8 – Other Assets

(In millions)	December 31,	
	2008	2007
Deferred subscriber acquisition costs	\$ -	83.2
Intangible assets, net (see note 7)	21.1	25.5
Investment in unconsolidated entities:		
Cost method	23.4	23.4
Equity method	13.1	17.3
Marketable securities (a)	20.1	26.3
Other	29.5	23.1
<b>Other assets (b)</b>	<b>\$ 107.2</b>	<b>198.8</b>

- (a) The Company recorded an other-than-temporary impairment of \$7.1 million on its marketable securities in the fourth quarter of 2008, primarily due to the length of time and severity of the decrease in fair value below cost.  
(b) Includes \$83.2 million of deferred subscriber acquisition costs related to BHS in 2007.

Marketable securities consisted of the following as of December 31, 2008 and 2007:

(In millions)	Cost (a)	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
<i>December 31, 2008</i>				
Mutual funds	\$ 19.2	-	-	19.2
Other	-	0.9	-	0.9
<b>Marketable securities</b>	<b>\$ 19.2</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>20.1</b>
<i>December 31, 2007</i>				
Mutual funds	\$ 24.3	0.7	-	25.0
Other	0.1	1.2	-	1.3
<b>Marketable securities</b>	<b>\$ 24.4</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>26.3</b>

- (a) Cost adjusted for impairment.

There were no marketable securities in an unrealized loss position for more than 12 months as of December 31, 2008 or 2007.

**Note 9 – Accrued Liabilities**

<i>(In millions)</i>	December 31,	
	2008	2007
Payroll and other employee liabilities	\$ 141.0	149.0
Taxes, except income taxes	83.7	91.9
Deferred revenue	-	39.6
Workers' compensation and other claims	23.2	27.6
Retirement benefits other than pensions (see notes 1 and 3)	6.2	6.0
Accrued pension costs	4.2	0.9
Other	102.2	114.7
<b>Accrued liabilities (a)</b>	<b>\$ 360.5</b>	<b>429.7</b>

(a) Includes \$74.2 million related to BHS in 2007.

**Note 10 – Other Liabilities**

<i>(In millions)</i>	December 31,	
	2008	2007
Workers' compensation and other claims	\$ 49.0	59.4
Other	108.6	120.6
<b>Other liabilities (a)</b>	<b>\$ 157.6</b>	<b>180.0</b>

(a) Includes \$10.7 million related to BHS in 2007.

Note 11 – Long-Term Debt

(In millions)	December 31,	
	2008	2007
Bank credit facilities:		
Revolving Facility (year-end weighted average interest rate of 1.6% in 2008 and 5.3% in 2007)	\$ 106.8	19.0
Other non-U.S. dollar-denominated facilities (year-end weighted average interest rate of 5.2 % in 2008 and 6.1% in 2007)	13.3	16.5
	<u>120.1</u>	<u>35.5</u>
Other:		
Capital leases (average rates: 7.5% in 2008 and 7.2% in 2007)	18.1	21.5
Dominion Terminal Associates 6.0% bonds, due 2033	43.2	43.2
Total long-term debt	<u>181.4</u>	<u>100.2</u>
Current maturities of long-term debt:		
Bank credit facilities	0.7	3.4
Capital leases	7.7	7.6
Total current maturities of long-term debt	<u>8.4</u>	<u>11.0</u>
Total long-term debt excluding current maturities	<u>\$ 173.0</u>	<u>89.2</u>

The Company has an unsecured \$400 million revolving bank credit facility (the "Revolving Facility") with a syndicate of banks. The Revolving Facility's interest rate is based on LIBOR plus a margin, prime rate, or competitive bid. The Revolving Facility allows the Company to borrow (or otherwise satisfy credit needs) on a revolving basis over a five-year term ending in August 2011. As of December 31, 2008, \$293.2 million was available under the Revolving Facility. Amounts outstanding under the Revolving Facility were denominated primarily in U.S. dollars and lesser amounts in Canadian dollars as of December 31, 2008.

The margin on LIBOR borrowings under the Revolving Facility which can range from 0.140% to 0.575%, depending on the Company's credit rating, was 0.350% at December 31, 2008. When borrowings and letters of credit under the Revolving Facility are in excess of \$200 million, the applicable interest rate is increased by 0.100% or 0.125%. The Company also pays an annual facility fee on the Revolving Facility based on the Company's credit rating. The facility fee, which can range from 0.060% to 0.175%, was 0.100% at the end of 2008.

On July 23, 2008, the Company entered into a definitive agreement for a new unsecured \$135 million letter of credit facility with a bank (the "Letter of Credit Facility") that became effective in the third quarter of 2008. This replaced a previous \$150 million letter of credit facility that was terminated in the third quarter of 2008. As of December 31, 2008, \$3.6 million was available under the 2008 Facility. The Letter of Credit Facility expires in July 2011. The Revolving Facility and the multi-currency revolving credit facilities (described below) are also used for the issuance of letters of credit and bank guarantees.

The Company has two unsecured multi-currency revolving bank credit facilities with a total of \$50.0 million in available credit, of which approximately \$27.7 million was available at December 31, 2008. Interest on these facilities is based on LIBOR plus a margin. The margin ranges from 0.140% to 0.675%. A \$10 million facility expires in December 2009 and a \$40 million facility expires in December 2011. The Company also has the ability to borrow from other banks under short-term uncommitted agreements. Various foreign subsidiaries maintain other lines of credit and overdraft facilities with a number of banks.

Minimum repayments of long-term debt are as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	Capital leases	Other long-term debt	Total
2009	\$ 7.7	0.7	8.4
2010	5.7	0.7	6.4
2011	2.4	112.7	115.1
2012	0.8	0.6	1.4
2013	0.4	0.3	0.7
Later years	1.1	48.3	49.4
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 18.1</b>	<b>163.3</b>	<b>181.4</b>

**Capital Leases**

Property under capital leases are included in property and equipment as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	December 31,	
	2008	2007
Asset class:		
Buildings	\$ 12.9	17.3
Vehicles	34.1	36.4
Machinery and equipment	7.2	10.4
	54.2	64.1
Less: accumulated amortization	(29.1)	(35.3)
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 25.1</b>	<b>28.8</b>

The Revolving Facility, the Letter of Credit Facility and the two unsecured multi-currency revolving bank credit facilities contain subsidiary guarantees. The Revolving Facility, the Letter of Credit Facility and the multi-currency revolving bank credit facilities also contain various financial and other covenants. The financial covenants, among other things, limit the Company's total indebtedness, limit asset sales, limit the use of proceeds from asset sales and provide for minimum coverage of interest costs. The credit agreements do not provide for the acceleration of payments should the Company's credit rating be reduced. If the Company were not to comply with the terms of the Company's various loan agreements, the repayment terms could be accelerated and the commitments could be withdrawn. An acceleration of the repayment terms under one agreement could trigger the acceleration of the repayment terms under the other loan agreements. The Company was in compliance with all financial covenants at December 31, 2008.

The Company has guaranteed \$43.2 million of bonds issued by the Peninsula Ports Authority of Virginia. The guarantee originated as part of the Company's former interest in Dominion Terminal Associates, a deep water coal terminal. The Company continues to pay interest on and guarantee payment of the \$43.2 million principal amount and ultimately will have to pay for the retirement of the bonds in accordance with the terms of the guarantee. The bonds bear a fixed interest rate of 6.0% and mature in 2033. The bonds may mature prior to 2033 upon the occurrence of specified events such as the determination that the bonds are taxable or the failure of the Company to abide by the terms of its guarantee.

At December 31, 2008, the Company had undrawn unsecured letters of credit and guarantees totaling \$163.1 million, including \$131.4 million issued under the Letter of Credit Facility, and \$17.0 million issued under the multi-currency revolving bank credit facilities. These letters of credit primarily support the Company's obligations under various self-insurance programs and credit facilities.

**Fair Value**

The fair value of the Company's floating-rate short-term and long-term debt approximates the carrying amount. The fair value of the Company's significant fixed rate long-term debt is described below. Fair value is estimated by discounting the future cash flows using rates for similar debt instruments at the valuation date.

<i>(In millions)</i>	December 31,			
	2008		2007	
	Fair Value	Carrying Values	Fair Value	Carrying Values
DTA bonds	\$ 44.5	43.2	47.7	43.2

Note 12 – Accounts Receivable

<i>(In millions)</i>	December 31,	
	2008	2007
Trade	\$ 426.1	474.4
Other	31.4	28.3
	457.5	502.7
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(6.8)	(10.8)
Accounts receivable, net (a)	\$ 450.7	491.9

(a) Includes \$38.1 million related to BHS in 2007.

<i>(In millions)</i>	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
Allowance for doubtful accounts:			
Beginning of year	\$ 10.8	11.6	11.3
Provision for uncollectible accounts receivable (a)	11.9	10.9	7.9
Write offs less recoveries	(10.4)	(12.6)	(7.8)
Charge to other accounts	0.4	0.4	(0.6)
Spin-off of BHS	(4.5)	-	-
Foreign currency exchange effects	(1.4)	0.5	0.8
End of year	\$ 6.8	10.8	11.6

(a) Includes amounts charged to income from continuing and discontinued operations.

**Note 13 – Operating Leases**

The Company leases facilities, vehicles, computers and other equipment under long-term operating and capital leases with varying terms. Most of the operating leases contain renewal and/or purchase options. The Company expects that in the normal course of business, the majority of operating leases will be renewed or replaced by other leases.

As of December 31, 2008, future minimum lease payments under noncancellable operating leases with initial or remaining lease terms in excess of one year are included below.

<i>(In millions)</i>	Facilities	Vehicles	Other	Total
2009	\$ 46.3	24.2	6.7	77.2
2010	37.8	19.9	5.7	63.4
2011	30.1	15.5	4.7	50.3
2012	23.9	11.8	1.5	37.2
2013	20.3	9.1	0.4	29.8
Later years	53.0	11.2	1.1	65.3
	<u>\$ 211.4</u>	<u>91.7</u>	<u>20.1</u>	<u>323.2</u>

Most of the vehicles in North America are leased. These leases contain residual value guarantees. The Company's maximum residual value guarantee was \$60.4 million at December 31, 2008. If the Company continues to renew the leases and pays the lease payments for the vehicles that have been included in the above table, this residual value guarantee will reduce to zero at the end of the final renewal period. In addition, the Company has \$4.9 million of maximum guaranteed residuals on another operating lease.

Net rent expense included in continuing operations amounted to \$97.2 million in 2008, \$87.3 million in 2007 and \$75.7 million in 2006.

**Note 14 – Share-Based Compensation Plans**

The Company has share-based compensation plans to encourage employees and nonemployee directors to remain with the Company and to more closely align their interests with those of the Company's shareholders.

The 2005 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2005 Plan") permits grants of stock options, restricted stock, stock appreciation rights, performance stock and other share-based awards to employees. Through December 31, 2008, only stock options and restricted stock units have been granted under the 2005 Plan. The Company has outstanding stock options granted to employees under a prior stock incentive plan, the 1988 Stock Option Plan (the "1988 Plan").

The Company provides share-based awards to directors through the Non-Employee Directors' Equity Plan (the "Directors' Plan"). Only deferred stock units have been granted under the Directors' Plan in 2008. The Company has outstanding stock options granted to directors under a prior plan, the Non-Employee Directors' Stock Option Plan (the "Prior Directors' Plan").

*General Terms*

Options are granted at a price not less than the average quoted market price on the date of grant. Options granted to employees have a maximum term of six years. All grants of options and restricted stock units to employees under the 2005 Plan either vest over three years from the date of grant or at the end of the third year. Share-based awards granted under the 2005 Plan continue to vest if an employee retires under one of the Company's pension plans.

Deferred stock units granted under the Directors' Plan vest in full one year from the date of grant or upon termination of service. Under the Prior Directors' Plan, options granted had a maximum term of ten years and vested in full at the end of six months.

If a change in control were to occur (as defined in the plan documents), certain awards may become immediately vested.

*Spin-Off of BHS*

Outstanding options, restricted stock units and deferred stock units held by employees and directors remaining with the Company were adjusted at the date of the spin-off of BHS such that the intrinsic value of the award immediately before the spin-off was equal to the intrinsic value of the award immediately after the spin-off. Additionally, for options, the ratio of the exercise price to the market price immediately before the spin-off was equal to the ratio of the exercise price to the market price immediately after the spin-off. No incremental compensation cost resulted from the adjustment to the outstanding awards since the fair values of the awards immediately before the spin-off were either equal to or greater than the fair values of the awards immediately after the spin-off, as measured in accordance with the provisions of SFAS 123(R).

Outstanding options and deferred stock units held by BHS employees and directors transferring to BHS were canceled upon completion of the BHS spin-off.



*Option Activity*

The table below summarizes the activity in all plans for options of the Company's common stock.

	Shares (in thousands)	Weighted- Average Exercise Price Per Share	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in millions)
Outstanding at December 31, 2005	2,339	\$ 28.25		
Granted	610	55.11		
Exercised	(750)	24.82		
Forfeited or expired	(69)	39.90		
Outstanding at December 31, 2006	2,130	36.77		
Granted	636	63.60		
Exercised	(489)	25.78		
Forfeited or expired	(31)	50.63		
Outstanding at December 31, 2007	2,246	46.57		
Granted	541	64.24		
Exercised	(559)	33.34		
Forfeited or expired	(35)	53.54		
Cancelled awards (a)	(389)	58.32		
Adjustment due to spin-off of BHS	1,518	-		
Outstanding at December 31, 2008	3,322	\$ 28.95	4.0	\$ 8.4
Of the above, as of December 31, 2008:				
Exercisable	1,782	\$ 24.52	3.3	\$ 8.4
Expected to vest in future periods (b)	1,455	\$ 34.04	4.8	\$ -

(a) Related to BHS employees and directors.

(b) The number of options expected to vest takes into account an estimate of expected forfeitures. A forfeiture rate of 8% was used in 2008, 2007 and 2006 to estimate the number of options for which vesting is not expected to occur.

The intrinsic value of a stock option is the difference between the market price of the shares underlying the option and the exercise price of the option. The market price at December 31, 2008, was \$26.88 per share. The total intrinsic value of options exercised was \$19.7 million (\$35.24 per share) in 2008, \$17.8 million (\$36.42 per share) in 2007, and \$20.5 million (\$27.37 per share) in 2006. Excluding the 2006 modified options, the total fair value of options vested was \$9.9 million for 2008, \$7.9 million for 2007 and \$4.8 million for 2006.

There were 1.1 million shares of exercisable options with a weighted-average exercise price of \$35.50 per share at December 31, 2007, and 0.9 million shares of exercisable options with a weighted-average exercise price of \$26.31 per share at December 31, 2006.

*Method and Assumptions Used to Estimate Fair Value of Options*

The fair value of each stock option grant is estimated at the time of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. If a different option-pricing model had been used, results may have been different.

The fair value of options that vest entirely at the end of a fixed period, generally three years, is estimated using a single option approach and, except for those granted to employees eligible to retire under one of the Company's pension plans, is generally amortized on a straight-line basis over the vesting period. The fair value of options that vest ratably over three years is estimated using a multiple-option approach and, except for those granted to employees eligible to retire under one of the Company's pension plans, is generally amortized on a straight-line basis over each separate vesting period. Options granted under the plans generally provide for continued vesting if the participants were to elect retirement under one of the Company's pension plans. Upon adoption of SFAS 123(R), compensation cost related to new stock option grants that continue to vest upon retirement is recognized over the period from the grant date to the retirement-eligible date. If the Company had applied this provision prior to the adoption of SFAS 123(R), compensation cost would have been \$0.9 million lower in 2007 and \$1.8 million lower in 2006. The effect in 2008 of not applying this provision was not significant.

The fair value of options granted and modified during the three years ended December 31, 2008, was calculated using the following estimated weighted-average assumptions. In 2006, the Company recognized compensation expense related to all options held by employees of BAX Global that were modified to accelerate vesting provisions.

	Options Granted			Options Modified
	Years Ended December 31,			Year Ended December 31,
	2008	2007	2006	2006
Number of shares underlying options, in thousands	541	636	610	328
Weighted-average exercise price per share	\$ 64.24	63.60	55.11	25.67
Assumptions used to estimate fair value:				
Expected dividend yield (a):				
Weighted-average	0.6%	0.6%	0.5%	0.3%
Range	0.6%	0.6%	0.4%-0.5%	0.2%-0.3%
Expected volatility (b):				
Weighted-average	26%	27%	32%	29%
Range	26%-27%	26%-31%	30%-36%	26%-32%
Risk-free interest rate (c):				
Weighted-average	2.8%	4.9%	5.0%	4.1%
Range	2.0%-3.1%	4.9%-5.0%	4.6%-5.2%	3.7%-4.7%
Expected term in years (d):				
Weighted-average	3.6	3.8	4.3	0.5
Range	2.1-5.4	2.1-6.1	2.7-7.0	0.3-0.7
Weighted-average fair value estimates at grant date:				
In millions	\$ 7.8	10.7	11.0	6.6
Fair value per share	\$ 14.39	16.84	18.04	20.11

(a) The expected dividend yield was calculated by annualizing the cash dividend declared by the Company and dividing that result by the closing stock price on the date of declaration. Dividends are not paid on options.

(b) The expected volatility was estimated after reviewing the historical volatility of the Company's stock using daily close prices.

(c) The risk-free interest rate was based on yields on U.S. Treasury debt at the time of the grant or modification.

(d) The expected term of the options was based on the Company's historical option exercise data, option expiration and post-vesting cancellation behavior.

#### Nonvested Share Activity

	Number of Shares	Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value (d)
Balance as of January 1, 2008	-	\$ -
Granted (a)	43,316	66.27
Cancelled awards (b)	(4,748)	63.22
Adjustment due to spin-off of BHS (c)	32,297	-
Balance as of December 31, 2008	70,865	\$ 36.27

(a) Includes 30,259 restricted stock units under the 2005 Plan and 13,057 deferred stock units under the Directors' Plan.

(b) Related to BHS directors.

(c) Includes 25,339 restricted stock units and 6,958 deferred stock units.

(d) The fair value of each restricted stock unit or deferred stock unit was determined at the time of grant was based on the average of the high and low per share quoted sales prices of the Company's stock, as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transactions Tape. Dividends are paid on nonvested restricted stock units and deferred stock units.

There are 3.6 million shares underlying share-based plans that are authorized, but not yet granted.

As discussed in note 1, the Company adopted SFAS 123(R) on January 1, 2006. Compensation expense and the related tax effect recorded in the consolidated statements of income for 2008, 2007 and 2006 is as follows:

(In millions)	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
Continuing operations:			
Selling, general and administrative expenses	7.8	10.1	9.9
Benefit for income taxes	(2.7)	(3.5)	(3.4)
<b>Expense recorded within discontinued operations (a)</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>5.4</b>

(a) Net of income tax benefit of \$0.6 million in 2008, \$0.6 million in 2007 and \$2.4 million in 2006.

As of December 31, 2008, \$3.7 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to previously granted stock options and nonvested shares is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.6 years.

#### Other Share-Based Compensation

The Company has a deferred compensation plan that allows participants to defer a portion of their compensation into common stock units. Cumulative units credited to employee accounts were 679,681 at December 31, 2008, and 953,953 at December 31, 2007.

The Company has a stock accumulation plan for its non-employee directors denominated in common stock units. Cumulative units credited under the plan were 67,993 at December 31, 2008, and 47,749 at December 31, 2007.

#### Note 15 – Capital Stock

##### Common Stock

At December 31, 2008, the Company had 100 million shares of common stock authorized and 45.7 million shares issued and outstanding.

##### Share Purchases

**2007 Program.** On September 14, 2007, the Company's board of directors authorized the purchase of up to \$100 million of the Company's outstanding common shares. The repurchase authorization does not have an expiration date. Under the program, the Company used \$56.3 million to purchase 883,800 shares of common stock between December 5, 2007, and May 2, 2008, at an average price of \$63.67 per share. The Company used an additional \$3.9 million to purchase 160,500 shares of common stock in the fourth quarter of 2008, at an average price of \$24.03 per share. Through February 4, 2009, the Company used an additional \$6.1 million to purchase 234,456 shares of common stock at an average price of \$26.20 per share. As of February 4, 2009, the Company had \$33.7 million under this program available to purchase shares.

**2006 Program.** Following the self-tender offer, the board authorized additional Company common stock purchases of up to \$100 million from time to time as market conditions warranted and as covenants under existing agreements permitted (the "2006 program"). The 2006 program did not require any specific number of shares be purchased. Under the 2006 program, the Company used \$100 million to purchase 1,823,118 shares of common stock between May 22 and October 5, 2006, at an average price of \$54.85 per share. The Company has no remaining authority under the 2006 program.

**Dutch Auction.** On March 8, 2006, the Company's board of directors authorized a "Dutch auction" self-tender offer to purchase up to 10 million shares of the Company's common stock. Under certain circumstances up to an additional 2% of the outstanding common stock was authorized to be purchased in the tender offer. The tender offer began on March 9, 2006, and expired on April 6, 2006, and was subject to the terms and conditions described in the offering materials mailed to the Company's shareholders and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. On April 11, 2006, the Company purchased 10,355,263 shares in the tender offer at \$51.20 per share for a total of approximately \$530.2 million in cash. The Company incurred \$0.7 million in costs associated with the purchase.

**Dividends**

The Company paid regular quarterly dividends on its Common Stock during the last three years. On January 22, 2009, the board declared a regular quarterly dividend of 10 cents per share payable on March 2, 2009. Future dividends are dependent on the earnings, financial condition, shareholders' equity levels, cash flow and business requirements of the Company, as determined by the board of directors.

**Employee Benefits Trust**

In September 2008, the Company terminated The Brink's Company Employee Benefits Trust (the "Employee Benefits Trust"). Immediately prior to termination, the shares held by the trust were distributed to the Company and the shares were retired. The purpose of the Employee Benefits Trust (prior to termination) was to hold shares of the Company's common stock to fund obligations under compensation and employee benefit programs that provided for the issuance of stock. After the termination of the trust, newly issued shares are used to satisfy these programs.

Through 2007, shares of common stock were voted by the trustee in the same proportion as the shares of common stock voted by the Company's employees participating in the Company's 401(k) plan. The Company's 401(k) plan divested all shares of Company common stock in January 2008. After the 401(k) plan divested all shares of Company common stock, shares of the trust were not voted in matters voted on by shareholders.

**Preferred Stock**

At December 31, 2008, the Company has the authority to issue up to 2.0 million shares of preferred stock, par value \$10 per share.

**Series A Preferred Stock Rights Agreement**

On September 25, 2007, the "Expiration Date" occurred under the Amended and Restated Rights Agreement, dated as of September 1, 2003, between the Company and American Stock Transfer & Trust Company (successor to Equiserve Trust Company, N.A.), as amended by Amendment No. 1 thereto, dated September 25, 2006, between the Company and American Stock Transfer & Trust Company (the "Rights Agreement"). As a result, the Rights Agreement and the rights issued thereunder expired by their own terms and each share of common stock, par value \$1.00 per share, of the Company no longer is accompanied by a right to purchase, under certain circumstances, one one-thousandth of a share of Series A Participating Cumulative Preferred Stock of the Company. Prior to expiration, the Rights Agreement gave holders of common stock the right to purchase Series A Participating Cumulative Preferred Stock if, among other things, a third-party accumulated more than 15% of the voting rights of all outstanding common stock.

**Shares Used to Calculate Earnings per Share**

<i>(In millions)</i>	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
<b>Weighted-average shares</b>			
Basic (a)	46.3	46.5	50.0
Effect of dilutive stock awards	0.4	0.5	0.5
Diluted	46.7	47.0	50.5
Antidilutive stock awards excluded from denominator	0.6	0.4	0.3

(a) The Company has deferred compensation plans for its employees and directors denominated in common stock units. Each unit represents one share of common stock. The number of shares used to calculate basic earnings per share includes the weighted-average units credited to employees and directors under the deferred compensation plans. Accordingly, included in basic shares are weighted-average units of 0.7 million in 2008, 1.0 million in 2007 and 1.0 million in 2006.

Shares of the Company's common stock held by the Employee Benefits Trust in 2007 and 2006 that were not allocated to participants under the Company's various benefit plans were excluded from earnings per share calculations since they were treated as treasury shares for the calculation of earnings per share. The Employee Benefits Trust held 1.7 million unallocated shares at December 31, 2007, and 2.3 million unallocated shares at December 31, 2006. As discussed above, the trust was terminated in September 2008.

**Note 16 – Discontinued Operations**

(In millions)	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
BHS:			
Results from operations (a)	\$ 105.4	112.9	98.7
Expense associated with the spin-off	(13.0)	-	-
United Kingdom domestic cash handling operations:			
Gain on sale	-	1.5	-
Results from operations (b)	-	(13.9)	(10.0)
BAX Global:			
Gain on sale	-	-	586.7
Results from operations (c)	-	-	7.0
Adjustments to contingent liabilities and assets of former operations:			
Health Benefit Act liabilities	0.2	1.7	148.3
Withdrawal liabilities	-	-	9.9
Other	4.7	(1.8)	(0.6)
Income from discontinued operations before income taxes	97.3	100.4	840.0
Provision for income taxes	45.8	41.5	305.9
Income from discontinued operations	\$ 51.5	58.9	534.1

(a) Revenues of BHS were \$442.4 million in 2008 (partial year), \$484.4 million in 2007 and \$439.0 million in 2006.

(b) Revenues of the United Kingdom domestic cash handling operations were \$28.9 million in 2007 (partial year) and \$44.3 million in 2006.

(c) Revenues of BAX Global were \$230.0 million in 2006 (partial year). In accordance with SFAS 144, *Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets*, BAX Global ceased depreciating and amortizing long-lived assets after November 2005, the date that BAX Global was classified as held for sale. Had BAX Global not ceased depreciation and amortization, its pretax income would have been \$3.3 million lower in 2006.

**BHS Spin-off**

On October 31, 2008, the Company completed the 100% spin-off of BHS, the Company's former monitored security business in North America. The spin-off of BHS was in the form of a tax-free stock distribution to the Company's shareholders of record as of the close of business on October 21, 2008. The Company distributed one share of BHS common stock for every share of its common stock outstanding.

The Company contributed \$50 million in cash to BHS at the time of the spin-off. The Company also forgave all the existing intercompany debt owed by BHS to the Company as of the distribution date.

After the spin-off, the Company reclassified BHS' results of operations, including previously reported results and corporate expenses directly related to the spin-off, within discontinued operations.

**United Kingdom Domestic Cash Handling Operations**

During 2007, the Company sold Brink's United Kingdom domestic cash handling operations for \$2.2 million in cash and recognized a \$1.5 million gain on the sale. These operations recorded a \$7.5 million impairment charge in 2007, primarily related to writing down leasehold improvements and vehicles to estimated fair value due to the loss of customers. These operations have been reported as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

**BAX Global**

On January 31, 2006, the Company sold BAX Global, a wholly owned freight transportation subsidiary, for approximately \$1 billion in cash, resulting in a pretax gain of approximately \$587 million (\$375 million after tax). The operating results of BAX Global's operations through the date of sale have been classified as discontinued operations.

**Interest Expense**

Interest expense included in discontinued operations was \$0.3 million in 2008, \$0.6 million in 2007 and \$1.3 million in 2006. Interest expense recorded in discontinued operations includes only interest on third-party borrowings made directly by BHS, BAX Global and Brink's United Kingdom domestic cash handling operations.

**Adjustments to Contingent Assets and Liabilities of Former Operations**

Adjustments to contingent assets and liabilities related to former operations, including those related to reclamation matters, worker's compensation claims, multi-employer pension plan withdrawal liabilities, the Health Benefit Act liabilities and remaining legal contingencies are reported within discontinued operations.

**Health Benefit Act Liabilities.** The Company is obligated to pay premiums to the United Mine Workers of America Combined Benefit Fund pursuant to rules established by the *Coal Industry Retiree Health Benefit Act of 1992*, as amended (the "Health Benefit Act"). Health Benefit Act liabilities are recorded when they are probable and estimable in accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") 92-13, *Accounting for Estimated Payments in Connection with the Coal Industry Retiree Health Benefit Act of 1992*. The *Tax Relief and Health Care Act of 2006* (the "2006 Act") substantially reduced our Health Benefit Act obligations and provided elective mechanisms to reduce the impact of joint and several liability on the Company and its assets. The Company recorded a \$148.3 million pretax gain within discontinued operations during 2006 primarily due to the effects of the 2006 Act.

**Withdrawal Liabilities.** In 2006, the Company settled its multi-employer pension withdrawal liabilities related to the Company's former coal operations and made final payments to the plans of \$20.4 million, resulting in a \$9.9 million pretax gain recognized in discontinued operations.

**Note 17 – Supplemental Cash Flow Information**

<i>(In millions)</i>	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
Cash paid for:			
Interest	\$ 12.1	10.1	12.3
Income taxes, net (a)	69.2	65.5	118.7

(a) Without the gain on sale of BAX Global and the related use of proceeds, cash paid for income taxes in 2006 would have been approximately \$75 million.

**Note 18 – Other Operating Income, Net**

(In millions)	Years Ended December 31,			% change	
	2008	2007	2006	2008	2007
Foreign currency transaction losses, net	\$ (18.1)	(9.5)	(0.9)	91	200+
Gains on sale of operating assets and mineral rights, net	13.1	4.6	0.4	185	200+
Share in earnings of equity affiliates	5.0	3.3	3.3	52	-
Royalty income	2.8	1.3	1.7	115	(24)
Impairment losses	(1.9)	(2.5)	(1.5)	(24)	67
Other	3.7	3.9	3.2	(5)	22
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 4.6</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>200+</b>	<b>(82)</b>

Other operating income, net, included \$8.6 million of higher foreign currency transaction losses in 2008. The increase was primarily related to the remeasurement of foreign currency-denominated intercompany dividends.

On November 14, 2008, the Company completed the sale of certain coal assets to Massey Energy Company (“Massey”) for \$10.2 million in cash and the buyer’s assumption of related leasehold and reclamation liabilities. The Company recognized a gain of \$12.4 million on this transaction in 2008, and the Company deferred \$4 million in gains pending the formal transfer of liabilities. Massey has also agreed to purchase other assets and related leasehold rights, pending satisfaction of certain conditions.

**Note 19 – Interest and Other Nonoperating Income (Expense), Net**

(In millions)	Years Ended December 31,			% change	
	2008	2007	2006	2008	2007
Interest income	\$ 15.0	8.7	13.9	72	(37)
Other-than-temporary impairment of marketable securities	(7.1)	-	-	NM	-
Dividend income from real estate investment	-	0.5	5.1	(100)	(90)
Senior Notes prepayment make-whole amount	-	-	(1.6)	-	(100)
Other, net	0.2	1.3	(0.5)	(85)	NM
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 8.1</b>	<b>10.5</b>	<b>16.9</b>	<b>(23)</b>	<b>(38)</b>

In 2008, the Company recognized a \$7.1 million other-than-temporary impairment loss on marketable securities. The Company concluded the impairment of the securities was not temporary based on the length of time and the degree to which the fair value had been below the securities’ \$26.3 million cost basis.

**Note 20 – Other Commitments and Contingencies**

**Surety Bonds and Letters of Credit**

The Company is required by various state and federal laws to provide security with regard to its obligations to pay workers' compensation benefits, reclaim lands used for mining by the Company's former coal operations and satisfy other obligations. As of December 31, 2008, the Company had outstanding surety bonds with third parties totaling approximately \$38.6 million that it has arranged in order to satisfy various security requirements. Most of these bonds provide financial security for obligations which have already been recorded as liabilities. Surety bonds are typically renewable on a yearly basis; however, there can be no assurance the bonds will be renewed or that premiums in the future will not increase.

The Company believes that it has adequate available borrowing capacity under its Letter of Credit Facility and its Revolving Facility to provide letters of credit or other collateral to secure its obligations if the remaining surety bonds are not renewed.

The Company has issued letters of credit of \$131.4 million under its \$135 million Letter of Credit Facility, described in "Long-Term Debt" above. At December 31, 2008, all of these issued letters of credit were being used to secure various obligations.

**Former Operations**

BAX Global, a former business unit of the Company, is defending a claim related to the apparent diversion by a third party of goods being transported for a customer. Although BAX Global is defending this claim vigorously and believes that its defenses have merit, it is possible that this claim ultimately may be decided in favor of the claimant. If so, the Company expects that the ultimate amount of reasonably possible unaccrued losses could range from \$0 to \$14 million. The Company has contractually indemnified the purchaser of BAX Global for this contingency.

**Value-added taxes ("VAT") and customs duties**

During 2004, the Company determined that one of its non-U.S. Brink's business units had not paid customs duties and VAT with respect to the importation of certain goods and services. The Company was advised that civil and criminal penalties could be asserted for the non-payment of these customs duties and VAT. Although no penalties have been asserted to date, they could be asserted at any time. The business unit has provided the appropriate government authorities with an accounting of unpaid customs duties and VAT and has made payments covering its calculated unpaid VAT. The Company believes that the range of reasonably possible losses is between \$0.4 million and \$3.0 million for potential penalties on unpaid VAT and have accrued \$0.4 million. The Company believes that the range of possible losses for unpaid customs duties and associated penalties, none of which has been accrued, is between \$0 and \$35 million. The Company believes that the assertion of the penalties on unpaid customs duties would be excessive and would vigorously defend against any such assertion. The Company does not expect to be assessed interest charges in connection with any penalties that may be asserted. The Company continues to diligently pursue the timely resolution of this matter and, accordingly, the Company's estimate of the potential losses could change materially in future periods. The assertion of potential penalties may be material to the Company's financial position and results of operations.

**Other**

The Company is involved in various lawsuits and claims in the ordinary course of business. The Company is not able to estimate the range of losses for some of these matters. The Company has recorded accruals for losses that are considered probable and reasonably estimable. The Company does not believe that the ultimate disposition of any of these matters will have a material adverse effect on its liquidity, financial position or results of operations.

**Purchase Obligations**

At December 31, 2008, the Company had noncancellable commitments for \$21.7 million in equipment purchases, and information technology and other services.



Note 21 – Selected Quarterly Financial Data (unaudited)

(In millions, except per share amounts)	2008 Quarters				2007 Quarters			
	1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4 <sup>th</sup>
Revenues	\$ 792.8	797.8	813.4	759.5	\$ 625.8	659.3	692.7	756.8
Segment operating profit	82.0	52.6	68.1	69.2	51.0	42.9	53.0	76.4
Operating profit	66.5	42.8	49.8	69.4	36.5	28.6	35.3	60.6
Income (loss) from:								
Continuing operations	\$ 32.9	30.7	29.5	38.7	\$ 13.8	13.9	14.9	35.8
Discontinued operations	17.2	18.0	18.5	(2.2)	14.9	14.4	11.0	18.6
Net income	\$ 50.1	48.7	48.0	36.5	\$ 28.7	28.3	25.9	54.4
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 29.8	31.3	31.5	29.7	\$ 24.9	26.1	28.8	30.2
Capital expenditures	31.5	38.9	49.0	45.9	26.3	31.1	36.0	48.4
Earnings (loss) per common share:								
Basic:								
Continuing operations	\$ 0.71	0.67	0.64	0.83	\$ 0.30	0.30	0.32	0.77
Discontinued operations	0.37	0.39	0.40	(0.04)	0.32	0.31	0.24	0.40
Net income	\$ 1.08	1.06	1.04	0.79	\$ 0.62	0.61	0.56	1.17
Diluted:								
Continuing operations	\$ 0.70	0.66	0.64	0.83	\$ 0.29	0.29	0.32	0.76
Discontinued operations	0.37	0.39	0.39	(0.04)	0.32	0.31	0.23	0.40
Net income	\$ 1.07	1.05	1.03	0.78	\$ 0.61	0.60	0.55	1.15

Earnings per share amounts for each quarter are required to be computed independently. As a result, their sum may not equal the annual earnings per share.

Fourth-quarter 2008 results include a pretax gain of \$12 million on the sale of coal assets and a pretax loss of \$7 million related to the impairment of investment assets. During the fourth quarter of 2008, the Company identified and corrected certain accounting items which decreased income from continuing operations in the period by \$3 million. The effect of these corrections was not material to any prior quarter or annual period.

**ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE**

Not applicable.

**ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

Pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company carried out an evaluation, with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined under Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Vice President and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective in ensuring that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There has been no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended December 31, 2008, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Reference is made to pages 58 and 59 for Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and the Attestation Report of the Registered Public Accounting Firm.

**ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION**

Not applicable.

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**PART III**

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**ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The Company has adopted a Business Code of Ethics that applies to all of the directors, officers and employees (including the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Controller) and has posted the Code on the Company's website. The Company intends to satisfy the disclosure requirement under Item 5.05 of Form 8-K relating to amendments to or waivers from any provision of the Business Code of Ethics applicable to the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer or Controller by posting this information on the website. The internet address is [www.brinkscorporate.com](http://www.brinkscorporate.com).

The Company's Chief Executive Officer is required to make, and he has made, an annual certification to the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") stating that he was not aware of any violation by the Company of the corporate governance listing standards of the NYSE. The Company's Chief Executive Officer made his annual certification to that effect to the NYSE as of May 30, 2008. In addition, the Company is filing, as exhibits to this Annual Report on Form 10-K, the certification of its principal executive officer and principal financial officer required under sections 906 and 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission regarding the quality of its public disclosure.

The information regarding executive officers is included in this report following Item 4, under the caption "Executive Officers of the Registrant." Other information required by Item 10 is herein incorporated by reference to the Company's definitive proxy statement to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A within 120 days after December 31, 2008.

**ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

The information required by Item 11 is incorporated by reference to the Company's definitive proxy statement to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A within 120 days after December 31, 2008.

**ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS**

The information required by Item 12 is incorporated by reference to the Company's definitive proxy statement to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A within 120 days after December 31, 2008.

**ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE**

The information required by Item 13 is incorporated by reference to the Company's definitive proxy statement to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A within 120 days after December 31, 2008.

**ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES**

The information required by Item 14 is incorporated by reference to the Company's definitive proxy statement to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A within 120 days after December 31, 2008.

**ITEM 15. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES**

- (a)
1. All financial statements – see pages 57 – 104.
  2. Financial statement schedules – not applicable.
  3. Exhibits – see exhibit index.

**Undertaking**

For the purposes of complying with the amendments to the rules governing Form S-8 (effective July 13, 1990) under the Securities Act of 1933, the undersigned Registrant hereby undertakes as follows, which undertaking shall be incorporated by reference into Registrant's Registration Statements on Form S-8 Nos. 2-64258, 33-2039, 33-21393, 33-23333, 33-69040, 33-53565, 333-02219, 333-78631, 333-78633, 333-70758, 333-70772, 333-70766, 333-70762 and 333-146673. Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the Registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the Registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933 and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against liabilities (other than the payment by the Registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the Registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the Registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

**Signatures**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, on March 2, 2009.

The Brink's Company  
(Registrant)

By

/s/ M. T. Dan  
(M. T. Dan,  
Chairman, President and  
Chief Executive Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities indicated, on March 2, 2009.

<u>Signatures</u>	<u>Title</u>
R. G. Ackerman*	Director
B. C. Alewine*	Director
J. R. Barker*	Director
M. C. Breslawsky*	Director
<u>/s/ M. J. Cazer</u> (M. J. Cazer)	Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer)
<u>/s/ M. T. Dan</u> (M. T. Dan)	Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer)
M. J. Herling*	Director
T. R. Hudson Jr.*	Director
M. D. Martin*	Director
<u>/s/ M. A. P. Schumacher</u> (M. A. P. Schumacher)	Controller (principal accounting officer)
R. J. Strang*	Director
R. L. Turner*	Director
*By <u>/s/ M. T. Dan</u> (M. T. Dan, Attorney-in-Fact)	

## Exhibit Index

Each exhibit listed as a previously filed document is hereby incorporated by reference to such document.

### Exhibit Number Description

- 2(i) Shareholders' Agreement, dated as of January 10, 1997, between Brink's Security International, Inc., and Valores Tamanaco, C.A. Exhibit 10(w) to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1998.
- 3(i) Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Registrant. Exhibit 3(i) to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed November 20, 2007.
- 3(ii) Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Registrant. Exhibit 3(ii) to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 22, 2009.
- 10(a)\* Key Employees Incentive Plan, as amended and restated as of November 16, 2007. Exhibit 10(a) to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007 (the "2007 Form 10-K")
- 10(b)\* Key Employees' Deferred Compensation Program, as amended and restated as of November 13, 2008.
- 10(c)\*
  - (i) Pension Equalization Plan as amended and restated, effective as of October 22, 2008. Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2008 (the "Third Quarter 2008 Form 10-Q")
  - (ii) Amended and Restated Trust Agreement, dated December 1, 1997, between the Registrant and Chase Manhattan Bank, as Trustee (the "Trust Agreement"). Exhibit 10(e)(ii) to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1997 (the "1997 Form 10-K").
  - (iii) Amendment No. 1 to Trust Agreement, dated as of August 18, 1999. Exhibit 10(c)(iii) to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1999 (the "1999 Form 10-K").
  - (iv) Amendment No. 2 to Trust Agreement, dated as of July 26, 2001. Exhibit 10(c)(iv) to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002 (the "2002 Form 10-K").
  - (v) Amendment No. 3 to Trust Agreement, dated as of September 18, 2002. Exhibit 10(c)(v) to the 2002 Form 10-K.
  - (vi) Amendment No. 4 to Trust Agreement, dated as of September 22, 2003. Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2003 (the "Third Quarter 2003 Form 10-Q").
  - (vii) Amendment No. 5 to Trust Agreement, dated as of September 20, 2004. Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2004.
  - (viii) Amendment No. 6 to Trust Agreement, dated as of November 22, 2004. Exhibit 99.4 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed November 22, 2004.
- 10(d)\* Executive Salary Continuation Plan. Exhibit 10(e) to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1991 (the "1991 Form 10-K").
- 10(e)\* 1988 Stock Option Plan, as amended and restated as of January 14, 2000. Exhibit 10(f) to the 1999 Form 10-K.
- 10(f)\* 2005 Equity Incentive Plan, as amended and restated as of November 14, 2008.
- 10(g)\* Form of Option Agreement for options granted under 2005 Equity Incentive Plan. Exhibit 99 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed July 13, 2005.
- 10(h)\* Management Performance Improvement Plan, as amended and restated as of November 16, 2007. Exhibit 10(h) to the 2007 Form 10-K.
- 10(i)\*
  - (i) Form of change in control agreement replacing all prior change in control agreements and amendments and modifications thereto, between the Registrant and Frank T. Lennon. Exhibit 10(l)(ii) to the 1997 Form 10-K.

- (ii) Form of First Amendment to change in control agreement. Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed March 28, 2007.
  - (iii) Form of Amendment No. 2 to change in control agreement.
- 10(j)\*
- (i) Form of severance agreement between the Registrant and Frank T. Lennon. Exhibit 10(o)(ii) to the 1997 Form 10-K.
  - (ii) Form of Amendment No. 1 to severance agreement.
- 10(k)\*
- (i) Employment Agreement dated as of May 4, 1998, among the Registrant, Brink's, Incorporated and Michael T. Dan. Exhibit 10(a) to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1998 (the "Third Quarter 1998 Form 10-Q").
  - (ii) Amendment No. 1 to Employment Agreement among the Registrant, Brink's, Incorporated and Michael T. Dan. Exhibit 10 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2002.
  - (iii) Amendment No. 2 to Employment Agreement among the Registrant, Brink's, Incorporated and Michael T. Dan. Exhibit 10 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed March 10, 2006.
  - (iv) Amendment No. 3 to Employment Agreement among the Registrant, Brink's, Incorporated and Michael T. Dan.
- 10(l)\*
- (i) Executive Agreement dated as of May 4, 1998, among the Registrant, Brink's, Incorporated and Michael T. Dan. Exhibit 10(b) to the Third Quarter 1998 Form 10-Q.
  - (ii) Amendment No. 1 to Executive Agreement among the Registrant, Brink's, Incorporated and Michael T. Dan. Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed March 28, 2007.
  - (iii) Amendment No. 2 to Executive Agreement among the Registrant, Brink's, Incorporated and Michael T. Dan.
- 10(m)\*
- (i) Change in Control Agreement dated as of April 7, 2008, between the Registrant and Michael J. Cazer. Exhibit 10.3 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 5, 2008.
  - (ii) Amendment No. 1 to Change in Control Agreement between the Registrant and Michael J. Cazer.
- 10(n)\*
- (i) Severance Agreement dated as of April 7, 2008, between the Registrant and Michael J. Cazer. Exhibit 10.4 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 5, 2008.
  - (ii) Amendment No. 1 to Severance Agreement between the Registrant and Michael J. Cazer.
- 10(o)\*
- (i) Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement, dated as of April 7, 2008, between the Registrant and Michael J. Cazer. Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 5, 2008.
  - (ii) Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement, dated as of April 7, 2008, between the Registrant and Michael J. Cazer. Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 5, 2008.
- 10(p)\*
- (i) Change in Control Agreement dated as of September 15, 2008, between the Registrant and McAlister C. Marshall, II.
  - (ii) Amendment No. 1 to Change in Control Agreement between the Registrant and McAlister C. Marshall, II.
- 10(q)\*
- Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement, dated as of September 15, 2008, between the Registrant and McAlister C. Marshall, II.
- 10(r)\*
- (i) Change in Control Agreement dated as of December 1, 2006, between the Registrant and Matthew A.P. Schumacher.
  - (ii) Amendment No. 1 to Change in Control Agreement between the Registrant and Matthew A.P. Schumacher.

- (iii) Amendment No. 2 to Change in Control Agreement between the Registrant and Matthew A.P. Schumacher.
- 10(s)\* Form of Indemnification Agreement entered into by the Registrant with its directors and officers. Exhibit 10(l) to the 1991 Form 10-K.
- 10(t)\* (i) Retirement Plan for Non-Employee Directors, as amended. Exhibit 10(g) to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1994 (the "Third Quarter 1994 Form 10-Q").
- (ii) Form of letter agreement dated as of September 16, 1994, between the Registrant and its Non-Employee Directors pursuant to Retirement Plan for Non-Employee Directors. Exhibit 10(h) to the Third Quarter 1994 Form 10-Q.
- 10(u)\* Non-Employee Directors' Stock Option Plan, as amended and restated as of July 8, 2005. Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2005.
- 10(v)\* Directors' Stock Accumulation Plan, as amended and restated as of September 12, 2008. Exhibit 10.1 to the Third Quarter 2008 Form 10-Q.
- 10(w)\* Non-Employee Directors' Equity Plan. Annex B to the Proxy Statement for the Registrant's 2008 Annual Meeting of Shareholders.
- 10(x)\* Form of Award Agreement for deferred stock units granted under Non-Employee Directors' Equity Plan. Exhibit 10.3 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2008 (the "Second Quarter 2008 Form 10-Q").
- 10(y)\* Plan for Deferral of Directors' Fees, as amended and restated as of November 14, 2008.
- 10(z) (i) Trust Agreement for The Brink's Company Employee Welfare Benefit Trust. Exhibit 10(t) to the 1999 Form 10-K.
- (ii) First Amendment of The Brink's Company Employee Welfare Benefit Trust, dated as of November 1, 2001. Exhibit 10(t)(ii) to the 2007 Form 10-K.
- (iii) Second Amendment of The Brink's Company Employee Welfare Benefit Trust, dated as of September 30, 2003. Exhibit 10(t)(iii) to the 2007 Form 10-K.
- 10(aa) (i) \$43,160,000 Bond Purchase Agreement, dated September 17, 2003, among the Peninsula Ports Authority of Virginia, Dominion Terminal Associates, Pittston Coal Terminal Corporation and the Registrant. Exhibit 10.2(i) to the Third Quarter 2003 Form 10-Q.
- (ii) Loan Agreement between the Peninsula Ports Authority of Virginia and Dominion Terminal Associates, dated September 1, 2003. Exhibit 10.2(ii) to the Third Quarter 2003 Form 10-Q.
- (iii) Indenture and Trust between the Peninsula Ports Authority of Virginia and Wachovia Bank, National Association ("Wachovia"), as trustee, dated September 1, 2003. Exhibit 10.2(iii) to the Third Quarter 2003 Form 10-Q.
- (iv) Parent Company Guaranty Agreement, dated September 1, 2003, made by the Registrant for the benefit of Wachovia. Exhibit 10.2(iv) to the Third Quarter 2003 Form 10-Q.
- (v) Continuing Disclosure Undertaking between the Registrant and Wachovia, dated September 24, 2003. Exhibit 10.2(v) to the Third Quarter 2003 Form 10-Q.
- (vi) Coal Terminal Revenue Refunding Bond (Dominion Terminal Associates Project – Brink's Issue) Series 2003. Exhibit 10.2(vi) to the Third Quarter 2003 Form 10-Q.
- 10(bb) \$135,000,000 Letter of Credit Agreement, dated as of July 23, 2008 with an effective date of August 13, 2008, among the Registrant, certain of the Registrant's subsidiaries and ABN AMRO Bank N.V. Exhibit 10.1 to Second Quarter 2008 Form 10-Q.
- 10(cc) (i) Credit Agreement, dated July 13, 2005, among the Registrant, certain of its subsidiaries and ABN AMRO Bank N.V. Exhibit 99 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed July 15, 2005.



- (ii) First Amendment to Credit Agreement, entered into as of December 22, 2006, by and among the Registrant, Brink's, Incorporated and ABN AMRO Bank N.V. Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 22, 2006.
- (iii) Second Amendment to Credit Agreement, entered into as of March 24, 2008, by and among the Registrant, Brink's, Incorporated and ABN AMRO Bank N.V.
- 10(dd) \$400,000,000 Credit Agreement among the Registrant, as Parent Borrower, the Subsidiary Borrowers referred to therein, certain of Parent Borrower's Subsidiaries, as Guarantors, Various Lenders, Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ Trust Company, as Documentation Agent, Bank of America, N.A. and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Syndication Agents, and Wachovia Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent, an Issuing Lender and Swingline Lender, dated as of August 11, 2006. Exhibit 10(ee) to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed August 11, 2006.
- 10(ee) Stock Purchase Agreement, dated as of November 15, 2005, by and among BAX Holding Company, BAX Global Inc., The Brink's Company and Deutsche Bahn AG. Exhibit 2.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed November 16, 2005.
- 10(ff) Separation and Distribution Agreement between the Registrant and Brink's Home Security Holdings, Inc. dated as of October 31, 2008. Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed November 5, 2008.
- 10(gg) Brand Licensing Agreement between Brink's Network, Incorporated and Brink's Home Security Holdings, Inc. dated as of October 31, 2008. Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed November 5, 2008.
- 10(hh) Tax Matters Agreement between the Registrant and Brink's Home Security Holdings, Inc. dated as of October 31, 2008. Exhibit 10.3 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed November 5, 2008.
- 10(ii) Non-Competition and Non-Solicitation Agreement between the Registrant and Brink's Home Security Holdings, Inc. dated as of October 31, 2008. Exhibit 10.4 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed November 5, 2008.
- 10(jj) Employee Matters Agreement between the Registrant and Brink's Home Security Holdings, Inc. dated as of October 31, 2008. Exhibit 10.5 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed November 5, 2008.
- 21 Subsidiaries of the Registrant.
- 23 Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.
- 24 Powers of Attorney.
- 31 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certifications.
- 32 Section 1350 Certifications.
- 99(a)\* Excerpt from Pension-Retirement Plan relating to preservation of assets of the Pension-Retirement Plan upon a change in control.

\*Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.



**Key Employees' Deferred  
Compensation Program**  
as Amended and Restated as of November 13, 2008

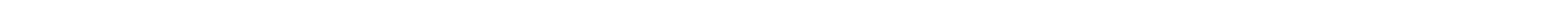


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Key Employees' Deferred Compensation Program of

The Brink's Company

As Amended and Restated

As of November 13, 2008

PREAMBLE

The Key Employees' Deferred Compensation Program of The Brink's Company (the "Program"), as amended and restated as of the Distribution Date, is a continuation and improvement of the Program as in effect immediately prior to such date. Effective January 14, 2000, the Program was amended and restated to reflect the exchange of .4848 of a share of Pittston Brink's Group Common Stock for each outstanding share of Pittston BAX Group Common Stock and .0817 of a share of Pittston Brink's Group Common stock for each outstanding share of Pittston Minerals Group Common Stock. In addition, effective as of January 14, 2000, participants may defer amounts payable under The Brink's Company Management Performance Improvement Plan.

The Program continues to provide an opportunity to certain employees to defer receipt of (a) all or part of their cash incentive payments awarded under the Key Employees Incentive Plan of The Brink's Company; (b) up to 50% of their base salary; and (c) any or all amounts that are prevented from being deferred as a matched contribution (and the related matching contribution) under The Brink's Company 401(k) Plan as a result of limitations imposed by Sections 401(a)(17), 401(k)(3), 402(g) and 415 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code").

In order to align the interests of participants more closely to the long-term interests of The Brink's Company (the "Company") and its shareholders, effective June 1, 1995, the Program was

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amended to provide matching contributions with respect to certain cash incentive awards and salary deferrals and to provide that an amount equivalent to matching contributions that are not eligible to be made under the Savings Plan as a result of limitations imposed by Code Section 401(m)(2) shall be allocated under this Program.

The Program was again amended and restated effective as of January 19, 1996, to reflect the redesignation of the Pittston Services Group Common Stock as Brink's Group Common Stock and the creation of a new class of common stock designated as Pittston BAX Group Common Stock.

Effective January 1, 2005, the Program was amended to comply with the provisions of Code Section 409A and the Proposed Treasury Regulations issued thereunder. The Program was further amended effective November 16, 2007 and November 13, 2008 to clarify certain provisions in compliance with Code Section 409A and the Final Treasury Regulations issued thereunder. Each provision and term of the amendment should be interpreted accordingly, but if any provision or term of such amendment would be prohibited by or be inconsistent with Code Section 409A, then such provision or term shall be deemed to be reformed to comply with Code Section 409A without affecting the remainder of such amendment.

Effective January 1, 2007, the Program was amended to change the crediting date for Salary, Supplemental Savings, and Key Employee Incentive Program (KEIP) deferrals and related matching contributions, as well as for Management Performance Incentive Plan (MPIP) deferrals under the Program. The Program was also amended to remove provisions relating to minimum distributions attributable to deferrals elected for services rendered on or after January 1, 2007.

Effective on the Distribution Date, the Program was amended to make certain changes in connection with the separation of Brink's Home Security Holdings, Inc. ("BHS") from the Company pursuant to the consummation of the distribution, on a pro rata basis, by the Company to the record holders of the Company of all of the outstanding shares of BHS common stock owned by the Company on the date of the distribution (the "Distribution"). The Program is an unfunded plan maintained primarily for the purpose of providing deferred compensation for a select group of management or highly compensated employees, within the meaning of Section 201(2) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended.

ARTICLE I

Definitions

Wherever used in the Program, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated:

BAX Exchange Ratio: The ratio whereby .4848 of a share of Brink's Stock will be exchanged for each outstanding share of BAX Stock on the Exchange Date.

BAX Stock: Pittston BAX Group Common Stock, par value \$1.00 per share.

BAX Unit: The equivalent of one share of BAX Stock credited to an Employee's Incentive Account.

BHS Program: The Brink's Home Security Holdings, Inc. Key Employees' Deferred Compensation Program.

BHS Stock: Brink's Home Security Holdings, Inc. common stock, no par value.

Board: The Board of Directors of the Company.

Brink's Adjustment Ratio: A fraction, the numerator of which is the per share closing sales price of Brink's Stock on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transactions Tape



trading "with due bills" on the Distribution Date and the denominator of which is the per share closing sales price of Brink's Stock on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transactions Tape trading "ex-dividend" on the Distribution Date or, if there is no "ex-dividend" market for Brink's Stock on such date, the difference between (a) the per share closing sales price of Brink's Stock on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transactions Tape trading "with due bills" on the Distribution Date and (b) the product of (i) the per share closing sales price of BHS Stock on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape trading on a "when issued" basis on the Distribution Date and (ii) the number of shares of BHS Stock distributed with respect to each share of Brink's Stock in the Distribution.

Brink's Stock: The Brink's Group Common Stock, par value \$1.00 per share.

Brink's Unit: The equivalent of one share of Brink's Stock credited to an Employee's Incentive Account.

Change in Control: A Change in Control shall mean the occurrence of:

(a) (i) any consolidation or merger of the Company in which the Company is not the continuing or surviving corporation or pursuant to which the shares of Brink's Stock would be converted into cash, securities or other property other than a consolidation or merger in which holders of the total voting power in the election of directors of the Company of Brink's Stock outstanding (exclusive of shares held by the Company's affiliates) (the "Total Voting Power") immediately prior to the consolidation or merger will have the same proportionate ownership of the total voting power in the election of directors of the surviving corporation immediately after the consolidation or merger, or (ii) any sale, lease, exchange or other transfer (in one transaction or a series of transactions) of all or substantially all the assets of the Company; provided, however, that with respect to any Brink's Units credited to an Employee's Incentive Account as of

November 16, 2007 that are attributable to Matching Incentive Contributions, Matching Salary Contributions or dividends related thereto, a "Change in Control" shall be deemed to occur upon the approval of the shareholders of the Company (or if such approval is not required, the approval of the Board) of any of the transactions set forth in clauses (i) or (ii) of this sub-paragraph (a);

(b) any "person" (as defined in Section 13(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Act")) other than the Company, its affiliates or an employee benefit plan or trust maintained by the Company or its affiliates, shall become the "beneficial owner" (as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Act), directly or indirectly, of more than 20% of the Total Voting Power; or

(c) at any time during a period of two consecutive years, individuals who at the beginning of such period constituted the Board shall cease for any reason to constitute at least a majority thereof, unless the election by the Company's shareholders of each new director during such two-year period was approved by a vote of at least two-thirds of the directors then still in office who were directors at the beginning of such two-year period.

Code: The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended from time to time.

Committee: The Compensation and Benefits Committee of the Board, which shall consist of members of the Board of Directors who qualify as "nonemployee directors" as described in Rule 16b-3(b)(3)(i) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

Company: The Brink's Company.

Disability: Unless otherwise required by Code Section 409A and the regulations or guidance thereunder, an Employee shall be deemed to be disabled if the Employee meets at least one of the following requirements: (a) the Employee is unable to engage in any substantial

gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment that can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months, or (b) the Employee is, by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment that can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months, receiving income replacement benefits for a period of not less than three months under an accident and health plan covering employees of the Company.

Distribution Date: The date of the Distribution.

Ex-Dividend Date: The date immediately following the Distribution Date.

Employee: Any resident of the United States of America who is in the employ of the Company or a Subsidiary whose principal place of business is located in the United States of America or any other individual designated by the Committee.

Exchange: The exchange of Brink's Stock for outstanding shares of BAX Stock and Minerals Stock as of the Exchange Date.

Exchange Date: January 14, 2000, the date as of which the Exchange occurred.

Foreign Subsidiary: Any corporation that is not incorporated in the United States of America more than 80% of the outstanding voting stock of which is owned by the Company, by the Company and one or more Subsidiaries and/or Foreign Subsidiaries or by one or more Subsidiaries and/or Foreign Subsidiaries.

Incentive Account: The account maintained by the Company for an Employee to document the amounts deferred under the Program by such Employee and any other amounts credited hereunder and the Units into which such amounts shall be converted. Effective January 1, 2005, the Company shall maintain a Pre-2005 Incentive Account and a Post-2004 Incentive Account for each Employee participating in the Program. An Employee's Pre-2005

Incentive Account shall document the amounts deferred under the Program by the Employee and any other amounts credited hereunder which are earned and vested prior to January 1, 2005. An Employee's Post-2004 Incentive Account shall document the amounts deferred under the Program by the Employee and any other amounts credited hereunder on and after January 1, 2005, plus any amounts deferred or credited prior to January 1, 2005, which are not earned or vested as of December 31, 2004. Effective November 16, 2007, the Company shall maintain a single Incentive Account for each Employee participating in the Program and shall cease to maintain a separate Pre-2005 Incentive Account and Post-2004 Incentive Account for each Employee participating in the Program.

Minerals Exchange Ratio: The ratio whereby .0817 of a share of Brink's Stock will be exchanged for each outstanding share of Minerals Stock on the Exchange Date.

Minerals Stock: Pittston Minerals Group Common Stock, par value \$1.00 per share.

Minerals Unit: The equivalent of one share of Minerals Stock credited to an Employee's Incentive Account.

Program: This Key Employees' Deferred Compensation Program of The Brink's Company, as in effect from time to time.

Redesignation: The redesignation of Services Stock as Brink's Stock and the creation and distribution of BAX Stock as of January 19, 1996.

Salary: The base salary paid to an Employee by the Company, a Subsidiary or a Foreign Subsidiary for personal services determined prior to reduction for any contribution made on a salary reduction basis; provided, however, that Salary includes any salary paid to a Transferred Employee by the Company or BHS or any of its subsidiaries for services rendered on or prior to

the Distribution Date but does not include any salary paid to a Transferred Employee by BHS or any of its subsidiaries for services rendered following the Distribution Date.

Shares: On and after January 19, 1996, and prior to the Exchange Date, Brink's Stock, BAX Stock or Minerals Stock, as the case may be and on and after the Exchange Date, Brink's Stock.

Services Stock: Pittston Services Group Common Stock, par value \$1.00 per share.

Subsidiary: Any corporation incorporated in the United States of America more than 80% of the outstanding voting stock of which is owned by the Company, by the Company and one or more Subsidiaries or by one or more Subsidiaries.

Termination of Employment: An Employee's "Termination of Employment" under this Program shall occur when the Employee ceases to provide services to the Company or any of its affiliates in any capacity or when the Employee continues to provide services to the Company or any of its affiliates whether as an employee or independent contractor, but such continued services in the aggregate do not exceed 49% of the level of services the Employee provided to the Company and its affiliates prior to such decrease in the level of services provided by the Employee to the Company and its affiliates, all as determined in accordance with the regulations under Code Section 409A.

Transferred Employee: A BHS Employee (as defined in the EMA Agreement) or Former BHS Employee (as defined in the EMA Agreement).

Unit: On and after January 19, 1996, and prior to the Exchange Date, a Brink's Unit, BAX Unit or Minerals Unit, as the case may be and on and after the Exchange Date, a Brink's Unit.

Year: (a) With respect to the benefits provided pursuant to Articles III and VI, the calendar year, and (b) with respect to the benefits provided pursuant to Articles IV and V, the six-month period from July 1, 1994, through December 31, 1994, and thereafter, the calendar year; provided, however that if a newly-hired Employee becomes eligible to participate in the benefits provided pursuant to Articles IV and/or V, on a day other than the first day of the Year, the Year for purposes of Articles IV and V shall be the portion of the calendar year during which the Employee is first eligible to participate in the benefits provided thereunder.

ARTICLE II

Administration

The Committee is authorized to construe the provisions of the Program and to make all determinations in connection with the administration of the Program including, but not limited to, the Employees who are eligible to participate in the benefits provided under Articles III or IV. All such determinations made by the Committee shall be final, conclusive and binding on all parties, including Employees participating in the Program. All authority of the Committee provided for in, or pursuant to, this Program may also be exercised by the Board. In the event of any conflict or inconsistency between determinations, orders, resolutions or other actions of the Committee and the Board taken in connection with this Program, the actions of the Board shall control.

ARTICLE III

Deferral of Cash Incentive Payments

SECTION 1. Definitions. Whenever used in this Article III, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated:

Cash Incentive Payment: A cash incentive payment awarded to an Employee for any Year under the Incentive Plan. Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, effective April 1, 2003, any compensation, bonuses, or incentive payments approved by the Compensation Committee of The Brink's Company payable pursuant to The Brink's Company Management Performance Improvement Plan, and any special recognition bonus payable to any highly compensated employees, shall be excluded for purposes of defining or determining the Cash Incentive Payment for which a Participant may make an elective deferral, and for which employer contributions are made, pursuant to the terms of this Plan.

Incentive Plan: The Key Employees Incentive Plan of The Brink's Company, as in effect from time to time or any successor thereto.

Matching Incentive Contributions: Matching contributions allocated to an Employee's Incentive Account pursuant to Section 4 of this Article III.

SECTION 2. Eligibility. The Committee shall designate the key management, professional or technical Employees who may defer all or part of their Cash Incentive Payments for any Year pursuant to this Article III.

An Employee designated to participate in this portion of the Program pursuant to the preceding paragraph shall be eligible to receive a Matching Incentive Contribution for a Year if (a) his or her Salary (on an annualized basis) as of the preceding December 31 is at least equal to \$160,000 (as adjusted for Years after 1999 to reflect the limitation in effect under Code Section 401(a)(17) for the Year in which the Employee's election to participate is filed) or (b) he or she is so designated by the Committee. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a newly hired Employee will be eligible to receive a Matching Incentive Contribution for his or her initial Year

of employment if his or her Salary (on an annualized basis) in effect on his or her first day of employment with the Company or a Subsidiary will exceed the threshold amount determined pursuant to Code Section 401(a)(17) for his or her initial Year of employment.

SECTION 3. Deferral of Cash Incentive Payments. Each Employee whom the Committee has selected to be eligible to defer a Cash Incentive Payment for any Year pursuant to this Article III may make an election to defer all or part (in multiples of 10%) of any Cash Incentive Payment which may be made to him or her for such Year. Such Employee's election for any Year shall be made prior to the beginning of the Year with respect to which the Cash Incentive Payment is earned; provided, however, that with respect to the 1995 Year, an Employee who is eligible to receive a Matching Incentive Contribution pursuant to Section 2 of this Article III may make such election at any time prior to June 1, 1995, for Cash Incentive Payments paid for 1995 if he or she (a) has not previously made a deferral election for 1995 or (b) wishes to increase the percentage of his or her Cash Incentive Payment to be deferred. An Incentive Account (which may be the same Incentive Account established pursuant to Articles IV, V and/or VI) shall be established for each Employee making such election and Units in respect of such deferred payment shall be credited to such Incentive Account as provided in Section 6 below.

SECTION 4. Matching Incentive Contributions. Effective for the 1995 Year, each Employee who is eligible to receive Matching Incentive Contributions pursuant to Section 2 of this Article III shall have a Matching Incentive Contribution allocated to his or her Incentive Account. Such Matching Incentive Contribution shall be equal to the amount of his or her Cash Incentive Payment that he or she has elected to defer but not in excess of 10% of his or her Cash Incentive Payment. The dollar amount of each Employee's Matching Incentive Contributions



shall be credited to his or her Incentive Account and Units in respect of such amounts shall be credited to such Incentive Account as provided in Section 6 below.

SECTION 5. Irrevocability of Election. An election to defer Cash Incentive Payments under the Program for any Year shall be irrevocable on and after the first day of such Year.

SECTION 6. Conversion of New Deferrals and Matching Incentive Contributions to Brink's Units. For Years after 1999 and through 2006, the amount of an Employee's deferred Cash Incentive Payment (and related Matching Incentive Contributions) for any Year shall be converted to Brink's Units and shall be credited to such Employee's Incentive Account as of the January 1 next following the Year in respect of which the Cash Incentive Payment was made. The number (computed to the second decimal place) of Units so credited shall be determined by dividing the aggregate amount of the deferred Cash Incentive Payment and related Matching Incentive Contributions credited to the Employee's Incentive Account for such Year by the average of the high and low per share quoted sale prices of Brink's Stock as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape on each trading day during the month of December of the Year immediately prior to the crediting of Units.

For Cash Incentive Payments paid in Years after 2007, the amount of an Employee's deferred Cash Incentive Payment (and related Matching Incentive Contributions) for any Year shall be converted to Brink's Units and shall be credited to such Employee's Incentive Account as of the first business day of the month in which the Cash Incentive Payment was made. The number (computed to the second decimal place) of Units so credited shall be determined by dividing the aggregate amount of the deferred Cash Incentive Payment and related Matching Incentive Contributions credited to the Employee's Incentive Account for such Year by the average of the high and low per share reported sale prices of Brink's Stock as reported on the

New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape on each trading day during the calendar month immediately preceding the date the deferred Cash Incentive Payment is credited.

SECTION 7. Conversion of Existing Incentive Accounts to Brink's Units. As of the Exchange Date, all BAX Units and Minerals Units in an Employee's Incentive Account attributable to Cash Incentive Payments (and related Matching Incentive Contributions) shall be converted into Brink's Units by multiplying the number of BAX Units and Minerals Units in the Employee's Incentive Account by the BAX Exchange Ratio or the Minerals Exchange Ratio, respectively.

SECTION 8. Adjustments. The Committee shall determine such equitable adjustments in the Units credited to each Incentive Account as may be appropriate to reflect any stock split, stock dividend, recapitalization, merger, consolidation, reorganization, combination, or exchange of shares, split-up, split-off, spin-off, liquidation or other similar change in capitalization or any distribution to common shareholders other than cash dividends.

SECTION 9. Dividends and Distributions. Whenever a cash dividend or any other distribution is paid with respect to shares of Brink's Stock, the Incentive Account of each Employee will be credited with an additional number of Brink's Units, equal to the number of shares of Brink's Stock including fractional shares (computed to the second decimal place), that could have been purchased had such dividend or other distribution been paid to the Incentive Account on the payment date for such dividend or distribution based on the number of shares represented by Units in such Incentive Account as of such date and assuming the amount of such dividend or value of such distribution had been used to acquire additional Brink's Units. Such additional Brink's Units shall be deemed to be purchased at the average of the high and low per share quoted sale prices of Brink's Stock, as reported on the New York Stock Exchange

Composite Transaction Tape on the payment date for the dividend or other distribution. The value of any distribution in property will be determined by the Committee.

SECTION 10. Allocation of Units as of July 1, 1994. As of July 1, 1994, the number of Units credited to an Employee's Incentive Account shall be equal to the number of Units credited to his or her Incentive Account as of June 30, 1994, under the Key Employees Deferred Payment Program of The Brink's Company.

SECTION 11. Minimum Distribution. Distributions shall be made in accordance with Article VII; provided, however, that the aggregate value of the Brink's Stock and cash distributed to an Employee (and his or her beneficiaries) in respect of all Units standing to his or her credit in his or her Incentive Account attributable to deferrals of Cash Incentive Payments otherwise payable in respect to services rendered prior to January 1, 2007 (including dividends relating to such Units but not Matching Incentive Contributions) shall not be less than the aggregate amount of Cash Incentive Payments and dividends (credited to his or her Incentive Account pursuant to Section 9) in respect of which such Units were initially so credited. The value of the Brink's Stock, so distributed shall be considered equal to the average of the high and low per share quoted sale prices of Brink's Stock, as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape for the last trading day of the month preceding the month of distribution.

SECTION 12. Adjustment to Units in Connection with Distribution. As of the Ex-Dividend Date, (a) the number of Units credited to the Incentive Account of each Employee other than a Transferred Employee (including any Units credited on such date other than pursuant to this Section 12) shall be adjusted by multiplying the number of Units in such Employee's Incentive Account by the Brink's Adjustment Ratio and (b) all Units credited to the Incentive

Account of each Transferred Employee (including any Units credited on such date) shall cease to remain outstanding.

ARTICLE IV

Deferral of Salary.

SECTION 1. Definitions. Wherever used in this Article IV, the following term shall have the meaning indicated:

Matching Salary Contributions: Matching contributions allocated to an Employee's Incentive Account pursuant to Section 4 of this Article IV.

SECTION 2. Eligibility. An Employee may participate in the benefits provided pursuant to this Article IV for any Year if (a) his or her Salary (on an annualized basis) as of the preceding December 31 is at least equal to \$160,000 (as adjusted for Years after 1999 to reflect the limitation in effect under Code Section 401(a)(17) for the Year in which the Employee's election to participate is filed) or (b) he or she is designated by the Committee as eligible to participate. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a newly hired Employee will be eligible to defer a portion of his or her Salary during his or her initial Year of employment if his or her Salary (on an annualized basis) in effect on his or her first day of employment with the Company or a Subsidiary will exceed the threshold amount determined pursuant to Code Section 401(a)(17) for his or her initial Year of employment.

Except as otherwise provided by the Committee, an Employee who is eligible to defer a portion of his or her Salary shall continue to be so eligible unless his or her Salary for any Year (on an annualized basis) is less than \$150,000, in which case he or she shall be ineligible to participate in the benefits provided under this Article IV until his or her Salary again exceeds the

threshold amount determined pursuant to Code Section 401(a)(17) for the Year prior to the Year of participation.

SECTION 3. Deferral of Salary. Each Employee who is eligible to defer Salary for any Year pursuant to this Article IV may elect to defer up to 50% (in multiples of 5%) of his or her Salary for such Year; provided, however, that in the case of a newly hired Employee who is eligible to participate for his or her initial Year of employment, only up to 50% of Salary earned after he or she files a deferral election with the Committee may be deferred. Such Employee's initial election hereunder for any Year shall be made prior to the later of (1) the first day of such Year or (2) the expiration of the 30 day period following (and including) his or her initial date of employment; provided, however, that with respect to the 1995 Year, an eligible Employee may make such election at any time prior to June 1, 1995, if he (a) has not previously made a deferral election under this Article IV for 1995 or (b) wishes to increase the percentage of his or her Salary to be deferred for 1995. Such election under (a) or (b) shall apply only to Salary earned after June 1, 1995. An election to defer Salary shall remain in effect for subsequent Years unless and until a new election is filed with the Committee by the December 31 preceding the Year for which the new election is to be effective. An Incentive Account (which may be the same Incentive Account established pursuant to Articles III, V and/or VI) shall be established for each Employee making such election and such Incentive Account shall be credited as of the last day of each month with the dollar amount of deferred Salary for such month pursuant to such election. Units in respect of such amounts shall be credited to such Incentive Account as provided in Section 6 below.

SECTION 4. Matching Salary Contributions. Effective June 1, 1995, each Employee who has deferred a percentage of his or her Salary for a Year pursuant to Section 2 of this

Article IV shall have Matching Salary Contributions allocated to his or her Incentive Account. Such Matching Salary Contributions shall be equal to 100% of the first 10% of his or her Salary that he or she has elected to defer for the Year (earned after June 1, 1995, for the 1995 Year). The dollar amount of each Employee's Matching Salary Contributions credited to his or her Incentive Account and Units in respect of such amounts shall be credited to such Incentive Account as provided in Section 6 below.

SECTION 5. Irrevocability of Election. An election to defer Salary under the Program for any Year shall be irrevocable (a) on and after the first day of such Year or (b) in the case of an election made by a newly hired Employee for his or her initial Year of employment, after the date such an election is made.

SECTION 6. Conversion of New Deferrals and Matching Salary Contributions to Brink's Units. For Years after 2006, the amount of an Employee's deferred Salary (and related Matching Salary Contributions) for any Year shall be converted to Brink's Units and shall be credited to such Employee's Incentive Account as of the first business day of the month next following the month in which such Salary was earned. The number (computed to the second decimal place) of Units so credited shall be determined by dividing the aggregate amount of all such deferred Salary (and related Matching Salary Contributions) credited to his or her Incentive Account for such month by the average of the high and low per share reported sale prices of Brink's Stock as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape for each trading day during the calendar month immediately preceding the crediting of such Units; provided, however, that for any calendar month in which "due bills" trading of Brink's Stock occurs prior to the month that includes the Ex-Dividend Date, the number (computed to the second decimal place) of Units so credited shall be determined by dividing the aggregate amount of all such deferred

Salary (and related Matching Salary Contributions) credited to his or her Incentive Account for such month by the average of the high and low per share reported sale prices of Brink's Stock trading "regular way" or "with due bills" (rather than "ex-dividend") as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape for each trading day during such month; provided further, however, that for the calendar month in which the Ex-Dividend Date occurs, the number (computed to the second decimal place) of Units so credited shall be determined by adding the sum of (a) the product of (i) the quotient determined by dividing the aggregate amount of all such deferred Salary (and related Matching Salary Contributions) credited to his or her Incentive Account for the portion of such month prior to the Ex-Dividend Date by the average of the high and low per share reported sale prices of Brink's Stock trading "regular way" or "with due bills" (rather than "ex-dividend") as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape for each trading day during such portion of such month and (ii) the Brink's Adjustment Ratio and (b) the quotient determined by dividing the aggregate amount of all such deferred Salary (and related Matching Salary Contributions) credited to his or her Incentive Account for the portion of the month on and following the Ex-Dividend Date by the average of the high and low per share reported sale prices of Brink's Stock as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape for each trading day during such portion of such month.

Upon the Employee's Termination of Employment, any cash amounts not converted into Units credited to his or her Incentive Account shall be converted into Brink's Units in the manner described in this Section 6 based on the reported sales prices (including any sale prices determined on a when issued basis) of Brink's Stock as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape for each trading day during the portion of the month preceding the date of termination; provided, however, that if "due bills" trading occurs in the

portion of the month preceding the date of termination, but the Ex-Dividend Date does not occur in such portion of such month, any such cash amounts shall be converted into Brink's Units in the manner described in this Section 6 based on the reported sale prices of Brink's Stock trading "regular way" or "with due bills" (rather than "ex-dividend"), as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape for each trading day during such portion of such month; provided further, however, that if the Ex-Dividend Date occurs in the portion of the month preceding the date of termination, any such cash amounts shall be converted into Brink's Units by adding the sum of (a) the product of (i) the quotient determined by dividing the aggregate amount of all such deferred Salary (and related Matching Salary Contributions) credited to his or her Incentive Account for the portion of such month prior to the Ex-Dividend Date by the average of the high and low per share reported sale prices of Brink's Stock trading "regular way" or "with due bills" (rather than "ex-dividend") as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape for each trading day during such portion of such month and (ii) the Brink's Adjustment Ratio and (b) the quotient determined by dividing the aggregate amount of all such deferred Salary (and related Matching Salary Contributions) credited to his or her Incentive Account for the portion of the month on and following the Ex-Dividend Date (and preceding the date of termination) by the average of the high and low per share reported sale prices of Brink's Stock as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape for each trading day during such portion of such month.

As of the Ex-Dividend Date, any cash amounts not converted into Units credited to a Transferred Employee's Incentive Account shall be converted into Brink's Units in the manner described in this Section 6 based on the average of the high and low per share reported sale prices of Brink's Stock trading "regular way" or "with due bills" (rather than "ex-dividend") as reported



on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape for each trading day during the portion of the month that includes the Ex-Dividend Date preceding the Ex-Dividend Date.

SECTION 7. Conversion of Existing Incentive Accounts to Brink's Units. As of the Exchange Date, all BAX Units and Minerals Units in an Employee's Incentive Account attributable to deferred salary (and related Matching Salary Contributions) shall be converted into Brink's Units by multiplying the number of BAX Units and Minerals Units in the Employee's Incentive Account by the BAX Exchange Ratio or the Minerals Exchange Ratio, respectively.

SECTION 8. Adjustments. The Committee shall determine such equitable adjustments in the Units credited to each Incentive Account as may be appropriate to reflect any stock split, stock dividend, recapitalization, merger, consolidation, reorganization, combination, or exchange of shares, split-up, split-off, spin-off, liquidation or other similar change in capitalization or any distribution to common shareholders other than cash dividends.

SECTION 9. Dividends and Distributions. Whenever a cash dividend or any other distribution is paid with respect to shares of Brink's Stock, the Incentive Account of each Employee will be credited with an additional number of Brink's Units equal to the number of shares of Brink's Stock, including fractional shares (computed to the second decimal place), that could have been purchased had such dividend or other distribution been paid to the Incentive Account on the payment date for such dividend or distribution based on the number of shares represented by the Units in such Incentive Account as of such date and assuming the amount of such dividend or value of such distribution had been used to acquire additional Brink's Units. Such additional Brink's Units shall be deemed to be purchased at the average of the high and low per share quoted sale prices of Brink's Stock, as the case may be, as reported on the New York

Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape on the payment date for the dividend or other distribution. The value of any distribution in property will be determined by the Committee.

SECTION 10. Minimum Distribution. Distributions shall be made in accordance with Article VII; provided, however, the aggregate value of the Brink's Stock and cash distributed to an Employee (and his or her beneficiaries) in respect of all Units standing to his or her credit in his or her Incentive Account attributable to the deferral of Salary otherwise payable for services rendered prior to January 1, 2007 (including dividends relating to such Units but not Matching Salary Contributions) shall not be less than the aggregate amount of Salary and dividends in respect of which Units were initially so credited. The value of the Brink's Stock so distributed shall be considered equal to the average of the high and low per share quoted sale prices of Brink's Stock, as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape for the last trading day of the month preceding the month of distribution.

SECTION 11. Adjustment to Units in Connection with Distribution. As of the Ex-Dividend Date, (a) the number of Units credited to the Incentive Account of each Employee other than a Transferred Employee (including any Units credited on such date other than pursuant to this Section 11) shall be adjusted by multiplying the number of Units in such Employee's Incentive Account by the Brink's Adjustment Ratio and (b) all Units credited to the Incentive Account of each Transferred Employee (including any Units credited on such date, including any Units credited pursuant to the last paragraph of Section 6 of this Article IV) shall cease to remain outstanding.

ARTICLE V

Supplemental Savings Plan

SECTION 1. Definitions. Whenever used in this Article V, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated:

Compensation: The regular wages received during any pay period by an Employee while a participant in the Savings Plan for services rendered to the Company or any Subsidiary that participates in the Savings Plan, including any commissions or bonuses, but excluding any overtime or premium pay, living or other expense allowances, or contributions by the Company or such Subsidiaries to any plan of deferred compensation, and determined without regard to the application of any salary reduction election under the Savings Plan. Bonuses paid pursuant to the Incentive Plan shall be considered received in the Year in which they are payable whether or not such bonus is deferred pursuant to Article III hereof. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Compensation includes any such wages paid to a Transferred Employee by the Company or BHS or any of its subsidiaries for services rendered on or prior to the Distribution Date but does not include any such wages paid to a Transferred Employee by BHS or any of its subsidiaries for services rendered following the Distribution Date.

Incentive Plan: The Key Employees Incentive Plan of The Brink's Company, as in effect from time to time or any successor thereto.

Matching Contributions: Amounts allocated to an Employee's Incentive Account pursuant to Section 4 of this Article V.

Savings Plan: The Brink's Company 401(k) Plan, as in effect from time to time, or the Brink's Home Security Holdings, Inc. 401(k) Plan, as in effect from time to time.

SECTION 2. Eligibility. An Employee may participate in the benefits provided pursuant to this Article V for any Year if his or her Salary (on an annualized basis) as of the preceding December 31 is at least equal to \$160,000 (as adjusted for Years after 1999 to reflect the limitation in effect under Code Section 401(a)(17) for the Year in which the Employee's election to participate is filed). Notwithstanding the foregoing, a newly hired Employee is eligible to participate in the benefits provided pursuant to this Article V if his or her Salary (on an annualized basis) in effect on his or her first day of employment with the Company or a Subsidiary will exceed the threshold amount determined pursuant to Code Section 401(a)(17) for his or her initial Year of employment.

Except as otherwise provided by the Committee, an Employee who is eligible to participate in the benefits provided pursuant to this Article V shall continue to be so eligible unless his or her Salary for any Year is less than \$150,000, in which case he or she shall be ineligible to participate in the benefits provided under this Article V until his or her Salary again exceeds the threshold amount determined pursuant to Code Section 401(a)(17) for the Year prior to the Year of participation.

SECTION 3. Deferral of Compensation. Effective July 1, 1994, each Employee who is not permitted to defer the maximum percentage of his or her Compensation that may be contributed as a matched contribution under the Savings Plan for any Year as a result of limitations imposed by Sections 401(a)(17), 401(k)(3), 402(g) and/or 415 of the Code may elect to defer all or part of the excess of (a) such maximum percentage (five percent for 1994) of his or her Compensation for such Year (without regard to any limitation on such amount imposed by Code Section 401(a)(17)) over (b) the amount actually contributed on his or her behalf under the Savings Plan for such Year as a matched contribution; provided, however, that with respect to

the 1994 Year, only Compensation paid after July 1, 1994, may be deferred. In order to be permitted to defer any portion of his or her Compensation pursuant to this Section 3 of Article V, the Employee must elect to defer the maximum amount permitted as a matched contribution for the Year under the Savings Plan. Such Employee's initial election hereunder for any Year shall be made prior to the first day of such Year or, if later, within 30 days after his or her initial date of employment but only with respect to Compensation for services performed after the date of such election. Such election shall remain in effect for subsequent Years unless and until a new election is filed with the Committee by the December 31 preceding the Year for which the new election is to be effective. An Incentive Account (which may be the same Incentive Account established pursuant to Article III, IV and/or VI) shall be established for each Employee making such election and such Incentive Account shall be credited as of the last day of each month with the dollar amount of the Compensation deferred for such month pursuant to such election; provided, however, that in the event an Employee is not permitted to defer the maximum percentage of his or her Compensation that may be contributed as a matched contribution under the Savings Plan for any year as a result of the limitation imposed by Code Section 401(k) (3), such excess contribution shall be distributed to the Employee, his or her Compensation paid after the date of the distribution shall be reduced by that amount and such amount shall be allocated to his or her Incentive Account as of the January 1 next following the Year for which the excess contribution was made under the Savings Plan. Units in respect of such amounts shall be credited to such Incentive Account as provided in Section 6 below.

SECTION 4. Matching Contributions. Each Employee who elects to defer a portion of his or her Compensation for a Year pursuant to Section 3 of this Article V shall have a Matching Contribution allocated to his or her Incentive Account equal to the rate of matching contributions

in effect for such Employee under the Savings Plan for such Year multiplied by the amount elected to be deferred pursuant to Section 3 above for each month in such Year. The dollar amount of each Employee's Matching Contribution for each month shall be credited to his or her Incentive Account pursuant to Section 6 below.

Subject to the approval of the shareholders of the Company at the 1995 annual meeting, if an Employee is participating in this portion of the Program pursuant to Section 2 of this Article V and his or her matching contribution under the Savings Plan for 1994 or any later year will be reduced as a result of the nondiscrimination test contained in Code Section 401(m)(2), (a) to the extent such matching contribution is forfeitable, it shall be forfeited and that amount shall be allocated to his or her Incentive Account as a Matching Contribution or (b) to the extent such matching contribution is not forfeitable, it shall be distributed to the Employee, his or her Compensation paid after the date of the distribution shall be reduced by that amount and such amount shall be allocated to his or her Incentive Account as a Matching Contribution. The dollar amount of such Matching Contribution shall be allocated to each Employee's Incentive Account as of the January 1 next following the Year for which the matching contribution was made under the Savings Plan. Units in respect of such contribution shall be credited to the Employee's Incentive Account as provided in Section 6 below.

SECTION 5. Irrevocability of Election. An election to defer amounts under the Program for any Year shall be irrevocable (a) on and after the first day of such Year or (b) in the case of an election made by a newly hired Employee for his or her initial Year of employment, after the date such an election is made.

SECTION 6. Conversion of New Deferrals and Matching Contributions to Brink's Units. The amount of an Employee's deferred Compensation and Matching Contributions for any Year

shall be converted to Brink's Units and shall be credited to such Employee's Incentive Account as of the first business day of the month next following the month in which such Compensation was earned or for which the Matching Contribution was made. The number (computed to the second decimal place) of Units so credited shall be determined by dividing the aggregate amount of all such amounts credited to the Employee's Incentive Account for such month attributable to (a) the deferral of amounts awarded under the Incentive Plan (including related Matching Contributions) by the average of the high and low per share reported sale prices of Brink's Stock, as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape on each trading day during the calendar month immediately preceding the crediting of such Units, (b) Compensation and Matching Contributions allocated to the Employee's Incentive Account as a result of failing to satisfy the tests included in Code Sections 401(k)(3) or 401(m)(2) under the Savings Plan, by the average of the high and low per share reported sales prices of Brink's Stock, as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape on each trading day during the calendar month immediately preceding the month in which such Units are credited to the Employee's Incentive Account (which shall be the first business day of the month following the date that the Company has been notified of the failure to satisfy such tests) and (c) the deferral of all other Compensation (including related Matching Contributions) by the average of the high and low per share reported sale prices of Brink's Stock as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape (i) on each trading day during the period commencing on the first business day of the month after the Employee's salary (as such term is defined in the Savings Plan) equals the maximum amount of considered compensation for such Year pursuant to Code Section 401(a)(17) and ending the last business day of such month and each month thereafter until December 31 or (ii) in the event the Employee's salary equals the maximum amount of

considered compensation in December, on the first trading day in the following January; provided, however, that with respect to any number of Units so credited that would otherwise be determined pursuant to the preceding clause (a), (b) or (c) based on the average of the high and low per share reported sale prices of Brink's Stock as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape for each trading day during a month or portion of a month in which "due bills" trading of Brink's Stock occurs prior to the month that includes the Ex-Dividend Date, the number (computed to the second decimal place) of Units so credited shall be determined in the same manner as described in the applicable clause but instead based on the average of the high and low per share reported sale prices of Brink's Stock trading "regular way" or "with due bills" (rather than "ex dividend") as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape for each trading day during such month or portion of such month; provided further, however, that with respect to any number of Units so credited that would otherwise be determined pursuant to the preceding clause (a), (b) or (c) based on the average of the high and low per share reported sale prices of Brink's Stock as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape for each trading day during the month or a portion of the month that includes the Ex-Dividend Date, the number of Units so credited shall be determined in the same manner described in the applicable clause but instead based on the average of the high and low per share reported sale prices of Brink's Stock trading "regular way" or "with due bills" (rather than "ex-dividend") as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape for each trading day during such month or portion of such month prior to the Ex-Dividend Date, with respect to deferred Compensation and Matching Contributions for the portion of such month prior to the Ex-Dividend Date, with the number of Units so determined adjusted by the Brink's Adjustment Ratio, and based on the average of the high and low per share reported sale prices of



Brink's Stock as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape for each trading day during such month or such portion of such month on and following the Ex-Dividend Date, with respect to deferred Compensation and Matching Contributions for the portion of such month on and following the Ex-Dividend Date.

Upon the Employee's Termination of Employment, any cash amounts not converted into Units credited to his or her Incentive Account shall be converted into Brink's Units in the manner described in this Section 6 based on the reported sale prices (including any sale prices determined on a when issued basis) of Brink's Stock, as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape for each trading day during the portion of the month preceding the date of termination; provided, however, that if "due bills" trading occurs in the portion of the month preceding the date of termination, but the Ex-Dividend Date does not occur in such portion of such month, any such cash amounts shall be converted into Brink's Units in the manner described in this Section 6 based on the reported sale prices of Brink's Stock trading "regular way" or "with due bills" (rather than "ex-dividend"), as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape for each trading day during such portion of such month; provided further, however, that if the Ex-Dividend Date occurs in the portion of the month preceding the date of termination, any such cash amounts shall be converted into Brink's Units by adding the sum of (a) the product of (i) the quotient determined by dividing the aggregate amount of all such deferred Salary (and related Matching Salary Contributions) credited to his or her Incentive Account for the portion of such month prior to the Ex-Dividend Date by the average of the high and low per share reported sale prices of Brink's Stock trading "regular way" or "with due bills" (rather than "ex-dividend") as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape for each trading day during such portion of such month and (ii) the Brink's

Adjustment Ratio and (b) the quotient determined by dividing the aggregate amount of all such deferred Salary (and related Matching Salary Contributions) credited to his or her Incentive Account for the portion of the month on and following the Ex-Dividend Date (and preceding the date of termination) by the average of the high and low per share reported sale prices of Brink's Stock as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape for each trading day during such portion of such month.

As of the Ex-Dividend Date, any cash amounts not converted into Units credited to a Transferred Employee's Incentive Account shall be converted into Brink's Units in the manner described in this Section 6 based on the average of the high and low per share reported sale prices of Brink's Stock trading "regular way" or "with due bills" (rather than "ex-dividend") as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape for each trading day during the portion of the month that includes the Ex-Dividend Date preceding the Ex-Dividend Date.

SECTION 7. Conversion of Existing Incentive Accounts to Brink's Units. As of the Exchange Date, all BAX Units and Minerals Units in an Employee's Incentive Account attributable to Compensation deferred pursuant to this Article V (and related Matching Contributions) shall be converted into Brink's Units by multiplying the number of such BAX Units and Minerals Units in the Employee's Incentive Account by the BAX Exchange Ratio or the Minerals Exchange Ratio, respectively.

SECTION 8. Adjustments. The Committee shall determine such equitable adjustments in the Units credited to each Incentive Account as may be appropriate to reflect any stock split, stock dividend, recapitalization, merger, consolidation, reorganization, combination, or exchange of shares, split-up, split-off, spin-off, liquidation or other similar change in capitalization or any distribution to common shareholders other than cash dividends.

SECTION 9. Dividends and Distributions. Whenever a cash dividend or any other distribution is paid with respect to shares of Brink's Stock, the Incentive Account of each Employee will be credited with an additional number of Brink's Units equal to the number of shares of Brink's Stock, including fractional shares (computed to the second decimal place), that could have been purchased had such dividend or other distribution been paid to the Incentive Account on the payment date for such dividend or distribution based on the number of shares represented by the Units in such Incentive Account as of such date and assuming that the amount of such dividend or value of such distribution had been used to acquire additional Brink's Units of the class giving rise to the dividend or other distribution. Such additional Brink's Units shall be deemed to be purchased at the average of the high and low per share quoted sale prices of Brink's Stock, as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape on the payment date for the dividend or other distribution. The value of any distribution in property will be determined by the Committee.

SECTION 10. Adjustment to Units in Connection with Distribution. As of the Ex-Dividend Date, (a) the number of Units credited to the Incentive Account of each Employee other than a Transferred Employee (including any Units credited on such date other than pursuant to this Section 10) shall be adjusted by multiplying the number of Units in such Employee's Incentive Account by the Brink's Adjustment Ratio and (b) all Units credited to the Incentive Account of each Transferred Employee (including any Units credited on such date, including any Units credited pursuant to the last paragraph of Section 6 of this Article V) shall cease to remain outstanding.

Deferral of Performance Awards

SECTION 1. Definitions. Whenever used in this Article VI, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated:

Cash Performance Payment: A cash incentive payment due to an Employee in any Year under the Management Performance Improvement Plan.

Management Performance Improvement Plan: The Brink's Company Management Performance Improvement Plan, as in effect from time to time or any successor thereto.

Performance Measurement Period: A performance cycle of one or more fiscal Years of the Company under the Management Performance Improvement Plan.

SECTION 2. Eligibility. Any Employee who is a participant in the Management Performance Improvement Plan may elect to defer all or part of his or her Cash Performance Payment payable under such plan pursuant to this Article VI.

SECTION 3. Deferral of Cash Performance Payments. Each Employee who is eligible to defer his or her Cash Performance Payment for any Performance Measurement Period pursuant to this Article VI may make an election to defer all or part (in multiples of 10%) of any Cash Performance Payment which may be made to him or her for such Performance Measurement Period. If the Committee determines that a Cash Performance Payment relating to any Performance Measurement Period is "performance-based compensation" under Code Section 409A, such Employee's election shall be made prior to January 1 of the last Year in the Performance Measurement Period. If the Committee determines that a Cash Performance Payment relating to any Performance Measurement Period is not "performance-based

compensation" under Code Section 409A, such Employee's election shall be made prior to the beginning of the Performance Measurement Period or by such other time as the Committee determines will satisfy Code Section 409A and Treasury Regulations issued thereunder.

An Incentive Account (which may be the same Incentive Account established pursuant to Articles III, IV and/or V) shall be established for each Employee making such election and Units in respect of such deferred payment shall be credited to such Incentive Account as provided in Section 5 below.

SECTION 4. Irrevocability of Election. An election to defer Cash Performance Payments under the Program for any Performance Measurement Period shall be irrevocable after the last date for making such an election, as specified in the second or third sentence of Section 3, above, as applicable.

SECTION 5. Conversion to Units. The amount of an Employee's deferred Cash Performance Payment for any Performance Measurement Period shall be converted to Brink's Units and shall be credited to such Employee's Incentive Account as of the first business day of the month in which the Cash Performance Payment is made. The number (computed to the second decimal place) of Brink's Units so credited shall be determined by dividing the aggregate amount of the deferred Cash Performance Payment credited to the Employee's Incentive Account for such Performance Measurement Period by the average of the high and low per share quoted sale prices of Brink's Stock, as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape on each trading day during the month preceding the crediting of Units.

SECTION 6. Adjustments. The Committee shall determine such equitable adjustments in the Units credited to each Incentive Account as may be appropriate to reflect any stock split, stock dividend, recapitalization, merger, consolidation, reorganization, combination, or exchange

of shares, split-up, split-off, spin-off, liquidation or other similar change in capitalization or any distribution to common shareholders other than cash dividends.

SECTION 7. Dividends and Distributions. Whenever a cash dividend or any other distribution is paid with respect to shares of Brink's Stock, the Incentive Account of each Employee will be credited with an additional number of Brink's Units equal to the number of shares of Brink's Stock, including fractional shares (computed to the second decimal place), that could have been purchased had such dividend or other distribution been paid to the Incentive Account on the payment date for such dividend or distribution based on the number of shares represented by Units in such Incentive Account as of such date and assuming the amount of such dividend or value of such distribution had been used to acquire additional Brink's Units. Such additional Brink's Units shall be deemed to be purchased at the average of the high and low per share quoted sale prices of Brink's Stock, as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape on the payment date for the dividend or other distribution. The value of any distribution in property will be determined by the Committee.

SECTION 8. Minimum Distribution. Distributions shall be made in accordance with Article VII; provided, however, that the aggregate value of the Brink's Stock and cash distributed to an Employee (and his or her beneficiaries) in respect of all Units standing to his or her credit in his or her Incentive Account attributable to deferrals of Cash Performance Payments otherwise payable with respect to Performance Measurement Periods ending prior to January 1, 2007 (including dividends relating to such Units) shall not be less than the aggregate amount of Cash Performance Payments and dividends (credited to his or her Incentive Account pursuant to Section 7) in respect of which such Units were initially so credited. The value of the Brink's Stock, so distributed shall be considered equal to the average of the high and low per share

quoted sale prices of Brink's Stock, as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape for the last trading day of the month preceding the month of distribution.

SECTION 9. Effective Date. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the provisions of this Article VI providing for the deferral of Cash Performance Payments shall not become effective until May 5, 2000, and only upon approval of the Management Performance Improvement Plan by the Company's shareholders.

SECTION 10. Adjustment to Units in Connection with Distribution. As of the Ex-Dividend Date, (a) the number of Units credited to the Incentive Account of each Employee other than a Transferred Employee (including any Units credited on such date other than pursuant to this Section 10) shall be adjusted by multiplying the number of Units in such Employee's Incentive Account by the Brink's Adjustment Ratio and (b) all Units credited to the Incentive Account of each Transferred Employee (including any Units credited on such date) shall cease to remain outstanding.

#### ARTICLE VII

##### Distributions

SECTION 1. Certain Payments on Termination of Employment. Except as provided in Section 3 of this Article VII, each Employee shall receive a distribution in Brink's Stock in respect of all Brink's Units standing to the credit of such Employee's Incentive Account (other than Units attributable to Matching Incentive Contributions, Matching Salary Contributions and dividends related thereto) as of the date of the Employee's Termination of Employment, in a single-lump sum distribution on the first day that is more than six months after the date of the Employee's Termination of Employment; provided, however, that for purposes of this Article VII, no employee of any Subsidiary shall be considered to have terminated employment as a

result of a spinoff of such Subsidiary from the Company (including, with respect to employees of BHS and its subsidiaries, the Distribution), except as may be permitted under Section 409A of the Code. An Employee may elect, at least 12 months prior to his or her Termination of Employment, to receive distribution of the Shares represented by the Units credited to his or her Incentive Account in equal annual installments (not more than ten) commencing not earlier than the last day of the sixth month following the fifth anniversary of the date of his or her Termination of Employment (for any reason) or as promptly as practicable thereafter. Any such election shall become effective on the 12-month anniversary of the date the election is made.

The number of shares of Brink's Stock to be included in each installment payment shall be determined by multiplying the number of Brink's Units in the Employee's Incentive Account, as applicable, as of the first day of the month preceding the initial installment payment and as of each succeeding anniversary of such date by a fraction, the numerator of which is one and the denominator of which is the number of remaining installments (including the current installment).

Any fractional Units shall be converted to cash based on the average of the high and low per share quoted sale prices of the Brink's Stock, as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transaction Tape, on the last trading day of the month preceding the month of distribution and shall be paid in cash.

SECTION 2. Payments Attributable to Matching Incentive Contributions and Matching Salary Contributions on Termination of Employment. In the event of an Employee's (a) death, (b) retirement after satisfying the requirements for early or normal retirement under a pension plan sponsored by the Company or a Subsidiary in which the Employee participated, (c) Disability or (d) Termination of Employment for any reason within three years following

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Change in Control, the Employee shall receive a distribution of Brink's Stock in respect of all Brink's Units standing to the credit of such Employee's Incentive Account attributable to Matching Incentive Contributions, Matching Salary Contributions and dividends related thereto in the same manner as provided in Section 1 of this Article VII for the distribution of other Units standing to the credit of such Employee's Incentive Account.

In the event of a Termination of Employment for a reason not described in the preceding paragraph, the Employee shall forfeit the Units in his or her Incentive Account attributable to Matching Incentive Contributions, Matching Salary Contributions and dividends related thereto for the Year in which the termination occurs. Such Employee shall be vested in the remaining Units standing to the credit of such Employee in his or her Incentive Account attributable to Matching Incentive Contributions, Matching Salary Contributions and dividends related thereto in accordance with the following schedule:

<u>Months of Participation</u>	<u>Vested Percentage</u>
less than 36	0
at least 36 but less than 48	50%
at least 48 but less than 60	75%
60 or more	100%

An Employee shall receive credit for one "month of participation" for each calendar month during which a deferral election is in effect pursuant to Section 3 of Articles III or IV. Brink's Stock, in respect of the vested Units standing to the credit of such Employee attributable to Matching Incentive Contributions, Matching Salary Contributions and dividends related thereto, shall be distributed in the same manner as provided in Section 1 of this Article VII for the distribution of other Units standing to the credit of such Employee's Incentive Account.

SECTION 3. One Time Distribution Under Code Section 409A Transition Relief. Pursuant to rules and procedures established by the Company, a participant under the Program may elect on or before December 31, 2007 to receive on February 15, 2008 a single lump-sum distribution in Brink's Stock in respect of all vested Brink's Units standing to the credit of his or her Incentive Account as of December 31, 2007; provided, however, that such election shall not apply to amounts, if any, that would have otherwise been distributed to the participant in 2007.

ARTICLE VIII

Designation of Beneficiary

An Employee may designate in a written election filed with the Committee a beneficiary or beneficiaries (which may be an entity other than a natural person) to receive all distributions and payments under the Program after the Employee's death. Any such designation may be revoked, and a new election may be made, at any time and from time to time, by the Employee without the consent of any beneficiary. If the Employee designates more than one beneficiary, any distributions and payments to such beneficiaries shall be made in equal percentages unless the Employee has designated otherwise, in which case the distributions and payments shall be made in the percentages designated by the Employee. If no beneficiary has been named by the Employee or no beneficiary survives the Employee, the remaining Shares (including fractional Shares) in the Employee's Incentive Account shall be distributed or paid in a single sum to the Employee's estate. In the event of a beneficiary's death after installment payments to the beneficiary have commenced, the remaining installments will be paid to a contingent beneficiary, if any, designated by the Employee or, in the absence of a surviving contingent beneficiary, the remaining Shares (including fractional Shares) shall be distributed or paid to the primary

beneficiary's estate in a single distribution. All distributions shall be made in Shares except that fractional Shares shall be paid in cash.

ARTICLE IX

Miscellaneous

SECTION 1. Nontransferability of Benefits. Except as provided in Article VIII, Units credited to an Incentive Account shall not be transferable by an Employee or former Employee (or his or her beneficiaries) other than by will or the laws of descent and distribution or pursuant to a domestic relations order. No Employee, no person claiming through such Employee, nor any other person shall have any right or interest under the Program, or in its continuance, in the payment of any amount or distribution of any Shares under the Program, unless and until all the provisions of the Program, any determination made by the Committee thereunder, and any restrictions and limitations on the payment itself have been fully complied with. Except as provided in this Section 1, no rights under the Program, contingent or otherwise, shall be transferable, assignable or subject to any pledge or encumbrance of any nature, nor shall the Company or any of its Subsidiaries be obligated, except as otherwise required by law, to recognize or give effect to any such transfer, assignment, pledge or encumbrance.

SECTION 2. Notices. The Company may require all elections contemplated by the Program to be made on forms provided by it. All notices, elections and other communications pursuant to the Program shall be in writing and shall be effective when received by the Company at the following address:

The Brink's Company  
1801 Bayberry Court  
P. O. Box 18100  
Richmond, VA 23226-8100

SECTION 3. Limitation on Rights of Employee. Nothing in this Program shall be deemed to create, on the part of any Employee, beneficiary or other person, (a) any interest of any kind in the assets of the Company or (b) any trust or fiduciary relationship in relation to the Company. The right of an Employee to receive any Shares shall be no greater than the right of any unsecured general creditor of the Company.

SECTION 4. No Contract of Employment. The benefits provided under the Program for an Employee shall be in addition to, and in no way preclude, other forms of compensation to or in respect of such Employee. However, the selection of any Employee for participation in the Program shall not give such Employee any right to be retained in the employ of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries for any period. The right of the Company and of each such Subsidiary to terminate the employment of any Employee for any reason or at any time is specifically reserved.

SECTION 5. Withholding. All distributions pursuant to the Program shall be subject to withholding in respect of income and other taxes required by law to be withheld. The Company shall establish appropriate procedures to ensure payment or withholding of such taxes. Such procedures may include arrangements for payment or withholding of taxes by retaining Shares otherwise issuable in accordance with the provisions of this Program or by accepting already owned Shares, and by applying the fair market value of such Shares to the withholding taxes payable.

SECTION 6. Term, Amendment and Termination.

(a) Unless the Company's shareholders approve the extension of this Program, no further deferral elections may be made under this Program on or after May 4, 2010 and any existing

deferral elections with respect to compensation earned after such date shall have no further force or effect.

(b) The Committee may from time to time amend any of the provisions of the Program, or may at any time terminate the Program. No amendment or termination shall adversely affect any Units (or distributions in respect thereof) which shall theretofore have been credited to any Employee's Incentive Account. On the termination of the Program, distributions from an Employee's Incentive Account shall be made in compliance with Code Section 409A and Treasury Regulations issued thereunder.



**The Brink's Company**  
Richmond, Virginia

**2005 Equity Incentive Plan**  
as Amended and Restated as of November 14, 2008

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THE BRINK'S COMPANY

2005 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

(amended and restated as of November 14, 2008)

SECTION 1 . Purpose.

The purpose of The Brink's Company 2005 Equity Incentive Plan (amended and restated as of November 14, 2008) is to act as the successor plan to The Brink's Company 1988 Stock Option Plan and to encourage those individuals who are expected to contribute significantly to the Company's success to accept employment or continue in the employ of the Company and its Subsidiaries, to enhance their incentive to perform at the highest level, and, in general, to further the best interests of the Company and its shareholders.

SECTION 2 . Definition.

As used in the Plan, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:

- (a) "Act" shall mean the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- (b) "Affiliate" shall mean (i) any entity that, directly or indirectly, is controlled by the Company and (ii) any entity in which the Company has a significant equity interest, in either case as determined by the Committee.
- (c) "Award" shall mean any Option, Stock Appreciation Right, award of Restricted Stock, award of Performance Stock or Other Stock-Based Award granted under the Plan.
- (d) "Award Agreement" shall mean any written agreement, contract or other instrument or document evidencing any Award granted under the Plan, which may, but need not, be executed or acknowledged by a Participant.
- (e) "Beneficiary" shall mean a person or persons entitled to receive payments or other benefits or exercise rights that are available under the Plan in the event of the Participant's death.
- (f) "Board" shall mean the board of directors of the Company.
- (g) "Change in Control" shall mean the occurrence of:

(i) (A) any consolidation or merger of the Company in which the Company is not the continuing or surviving corporation or pursuant to which the Shares would be converted into cash, securities or other property other than a consolidation or merger in which holders of the total voting power in the election of directors of the Company of Shares outstanding (exclusive of shares held by the Company's Affiliates) (the "Total Voting Power") immediately prior to the

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consolidation or merger will have the same proportionate ownership of the total voting power in the election of directors of the surviving corporation immediately after the consolidation or merger, or (B) any sale, leases, exchange or other transfer (in one transaction or a series of transactions) of all or substantially all the assets of the Company; *provided, however, that* with respect to Awards granted before November 16, 2007, a "Change in Control" shall be deemed to occur upon the approval of the shareholders of the Company (or if such approval is not required, the approval of the Board) of any of the transactions set forth in clauses (A) or (B) above of this sup-paragraph (i);

(ii) any "person" (as defined in Section 13(d) of the Act) other than the Company, its Affiliates or an employee benefit plan or trust maintained by the Company or its affiliates, becoming the "beneficial owner" (as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Act), directly or indirectly, of more than 20% of the Total Voting Power; or

(iii) at any time during a period of two consecutive years, individuals who at the beginning of such period constituted the Board ceasing for any reason to constitute at least a majority thereof, unless the election by the Company's shareholders of each new director during such two-year period was approved by a vote of at least two-thirds of the directors then still in office who were directors at the beginning of such two-year period.

(h) "**Code**" shall mean the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended from time to time.

(i) "**Committee**" shall mean the Compensation and Benefits Committee of the Board or such other committee as may be designated by the Board.

(j) "**Company**" shall mean The Brink's Company.

(k) "**Executive Group**" shall mean every person who is expected by the Committee to be both (i) a "covered employee" as defined in Section 162(m) of the Code as of the end of the taxable year in which payment of the Award may be deducted by the Company, and (ii) the recipient of compensation of more than \$1,000,000 (as such number appearing in Section 162(m) of the Code may be adjusted by any subsequent legislation) for that taxable year.

(l) "**Fair Market Value**" shall mean with respect to Shares, the average of the high and low quoted sale prices of a share of such common stock on the date in question (or, if there is no reported sale on such date, on the last preceding date on which any reported sale occurred) on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transactions Tape or with respect to any property other than Shares, the fair market value of such property determined by such methods or procedures as shall be established from time to time by the Committee.

- (m) “**Incentive Stock Option**” shall mean an option representing the right to purchase Shares from the Company, granted under and in accordance with the terms of Section 6, that meets the requirements of Section 422 of the Code, or any successor provision thereto.
- (n) “**Non-Qualified Stock Option**” shall mean an option representing the right to purchase Shares from the Company, granted under and in accordance with the terms of Section 6, that is not an Incentive Stock Option.
- (o) “**Option**” shall mean an Incentive Stock Option or a Non-Qualified Stock Option.
- (p) “**Other Stock-Based Award**” shall mean any right granted under Section 10.
- (q) “**Participant**” shall mean an individual granted an Award under the Plan.
- (r) “**Performance Stock**” shall mean any Share granted under Section 9.
- (s) “**Plan**” shall mean The Brink’s Company 2005 Equity Incentive Plan (amended and restated as of November 16, 2007).
- (t) “**Predecessor Plan**” shall mean The Brink’s Company 1988 Stock Option Plan.
- (u) “**Restricted Stock**” shall mean any Share granted under Section 8.
- (v) “**SAR**” or “**Stock Appreciation Right**” shall mean any right granted to a Participant pursuant to Section 7 to receive, upon exercise by the Participant, the excess of (i) the Fair Market Value of one Share on the date of exercise or at any time during a specified period before the date of exercise over (ii) the grant price of the right on the date of grant, or if granted in connection with an outstanding Option on the date of grant of the related Option, as specified by the Committee in its sole discretion, which, except in the case of Substitute Awards or in connection with an adjustment provided in Section 5(d), shall not be less than the Fair Market Value of one Share on such date of grant of the right or the related Option, as the case may be.
- (w) “**Shares**” shall mean shares of the common stock of the Company.
- (x) “**Subsidiary**” shall mean any corporation of which stock representing at least 50% of the ordinary voting power is owned, directly or indirectly, by the Company.

(y) “**Substitute Awards**” shall mean Awards granted in assumption of, or in substitution for, outstanding awards previously granted by a company acquired by the Company or with which the Company combines.

SECTION 3 . *Eligibility.*

- (a) Any individual who is employed by the Company or any Affiliate, including any officer-director, shall be eligible to be selected to receive an Award under the Plan.
- (b) Directors who are not full-time or part-time officers are not eligible to receive Awards hereunder.
- (c) Holders of options and other types of Awards granted by a company acquired by the Company or with which the Company combines are eligible for grant of Substitute Awards hereunder.

SECTION 4 . *Administration.*

(a) The Plan shall be administered by the Committee. The Committee shall be appointed by the Board and shall consist of not less than three directors, each of whom shall be independent, within the meaning of and to the extent required by applicable rulings and interpretations of the New York Stock Exchange and the Securities and Exchange Commission, and each of whom shall be a “Non-Employee Director”, as defined from time to time for purposes of Section 16 of the Act and the rules promulgated thereunder and shall satisfy the requirements for an outside director pursuant to Section 162(m) of the Code, and any regulations issued thereunder. The Board may designate one or more directors as alternate members of the Committee who may replace any absent or disqualified member at any meeting of the Committee. No member or alternate member of the Committee shall be eligible, while a member or alternate member, for participation in the Plan. The Committee may issue rules and regulations for administration of the Plan. It shall meet at such times and places as it may determine.

(b) Subject to the terms of the Plan and applicable law, the Committee shall have full power and authority to: (i) designate Participants; (ii) determine the type or types of Awards (including Substitute Awards) to be granted to each Participant under the Plan; (iii) determine the number of Shares to be covered by (or with respect to which payments, rights, or other matters are to be calculated in connection with) Awards; (iv) determine the terms and conditions of any Award; (v) determine whether, to what extent, and under what circumstances Awards may be settled or exercised in cash, Shares, other securities, or other Awards, or canceled, forfeited or suspended, and the method or methods by which Awards may be settled, exercised, canceled, forfeited or suspended; (vi) determine whether, to what extent, and under what circumstances cash, Shares, other securities, other Awards, and other amounts payable with respect to an Award

under the Plan shall be deferred either automatically or at the election of the holder thereof or of the Committee; (i) interpret and administer the Plan and any instrument or agreement relating to, or Award made under, the Plan; (ii) establish, amend, suspend or waive such rules and regulations and appoint such agents as it shall deem appropriate for the proper administration of the Plan; and (iii) make any other determination and take any other action that the Committee deems necessary or desirable for the administration of the Plan.

(c) All decisions of the Committee shall be final, conclusive and binding upon all parties, including the Company, the shareholders and the Participants.

SECTION 5 . *Shares Available for Awards.*

(a) Subject to adjustment as provided below, the number of Shares available for issuance under the Plan as of November 14, 2008, including shares issued as of November 14, 2008, shall be 6,288,887 Shares. Any Shares covered by an Award other than Options and SARs shall be counted against this limit as 2 Shares for every one Share covered by the Award. In addition, each SAR shall be counted against this limit as one Share, regardless of whether a Share is used to settle the SAR upon exercise. Notwithstanding the foregoing and subject to adjustment as provided in [Section 5\(d\)](#), no Participant may receive Options and SARs under the Plan in any calendar year that relate to more than 400,000 Shares.

(b) If, after the effective date of the Plan, any Shares covered by an Award other than a Substitute Award, or to which such an Award relates, are forfeited, or if such an Award otherwise terminates without the delivery of Shares or of other consideration, then the Shares covered by such Award, or to which such Award relates, to the extent of any such forfeiture or termination, shall again be, or shall become, available for issuance under the Plan. For purposes of this Section 5(b), awards under the Predecessor Plan shall be considered Awards.

(c) Any Shares delivered pursuant to an Award may consist, in whole or in part, of authorized and unissued Shares or Shares acquired by the Company.

(d) In the event that the Committee shall determine that any dividend or other distribution (whether in the form of cash, Shares or other securities), recapitalization, stock split, reverse stock split, reorganization, merger, consolidation, split-up, spin-off, combination, repurchase or exchange of Shares or other securities of the Company, issuance of warrants or other rights to purchase Shares or other securities of the Company, or other similar corporate transaction or event affects the Shares such that an adjustment is determined by the Committee to be appropriate in order to prevent dilution or enlargement of the benefits or potential benefits intended to be made available under the Plan, then the Committee shall, in such manner as it may deem equitable, adjust any or all of (i) the number and type of Shares (or other securities) which thereafter may be made the subject of Awards, including the aggregate and individual limits

specified in [Section 5\(a\)](#) and Section 9(d), (ii) the number and type of Shares (or other securities) subject to outstanding Awards, and (iii) the grant, purchase, or exercise price with respect to any Award or, if deemed appropriate, make provision for a cash payment to the holder of an outstanding Award; *provided, however*, that the number of Shares subject to any Award denominated in Shares shall always be a whole number.

- (e) Shares underlying Substitute Awards shall not reduce the number of Shares remaining available for issuance under the Plan.

SECTION 6 . Options.

The Committee is hereby authorized to grant Options to Participants with the following terms and conditions and with such additional terms and conditions, in either case not inconsistent with the provisions of the Plan, as the Committee shall determine:

- (a) The purchase price per Share under an Option shall be determined by the Committee; *provided, however*, that, except in the case of Substitute Awards, such purchase price shall not be less than the Fair Market Value of a Share on the date of grant of such Option.
- (b) The term of each Option shall be fixed by the Committee but shall not exceed 6 years from the date of grant thereof.
- (c) The Committee shall determine the time or times at which an Option may be exercised in whole or in part; *provided, however*, that, except in the event of a Change in Control, an Option shall not be exercisable before the expiration of one year from the date the Option is granted.
- (d) The Committee shall determine the method or methods by which, and the form or forms, including, without limitation, cash, Shares, other Awards, or any combination thereof, having a Fair Market Value on the exercise date equal to the relevant exercise price, in which, payment of the exercise price with respect thereto may be made or deemed to have been made.
- (e) The terms of any Incentive Stock Option granted under the Plan shall comply in all respects with the provisions of Section 422 of the Code, or any successor provision thereto, and any regulations promulgated thereunder.
- (f) Options shall not be granted under the Plan in consideration for and shall not be conditioned upon the delivery of Shares to the Company in payment of the exercise price and/or tax withholding obligation under any other employee stock option.
- (g) Section 11 sets forth certain additional provisions that shall apply to Options.

SECTION 7 . *Stock Appreciation Rights.*

- (a) The Committee is hereby authorized to grant Stock Appreciation Rights (“SARs”) to Participants with terms and conditions as the Committee shall determine not inconsistent with the provisions of the Plan.
- (b) SARs may be granted hereunder to Participants either alone (“freestanding”) or in addition to other Awards granted under the Plan (“tandem”) and may, but need not, relate to a specific Option granted under Section 6.
- (c) Any tandem SAR related to an Option may be granted at the same time such Option is granted or at any time thereafter before exercise or expiration of such Option. In the case of any tandem SAR related to any Option, the SAR or applicable portion thereof shall not be exercisable until the related Option or applicable portion thereof is exercisable and shall terminate and no longer be exercisable upon the termination or exercise of the related Option, except that a SAR granted with respect to less than the full number of Shares covered by a related Option shall not be reduced until the exercise or termination of the related Option exceeds the number of Shares not covered by the SAR. Any Option related to any tandem SAR shall no longer be exercisable to the extent the related SAR has been exercised.
- (d) A freestanding SAR shall not have a term of greater than 6 years or, unless it is a Substitute Award, an exercise price less than 100% of Fair Market Value of the Share on the date of grant and, except in the event of a Change in Control, shall not be exercisable before the expiration of one year from the date the SAR is granted.
- (e) Section 11 sets forth certain additional provisions that shall apply to SARs.

SECTION 8 . *Restricted Stock.*

- (a) The Committee is hereby authorized to grant Awards of Restricted Stock to Participants.
- (b) Shares of Restricted Stock shall be subject to such restrictions as the Committee may impose (including, without limitation, any limitation on the right to vote a Share of Restricted Stock or the right to receive any dividend or other right), which restrictions may lapse separately or in combination at such time or times, in such installments or otherwise, as the Committee may deem appropriate; *provided, however*, that subject to Section 12(g), Restricted Stock shall have a vesting period of not less than one year.
- (c) Any Share of Restricted Stock granted under the Plan may be evidenced in such manner as the Committee may deem appropriate including, without limitation, book-entry registration or issuance of a stock certificate or

certificates. In the event any stock certificate is issued in respect of Shares of Restricted Stock granted under the Plan, such certificate shall be registered in the name of the Participant and shall bear an appropriate legend referring to the terms, conditions, and restrictions applicable to such Restricted Stock.

(d) The Committee may in its discretion, when it finds that a waiver would be in the best interests of the Company, waive in whole or in part any or all restrictions with respect to Shares of Restricted Stock; *provided*, that the Committee may not waive the restriction in the proviso of Section 8(b).

(e) Section 11 sets forth certain additional provisions that shall apply to Restricted Stock.

SECTION 9 . *Performance Stock.*

(a) The Committee is hereby authorized to grant Awards of Performance Stock to Participants.

(b) Subject to the terms of the Plan, Shares of Performance Stock shall be subject to such restrictions as the Committee may impose (including, without limitation, any limitation on the right to vote a Share of Performance Stock or the right to receive any dividend or other right), which restrictions may lapse, in whole or in part, upon the achievement of such performance goals during such performance periods as the Committee shall establish. Subject to the terms of the Plan, the performance goals to be achieved during any performance period, the length of any performance period, the number of Shares subject to any Award of Performance Stock granted and subsequently released to a Participant shall be determined by the Committee; *provided, however*, that subject to Section 12(g), the performance period relating to any Award of Performance Stock shall be at least one year.

(c) Any Share of Performance Stock granted under the Plan may be evidenced in such manner as the Committee may deem appropriate including, without limitation, book-entry registration or issuance of a stock certificate or certificates. In the event any stock certificate is issued in respect of Shares of Performance Stock granted under the Plan, such certificate shall be registered in the name of the Participant and shall bear an appropriate legend referring to the terms, conditions, and restrictions applicable to such Performance Stock.

(d) Every Award of Performance Stock to a member of the Executive Group shall, if the Committee intends that such Award should constitute "qualified performance-based compensation" for purposes of Section 162(m) of the Code, include a pre-established formula, such that payment, retention or vesting of the Award is subject to the achievement during a performance period or periods, as determined by the Committee, of a level or levels, as determined by the Committee, of one or more performance measures with respect to the Company, any Subsidiary and/or any business unit of the Company or any

Subsidiary, including without limitation the following: (i) net income, (ii) operating income, (iii) return on net assets, (iv) revenue growth, (v) total shareholder return, (vi) earnings per share, (vii) return on equity, (viii) net revenue per employee, (ix) market share, (x) return on capital and/or economic value added (or equivalent metric), (xi) cash flow and/or free cash flow (before or after dividends), or (xii) subscriber growth (on a gross or net basis); each as determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, where applicable, as consistently applied by the Company and, if so determined by the Committee prior to the release or forfeiture of the Shares of Performance Stock, adjusted, to the extent permitted under Section 162(m) of the Code if the Committee intends the Award of Performance Stock to continue to constitute "qualified performance-based compensation" under Section 162(m) of the Code, to omit the effects of extraordinary items, the gain or loss on the disposal of a business segment, unusual or infrequently occurring events and transactions, accruals for awards under the Plan and cumulative effects of changes in accounting principles. Performance measures may vary from Performance Stock Award to Performance Stock Award and from Participant to Participant and may be established on a stand-alone basis, in tandem or in the alternative. For any Award subject to any such pre-established formula, the maximum number of Shares subject to any such Award granted in any year shall be 400,000, subject to adjustment as provided in Section 5(d). Notwithstanding any provision of the Plan to the contrary, the Committee shall not be authorized to increase the number of Shares subject to any Award to which this [Section 9\(d\)](#) applies upon attainment of such pre-established formula.

(e) Section 11 sets forth certain additional provisions that shall apply to Performance Stock.

#### SECTION 10 . *Other Stock-Based Awards.*

The Committee is hereby authorized to grant to Participants such other Awards (including, without limitation, rights to dividends and dividend equivalents) that are denominated or payable in, valued in whole or in part by reference to, or otherwise based on or related to, Shares (including, without limitation, securities convertible into Shares) as are deemed by the Committee to be consistent with the purposes of the Plan. Subject to the terms of the Plan, the Committee shall determine the terms and conditions of such Awards. Shares or other securities delivered pursuant to a purchase right granted under this Section 10 shall be purchased for such consideration, which may be paid by such method or methods and in such form or forms, including, without limitation, cash, Shares, other securities, other Awards, or any combination thereof, as the Committee shall determine, the value of which consideration, as established by the Committee, shall, except in the case of Substitute Awards, not be less than the Fair Market Value of such Shares or other securities as of the date such purchase right is granted.



SECTION 11. *Effect of Termination of Employment on Awards.*

Except as otherwise provided by the Committee at the time an Option, SAR, Restricted Stock, or Performance Stock is granted or in any amendment thereto, if a Participant ceases to be employed by the Company or any Affiliate, then:

(a) with respect to an Option or SAR:

(i) subject to Section 11(a)(ii), if termination is by reason of the Participant's early, normal or late retirement under the Company's Pension-Retirement Plan or any pension plan sponsored by the Company or a Subsidiary or by reason of the Participant's permanent and total disability, each Option or SAR held by the Participant shall continue to remain outstanding and shall become or remain exercisable and in full force and effect in accordance with its terms until the expiration date of the Award;

(ii) if termination is by reason of the death of the Participant, or if the Participant dies after retirement or permanent and total disability as referred to in Section 11(a)(i), each Option or SAR held by the Participant shall become fully exercisable at the time of the Participant's death (or, if later, at the time of the one year anniversary of the Option or SAR grant date) and may be exercised by the Participant's Beneficiary at any time within a period of three years after death (but not after the expiration date of the Award);

(iii) if termination of employment is for any reason other than as provided in Section 11(a)(i) or (ii), the Participant may exercise each Option or SAR held by the Participant within 90 days after such termination (but not after the expiration date of such Award) to the extent such Award was exercisable pursuant to its terms at the date of termination; *provided, however*, if the Participant should die within 90 days after such termination, each Option or SAR held by the Participant may be exercised by the Participant's Beneficiary at any time within a period of one year after death (but not after the expiration date of the Award) to the extent such Award was exercisable pursuant to its terms at the date of termination;

(b) with respect to Restricted Stock:

(i) subject to Section 11(b)(ii), if termination is by reason of the Participant's early, normal or late retirement under the Company's Pension-Retirement Plan or any pension plan sponsored by the Company or a Subsidiary or permanent and total disability, each Restricted Stock Award held by the Participant shall continue to remain outstanding and in

full force and effect and any restrictions with respect to such Restricted Stock Award shall lapse in accordance with the terms of the Award;

(ii) if termination is by reason of the Participant's death, or if the Participant dies after retirement or permanent and total disability as referred to in Section 11(b)(i), any and all restrictions with respect to each Restricted Stock Award held by the Participant shall lapse at the time of the Participant's death (or, if later, at the time of the one year anniversary of the Restricted Stock Award grant date);

(iii) if termination of employment is by reason other than as provided in Section 11(b)(i) or (b)(ii), any Restricted Stock Award held by the Participant that remains subject to restrictions shall be canceled as of such termination of employment and shall have no further force or effect;

(c) with respect to Performance Stock:

(i) if termination is by reason of the Participant's early, normal or late retirement under the Company's Pension-Retirement Plan or any pension plan sponsored by the Company or a Subsidiary or permanent and total disability, each Performance Stock Award held by the Participant shall remain outstanding and in full force and effect and any restrictions with respect to such Performance Stock Award shall lapse in accordance with the terms of the Award regardless of whether the Participant dies during such period;

(ii) if termination of employment occurs prior to the expiration of any performance period applicable to a Performance Stock Award and such termination is by reason of the Participant's death, the Participant's Beneficiary shall be entitled to receive following the expiration of such performance period, a pro-rata portion of the number of Shares subject to the Performance Stock Award with respect to which the restrictions would have otherwise lapsed notwithstanding the Participant's death, determined based on the number of days in the performance period that shall have elapsed prior to such termination and the remainder of such Performance Stock Award shall be canceled; and

(iii) if termination of employment occurs prior to the expiration of any performance period applicable to a Performance Stock Award and such termination is for any reason other than as provided in Section 11(c)(i) or (ii), any Performance Stock Award held by the Participant shall be canceled as of such termination of employment and shall have no further force or effect.

SECTION 12 . *General Provisions Applicable to Awards.*

(a) Awards shall be granted for no cash consideration or for such minimal cash consideration as may be required by applicable law.

(b) Awards may, in the discretion of the Committee, be granted either alone or in addition to or in tandem with any other Award or any award granted under any other plan of the Company. Awards granted in addition to or in tandem with other Awards, or in addition to or in tandem with awards granted under any other plan of the Company, may be granted either at the same time as or at a different time from the grant of such other Awards or awards.

(c) Subject to the terms of the Plan, payments or transfers to be made by the Company upon the grant, exercise or payment of an Award may be made in the form of cash, Shares, other securities or other Awards, or any combination thereof, as determined by the Committee in its discretion at the time of grant, and may be made in a single payment or transfer, in installments, or on a deferred basis, in each case in accordance with rules and procedures established by the Committee. Such rules and procedures may include, without limitation, provisions for the payment or crediting of reasonable interest on installment or deferred payments or the grant or crediting of dividend equivalents in respect of installment or deferred payments.

(d) No Award and no right under any Award shall be assignable, alienable, saleable or transferable by a Participant otherwise than by will or pursuant to Section 12(e). Each Award, and each right under any Award, shall be exercisable during the Participant's lifetime only by the Participant or, if permissible under applicable law, by the Participant's guardian or legal representative. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any Award which has been fully exercised, earned or paid, as the case may be, and shall not preclude forfeiture of an Award in accordance with the terms thereof.

(e) A Participant may designate a Beneficiary or change a previous beneficiary designation at such times prescribed by the Committee by using forms and following procedures approved or accepted by the Committee for that purpose. If no Beneficiary designated by the Participant is eligible to receive payments or other benefits or exercise rights that are available under the Plan at the Participant's death, the Beneficiary shall be the Participant's estate.

(f) All certificates for Shares or other securities delivered under the Plan pursuant to any Award or the exercise thereof shall be subject to such stop transfer orders and other restrictions as the Committee may deem advisable under the Plan or the rules, regulations, and other requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission, any stock exchange upon which such Shares or other securities are then listed, and any applicable Federal or state securities laws, and the Committee may cause a legend or legends to be put on any such certificates to make appropriate reference to such restrictions.

(g) Unless specifically provided to the contrary in any Award Agreement, upon a Change in Control, all Awards shall become fully exercisable, shall vest and shall be settled, as applicable, and any restrictions applicable to any Award shall automatically lapse. Notwithstanding the foregoing, upon a Change

in Control, Performance Stock Awards shall be considered to be earned at their target level; any restrictions with respect to the target number of Shares subject to a Performance Stock Award shall lapse and any remaining Shares subject to such Performance Stock Award shall be cancelled and shall have no further force or effect.

SECTION 13 . *Amendments and Termination.*

(a) Except to the extent prohibited by applicable law and unless otherwise expressly provided in an Award Agreement or in the Plan, the Board may amend, alter, suspend, discontinue, or terminate the Plan or any portion thereof at any time; *provided, however*, that no such amendment, alteration, suspension, discontinuation or termination shall be made without (i) shareholder approval if such approval is required by the listing company rules of the New York Stock Exchange or (ii) the consent of the affected Participant, if such action would adversely affect the rights of such Participant under any outstanding Award, except to the extent any such amendment, alteration, suspension, discontinuance or termination is made to cause the Plan to comply with applicable law, stock exchange rules and regulations or accounting or tax rules and regulations. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, the Committee may amend the Plan in such manner as may be necessary to enable the Plan to achieve its stated purposes in any jurisdiction in a tax-efficient manner and in compliance with local rules and regulations.

(b) The Committee may waive any conditions or rights under, amend any terms of, or amend, alter, suspend, discontinue or terminate, any Award theretofore granted, prospectively or retroactively, without the consent of any relevant Participant or holder or beneficiary of an Award, *provided, however*, that no such action shall impair the rights of any affected Participant or holder or beneficiary under any Award theretofore granted under the Plan, except to the extent any such action is made to cause the Plan to comply with applicable law, stock exchange rules and regulations or accounting or tax rules and regulations; and *provided further* that, except as provided in [Section 5\(d\)](#), no such action shall directly or indirectly, through cancellation and regrant or any other method, reduce, or have the effect of reducing, the exercise price of any Award established at the time of grant thereof and *provided further*, that the Committee's authority under this [Section 13\(b\)](#) is limited in the case of Awards subject to [Section 9\(d\)](#), as set forth in [Section 9\(d\)](#).

(c) Except as noted in [Section 9\(d\)](#), the Committee shall be authorized to make adjustments in the terms and conditions of, and the criteria included in, Awards in recognition of events (including, without limitation, the events described in [Section 5\(d\)](#)) affecting the Company, or the financial statements of the Company, or of changes in applicable laws, regulations or accounting principles, whenever the Committee determines that such adjustments are appropriate in order to prevent dilution or enlargement of the benefits or potential benefits intended to be made available under the Plan.

(d) The Committee may correct any defect, supply any omission, or reconcile any inconsistency in the Plan or any Award in the manner and to the extent it shall deem desirable to carry the Plan into effect.

SECTION 14 . *Miscellaneous.*

(a) No employee, Participant or other person shall have any claim to be granted any Award under the Plan, and there is no obligation for uniformity of treatment of employees, Participants, or holders or beneficiaries of Awards under the Plan. The terms and conditions of Awards need not be the same with respect to each recipient.

(b) The Company shall be authorized to withhold from any Award granted or any payment due or transfer made under any Award or under the Plan or from any compensation or other amount owing to a Participant the amount (in cash, Shares, other securities or other Awards) of withholding taxes due in respect of an Award, its exercise, or any payment or transfer under such Award or under the Plan and to take such other action (including, without limitation, providing for elective payment of such amounts in cash or Shares by the Participant) as may be necessary in the opinion of the Company to satisfy all obligations for the payment of such taxes.

(c) Nothing contained in the Plan shall prevent the Company from adopting or continuing in effect other or additional compensation arrangements, and such arrangements may be either generally applicable or applicable only in specific cases.

(d) The grant of an Award shall not be construed as giving a Participant the right to be retained in the employ of the Company or any Affiliate. Further, the Company or the applicable Affiliate may at any time dismiss a Participant from employment, free from any liability, or any claim under the Plan, unless otherwise expressly provided in the Plan or in any Award Agreement or in any other agreement binding the parties. The receipt of any Award under the Plan is not intended to confer any rights on the receiving Participant except as set forth in such Award.

(e) If any provision of the Plan or any Award is or becomes or is deemed to be invalid, illegal, or unenforceable in any jurisdiction, or as to any person or Award, or would disqualify the Plan or any Award under any law deemed applicable by the Committee, such provision shall be construed or deemed amended to conform to applicable laws, or if it cannot be so construed or deemed amended without, in the determination of the Committee, materially altering the intent of the Plan or the Award, such provision shall be stricken as to such jurisdiction, person or Award, and the remainder of the Plan and any such Award shall remain in full force and effect.

(f) Neither the Plan nor any Award shall create or be construed to create a trust or separate fund of any kind or a fiduciary relationship between the Company and a Participant or any other person. To the extent that any person acquires a right to receive payments from the Company pursuant to an Award, such right shall be no greater than the right of any unsecured general creditor of the Company.

(g) No fractional Shares shall be issued or delivered pursuant to the Plan or any Award, and the Committee shall determine whether cash or other securities shall be paid or transferred in lieu of any fractional Shares, or whether such fractional Shares or any rights thereto shall be canceled, terminated or otherwise eliminated.

SECTION 15 . *Effective Date of the Plan.*

The Plan shall be effective as of the date of its approval by the shareholders of the Company.

SECTION 16 . *Term of the Plan.*

No Award shall be granted under the Plan after the date of the annual shareholders meeting in the tenth year after the effective date of the Plan. However, unless otherwise expressly provided in the Plan or in an applicable Award Agreement, any Award theretofore granted may extend beyond such date, and the authority of the Committee to amend, alter, adjust, suspend, discontinue, or terminate any such Award, or to waive any conditions or rights under any such Award, and the authority of the Board to amend the Plan, shall extend beyond such date.



## AMENDMENT NO. 2

to

## EXECUTIVE AGREEMENT

dated \_\_\_\_\_

by and between

The Brink's Company (the "Company"),

and

\_\_\_\_\_ (the "Executive")

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive entered into an executive agreement dated as of \_\_\_\_\_, as amended as of \_\_\_\_\_ (the "Agreement").

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive desire to amend the Agreement as set forth herein as a result of the requirements of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and the regulations thereunder

NOW, THEREFORE, the Agreement is hereby amended as follows:

1. Section 1 of the Agreement is hereby modified by deleting Section 1(e) in its entirety and substituting the following new Section 1(e) in lieu thereof:

- (e) "Good Reason" means any of the following events that is not cured by the Company within 30 days after written notice thereof from the Executive to the Company, which written notice must be made within 90 days of the occurrence of the event:
- (i) without the Executive's express written consent, (A) the assignment to the Executive of any duties materially inconsistent with the Executive's position (including status, offices, titles and reporting requirements), authority, duties or responsibilities as contemplated by Section 3(a) hereof, (B) any other action by the Company or its Affiliates which results in a material diminution in such position, authority, duties or responsibilities or (C) any material failure by the Company to comply with any of the provisions of Section 3(b) hereof;
  - (ii) without the Executive's express written consent, the Company's requiring a material change to Executive's work location as set forth in Section 3(a)(i);
  - (iii) any failure by the Company to comply with and satisfy Section 10(a); or
-



(iv) any breach by the Company of any other material provision of this Agreement.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, "Good Reason" will cease to exist if the Executive has not terminated employment within two years following the initial occurrence of the event constituting Good Reason.

2. Section 5 of the Agreement is hereby modified by:

1. Deleting from Section 5(a)(i)(A)(3) the words "any compensation previously deferred by the Executive (together with any accrued interest or earnings thereon) and" and "in each case".
2. Adding the following clause at the end of Section 5(a)(iii):

"and further provided, however, that except as specifically permitted by Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder ("Section 409A"), the benefits provided to the Executive under this Section 5(a)(iii) during any calendar year shall not affect the benefits to be provided to the Executive under this Section 5(a)(iii) in any other calendar year and the right to such benefits cannot be liquidated or exchanged for any other benefit, in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(1)(iv) or any successor thereto".

3. Adding the words "in a lump sum in cash within 30 days after the Date of Termination" after "Accrued Obligations" in Sections 5(b)(i) and 5(c) and at the end of Section 5(c)(x).
4. Deleting clause (y) from Section 5(c) and relettering clause (z) to (y).

3. Section 8 of the Agreement is hereby modified by:

1. Adding the words "prior to the tenth anniversary of the end of the Employment Period" after "incur" in the last sentence thereof.
2. Adding the following sentences after the last sentence thereof:

"Except as specifically permitted by Section 409A, the legal fees provided to the Executive under this Section 8 during any calendar year shall not affect the legal fees to be provided to the Executive under this Section 8 in any other calendar year and the right to such legal fees cannot be liquidated or exchanged for any other benefit, in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(1)(iv) or any successor thereto. Furthermore, reimbursement payments for legal fees shall be made to the Executive as promptly as practicable following the date that the applicable expense is

incurred, but in any event not later than the last day of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the underlying fee is incurred, in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(1)(iv) or any successor thereto.”

4. Section 9 of the Agreement is hereby modified by adding the following sentence after the last sentence thereof:

“The Gross-Up Payment shall be paid no later than the end of the Executive’s taxable year following the year in which the taxes related to the Gross-Up Payment are remitted to the Internal Revenue Service, in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(1)(v) or any successor thereto.”

5. The following new Section 16 is hereby added to the Agreement:

Section 16. Section 409A of the Code. The provisions of this Section 16 shall apply notwithstanding any provision in this Agreement to the contrary.

- (a) Intent to Comply with Section 409A of the Code. It is intended that the provisions of this Agreement comply with Section 409A, and all provisions of this Agreement shall be construed and interpreted in a manner consistent with the requirements for avoiding taxes or penalties under Section 409A.
- (b) Six-Month Delay of Certain Payments. If, at the time of the Executive’s separation from service (within the meaning of Section 409A), (i) the Executive shall be a specified employee (within the meaning of Section 409A and using the identification methodology selected by the Company from time to time) and (ii) the Company shall make a good faith determination that an amount payable under this Agreement or any other plan, policy, arrangement or agreement of or with the Company or any affiliate thereof (this Agreement and such other plans, policies, arrangements and agreements, the “Company Plans”) constitutes deferred compensation (within the meaning of Section 409A) the payment of which is required to be delayed pursuant to the six-month delay rule set forth in Section 409A in order to avoid taxes or penalties under Section 409A, then the Company (or an affiliate, as applicable) shall not pay any such amount on the otherwise scheduled payment date but shall instead accumulate such amount and pay it, without interest, on the

first day of the seventh month following such separation from service.

- (c) Amendment of Deferred Compensation Plans. Notwithstanding any provision of any Company Plan to the contrary, in light of the uncertainty with respect to the proper application of Section 409A, the Company reserves the right to make amendments to any Company Plan as the Company deems necessary or desirable to avoid the imposition of taxes or penalties under Section 409A.

6. Except as set forth herein, all other terms and conditions of the Agreement shall remain in full force and effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have executed this Amendment as of \_\_\_\_\_, 2008.

0; THE BRINK'S COMPANY

60; By: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
&# 160; [Executive]



## AMENDMENT NO. 1

to

## SEVERANCE AGREEMENT

dated \_\_\_\_\_

by and between

The Brink's Company (the "Company")

and \_\_\_\_\_

(the "Executive")

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive entered into a severance agreement dated as of \_\_\_\_\_ (the "Agreement").

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive desire to amend the Agreement as set forth herein as a result of the requirements of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, and the regulations thereunder.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Agreement is hereby amended as follows:

1. Section 1 of the Agreement is hereby modified by deleting Section 1(e) in its entirety and substituting the following new Section 1(e) in lieu thereof:

- (e) "Good Reason" means any of the following events that is not cured by the Company within 30 days after written notice thereof from the Executive to the Company, which written notice must be made within 90 days of the occurrence of the event:
- (i) without the Executive's express written consent, (A) the assignment to the Executive of any duties materially inconsistent with the Executive's position (including status, offices, titles and reporting requirements), authority, duties or responsibilities as contemplated by Section 3(i)(A) hereof, or (B) any other action or inaction by the Company or its Affiliates which results in a material diminution in such position, authority, duties or responsibilities;
  - (ii) without the Executive's express written consent, the Company's requiring a material change to Executive's work location as set forth in Section 3(i);
  - (iii) any failure by the Company to comply with and satisfy Section 10(a); or
  - (iv) any breach by the Company of any other material provision of this Agreement.
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Notwithstanding the foregoing, "Good Reason" will cease to exist if the Executive has not terminated employment within two years following the initial occurrence of the event constituting Good Reason.

2. Section 4 of the Agreement is hereby modified by:

1. In Section 4(a)(i), replacing the words "the later of (I) 30 days after the Date of Termination and (II) 10 business days after execution (without subsequent revocation) by the Executive of the release required by Section 8(b) of this Agreement, as defined herebelow," with "30 days after the Date of Termination or, in the case of clauses (A)(2) and (B), 10 business days after execution (without subsequent revocation) by the Executive of the release required by Section 8(b) of this Agreement, as defined herebelow, if earlier."
2. Deleting Sections 4(a)(i)(A)(3) and 4(a)(i)(A)(4) in their entirety.
3. Deleting from Section 4(a)(i)(A)(5) the words "in each case".
4. Renumbering Section 4(a)(i)(A)(5) to 4(a)(i)(A)(3).
5. In the parenthetical at the end of Section 4(a)(i)(A), replacing the words "clauses (1) through (5)" with the words "clauses (1) through (3)".

6. Adding the following clause at the end of Section 4(a)(iii):

"and further provided, however, that except as specifically permitted by Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder ("Section 409A"), the benefits provided to the Executive under this Section 4(a)(iii) during any calendar year shall not affect the benefits to be provided to the Executive under this Section 4(a)(iii) in any other calendar year and the right to such benefits cannot be liquidated or exchanged for any other benefit, in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(1)(iv) or any successor thereto".

7. Adding the following clause at the end of Section 4(a)(vi):

"provided, however, that except as specifically permitted by Section 409A, (A) the relocation benefits provided to the Executive under this Section 4(a)(vi) during any calendar year shall not affect the relocation benefits to be provided to the Executive under this Section 4(a)(vi) in any other calendar year, (B) the right to such benefits cannot be liquidated or exchanged for any other benefit and (C) any reimbursements for relocation expenses provided under this Section 4(a)(vi) shall be made to the Executive as promptly as practicable following the date that the

applicable expense is incurred, but in any event not later than the last day of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the underlying expense is incurred, in each case in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(1)(iv) or any successor thereto”.

8. Adding the words “in a lump sum in cash within 30 days after the Date of Termination” after “Accrued Obligations” in Sections 4(b)(i) and 4(c) and after “Date of Termination” in Section 4(c)(x).

9. Deleting clause (y) from Section 4(c) and relettering clause (z) to (y).

3. Section 8(a) of the Agreement is hereby modified by:

1. Adding the words “prior to the tenth anniversary of the end of the Employment Period” after “incur” in the last sentence thereof.

2. Adding the following sentences after the last sentence thereof:

“Except as specifically permitted by Section 409A, the legal fees provided to the Executive under this Section 8 during any calendar year shall not affect the legal fees to be provided to the Executive under this Section 8 in any other calendar year and the right to such legal fees cannot be liquidated or exchanged for any other benefit, in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(1)(iv) or any successor thereto. Furthermore, reimbursement payments for legal fees shall be made to the Executive as promptly as practicable following the date that the applicable expense is incurred, but in any event not later than the last day of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the underlying fee is incurred, in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(1)(iv) or any successor thereto.”

4. Section 8(b) of the Agreement is hereby modified by adding the following sentence after the last sentence thereof:

1. “Notwithstanding any provision of this Agreement to the contrary, the Executive must execute the Release, and the Release must become effective in accordance with its terms, prior to the 60th day following termination of employment in order for the Executive to receive any payments or benefits under Section 4(a)(i)(A)(2) or 4(a)(i)(B). In addition, if the Executive does not execute the Release, or the Release does not become effective in accordance with its terms, prior to such 60th day, the Executive shall repay the Company, in cash, within five business days after written demand is made therefor by the Company, an amount equal to the value of any payments or benefits received pursuant to Section 4(a)(ii).

4(a)(iii), 4(a)(iv) or 4(a)(vi), and shall not receive any further payments or benefits under such Sections.”

5. Section 9 of the Agreement is hereby modified by adding the following sentence after the last sentence thereof:

“The Gross-Up Payment shall be paid no later than the end of the Executive’s taxable year following the year in which the taxes related to the Gross-Up Payment are remitted to the Internal Revenue Service, in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(1)(v) or any successor thereto.”

6. The following new Section 16 is hereby added to the Agreement:

Section 16. Section 409A of the Code. The provisions of this Section 16 shall apply notwithstanding any provision in this Agreement to the contrary.

- (a) Intent to Comply with Section 409A of the Code. It is intended that the provisions of this Agreement comply with Section 409A, and all provisions of this Agreement shall be construed and interpreted in a manner consistent with the requirements for avoiding taxes or penalties under Section 409A.
- (b) Six-Month Delay of Certain Payments. If, at the time of the Executive’s separation from service (within the meaning of Section 409A), (i) the Executive shall be a specified employee (within the meaning of Section 409A and using the identification methodology selected by the Company from time to time) and (ii) the Company shall make a good faith determination that an amount payable under this Agreement or any other plan, policy, arrangement or agreement of or with the Company or any affiliate thereof (this Agreement and such other plans, policies, arrangements and agreements, the “Company Plans”) constitutes deferred compensation (within the meaning of Section 409A) the payment of which is required to be delayed pursuant to the six-month delay rule set forth in Section 409A in order to avoid taxes or penalties under Section 409A, then the Company (or an affiliate, as applicable) shall not pay any such amount on the otherwise scheduled payment date but shall instead accumulate such amount and pay it, without interest, on the first day of the seventh month following such separation from service.



(c) Amendment of Deferred Compensation Plans. Notwithstanding any provision of any Company Plan to the contrary, in light of the uncertainty with respect to the proper application of Section 409A, the Company reserves the right to make amendments to any Company Plan as the Company deems necessary or desirable to avoid the imposition of taxes or penalties under Section 409A.

7. Except as set forth herein, all other terms and conditions of the Agreement shall remain in full force and effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have executed this Amendment as of \_\_\_\_\_, 2008.

THE BRINK'S COMPANY

By: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

□ 0 ;

[Executive]



## AMENDMENT NO. 3

to

## EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

dated May 4, 1998

by and between

The Brink's Company (the "Company"),

Brink's, Incorporated

and

Michael T. Dan (the "Executive")

WHEREAS, the Company, Brink's, Incorporated and the Executive entered into an employment agreement dated as of May 4, 1998, as amended as of March 8, 2002 and March 8, 2006 (the "Agreement").

WHEREAS, the Company, Brink's, Incorporated and the Executive desire to amend the Agreement as set forth herein as a result of the requirements of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, and the regulations thereunder.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Agreement is hereby amended as follows:

1. Section 4(d) of the Agreement is hereby modified by adding the words ", paid within 30 days after the date of termination" at the end of the first sentence thereof.
2. Section 4(e) of the Agreement is hereby modified by adding the following language at the end of the last sentence thereof:

"; provided that the event relied upon as a basis for termination under this Section 4(e) is not cured by the Company within 30 days after written notice thereof from the Executive to the Company, which written notice must be made within 90 days of the occurrence of the event. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Termination by the Company without Due Cause shall not be deemed to have occurred if the Executive has not terminated employment within two years following the initial occurrence of the event relied upon as a basis for termination under this Section 4(e)"

3. Section 4(g) of the Agreement, as in effect prior to Amendment No. 1 to the Agreement, is hereby modified by adding the words "within five days following the date of termination of employment" at the end of the last sentence thereof.
-

4. Section 4(g) of the Agreement, as added by Amendment No. 1 to the Agreement, is hereby relettered to 4(h).

5. Section 13 of the Agreement is hereby modified by adding the following sentences after the last sentence thereof:

“Except as specifically permitted by Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder (“Section 409A”), the arbitration expenses provided to the Executive under this Section 13 during any calendar year shall not affect the arbitration expenses to be provided to the Executive under this Section 13 in any other calendar year and the right to such arbitration expenses cannot be liquidated or exchanged for any other benefit, in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(1)(iv) or any successor thereto. Furthermore, reimbursement payments for arbitration expenses shall be made to the Executive as promptly as practicable following the date that the applicable expense is incurred, but in any event not later than the last day of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the underlying expense is incurred, in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(1)(iv) or any successor thereto.”

6. The following new Section 18 is hereby added to the Agreement:

Section 18. Section 409A of the Code. The provisions of this Section 18 shall apply notwithstanding any provision in this Agreement to the contrary.

- (a) Intent to Comply with Section 409A of the Code. It is intended that the provisions of this Agreement comply with Section 409A, and all provisions of this Agreement shall be construed and interpreted in a manner consistent with the requirements for avoiding taxes or penalties under Section 409A.
- (b) Six-Month Delay of Certain Payments. If, at the time of the Executive’s separation from service (within the meaning of Section 409A), (i) the Executive shall be a specified employee (within the meaning of Section 409A and using the identification methodology selected by the Company from time to time) and (ii) the Company shall make a good faith determination that an amount payable under this Agreement or any other plan, policy, arrangement or agreement of or with the Company or any affiliate thereof (this Agreement and such other plans, policies, arrangements and agreements, the “Company

Plans”) constitutes deferred compensation (within the meaning of Section 409A) the payment of which is required to be delayed pursuant to the six-month delay rule set forth in Section 409A in order to avoid taxes or penalties under Section 409A, then the Company (or an affiliate, as applicable) shall not pay any such amount on the otherwise scheduled payment date but shall instead accumulate such amount and pay it, without interest, on the first day of the seventh month following such separation from service.

- (c) Amendment of Deferred Compensation Plans. Notwithstanding any provision of any Company Plan to the contrary, in light of the uncertainty with respect to the proper application of Section 409A, the Company reserves the right to make amendments to any Company Plan as the Company deems necessary or desirable to avoid the imposition of taxes or penalties under Section 409A.
- (d) Prohibition of Offsets. Except as permitted under Section 409A, any deferred compensation (within the meaning of Section 409A) payable to or for the benefit of the Executive under any Company Plan may not be reduced by, or offset against, any amount owing by the Executive to the Company or any affiliate thereof.

7. Except as set forth herein, all other terms and conditions of the Agreement shall remain in full force and effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have executed this Amendment as of November 14, 2008.

THE BRINK'S COMPANY

By: /s/ Frank T. Lennon  
Frank T. Lennon  
Vice President and  
Chief Administrative  
Officer

BRINK'S, INCORPORATED

By: /s/ Frank T. Lennon  
Frank T. Lennon  
Vice President

/s/ Michael T. Dan  
Michael T. Dan



## AMENDMENT NO. 2

to

## EXECUTIVE AGREEMENT

dated May 4, 1998

by and between

The Brink's Company (the "Company"),

Brink's, Incorporated

and

Michael T. Dan (the "Executive")

WHEREAS, the Company, Brink's, Incorporated and the Executive entered into an executive agreement dated as of May 4, 1998, as amended as of March 28, 2007 (the "Agreement").

WHEREAS, the Company, Brink's, Incorporated and the Executive desire to amend the Agreement as set forth herein as a result of the requirements of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and the regulations thereunder

NOW, THEREFORE, the Agreement is hereby amended as follows:

1. Section 1 of the Agreement is hereby modified by deleting Section 1(e) in its entirety and substituting the following new Section 1(e) in lieu thereof:

- (e) "Good Reason" means any of the following events that is not cured by the Company within 30 days after written notice thereof from the Executive to the Company, which written notice must be made within 90 days of the occurrence of the event:
    - (i) without the Executive's express written consent, (A) the assignment to the Executive of any duties materially inconsistent with the Executive's position (including status, offices, titles and reporting requirements), authority, duties or responsibilities as contemplated by Section 3(a) hereof, (B) any other action by the Company or its Affiliates which results in a material diminution in such position, authority, duties or responsibilities or (C) any material failure by the Company to comply with any of the provisions of Section 3(b) hereof;
    - (ii) without the Executive's express written consent, the Company's requiring a material change to Executive's work location as set forth in Section 3(a)(i);
-



(iii) any failure by the Company to comply with and satisfy Section 10(a); or

(iv) any breach by the Company of any other material provision of this Agreement.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, "Good Reason" will cease to exist if the Executive has not terminated employment within two years following the initial occurrence of the event constituting Good Reason.

2. Section 5 of the Agreement is hereby modified by:

1. Deleting from Section 5(a)(i)(A)(3) the words "any compensation previously deferred by the Executive (together with any accrued interest or earnings thereon) and" and "in each case".

2. Adding the following clause at the end of Section 5(a)(iii):

"and further provided, however, that except as specifically permitted by Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder ("Section 409A"), the benefits provided to the Executive under this Section 5(a)(iii) during any calendar year shall not affect the benefits to be provided to the Executive under this Section 5(a)(iii) in any other calendar year and the right to such benefits cannot be liquidated or exchanged for any other benefit, in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(1)(iv) or any successor thereto".

3. Adding the words "in a lump sum in cash within 30 days after the Date of Termination" after "Accrued Obligations" in Sections 5(b)(i) and 5(c) and at the end of Section 5(c)(x).

4. Deleting clause (y) from Section 5(c) and relettering clause (z) to (y).

3. Section 8 of the Agreement is hereby modified by:

1. Adding the words "prior to the tenth anniversary of the end of the Employment Period" after "incur" in the last sentence thereof.

2. Adding the following sentences after the last sentence thereof:

"Except as specifically permitted by Section 409A, the legal fees provided to the Executive under this Section 8 during any calendar year shall not affect the legal fees to be provided to the Executive under this Section 8 in any other calendar year and the right to such legal fees cannot be liquidated or exchanged for any other benefit, in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(1)(iv)

or any successor thereto. Furthermore, reimbursement payments for legal fees shall be made to the Executive as promptly as practicable following the date that the applicable expense is incurred, but in any event not later than the last day of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the underlying fee is incurred, in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(1)(iv) or any successor thereto.”

4. Section 9 of the Agreement is hereby modified by adding the following sentence after the last sentence thereof:

“The Gross-Up Payment shall be paid no later than the end of the Executive’s taxable year following the year in which the taxes related to the Gross-Up Payment are remitted to the Internal Revenue Service, in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(1)(v) or any successor thereto.”

5. The following new Section 16 is hereby added to the Agreement:

Section 16. Section 409A of the Code. The provisions of this Section 16 shall apply notwithstanding any provision in this Agreement to the contrary.

- (a) Intent to Comply with Section 409A of the Code. It is intended that the provisions of this Agreement comply with Section 409A, and all provisions of this Agreement shall be construed and interpreted in a manner consistent with the requirements for avoiding taxes or penalties under Section 409A.
- (b) Six-Month Delay of Certain Payments. If, at the time of the Executive’s separation from service (within the meaning of Section 409A), (i) the Executive shall be a specified employee (within the meaning of Section 409A and using the identification methodology selected by the Company from time to time) and (ii) the Company shall make a good faith determination that an amount payable under this Agreement or any other plan, policy, arrangement or agreement of or with the Company or any affiliate thereof (this Agreement and such other plans, policies, arrangements and agreements, the “Company Plans”) constitutes deferred compensation (within the meaning of Section 409A) the payment of which is required to be delayed pursuant to the six-month delay rule set forth in Section 409A in order to avoid taxes or penalties under Section 409A, then the Company (or an affiliate, as applicable) shall not pay any such amount on

the otherwise scheduled payment date but shall instead accumulate such amount and pay it, without interest, on the first day of the seventh month following such separation from service.

- (c) Amendment of Deferred Compensation Plans. Notwithstanding any provision of any Company Plan to the contrary, in light of the uncertainty with respect to the proper application of Section 409A, the Company reserves the right to make amendments to any Company Plan as the Company deems necessary or desirable to avoid the imposition of taxes or penalties under Section 409A.

6. Except as set forth herein, all other terms and conditions of the Agreement shall remain in full force and effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have executed this Amendment as of November 14, 2008.

THE BRINK'S COMPANY

;

/s/ Frank T. Lennon  
By:  
Frank T. Lennon  
Vice President and  
Chief Administrative Officer

BRINK'S, INCORPORATED

;

/s/ Frank T. Lennon  
By:  
Frank T. Lennon  
Vice President

/s/ Michael T. Dan  
Michael T. Dan



## AMENDMENT NO. 1

to

## CHANGE IN CONTROL AGREEMENT

dated April 7, 2008

by and between

The Brink's Company (the "Company")

and Michael J. Cazer

(the "Executive")

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive entered into a change in control agreement dated as of April 7, 2008 (the "Agreement").

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive desire to amend the Agreement as set forth herein as a result of the requirements of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, and the regulations thereunder.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Agreement is hereby amended as follows:

1. Section 5 of the Agreement is hereby modified by:

1. Adding the following clause at the end of Section 5(a)(ii):

"provided, however, that except as specifically permitted by Section 409A of the Code and the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder ("Section 409A"), the benefits provided to the Executive under this Section 5(a)(ii) during any calendar year shall not affect the benefits to be provided to the Executive under this Section 5(a)(ii) in any other calendar year and the right to such benefits cannot be liquidated or exchanged for any other benefit, in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(1)(iv) or any successor thereto".

2. Adding the words "in a lump sum in cash within 30 days after the Date of Termination" after "Accrued Obligations" in Sections 5(b)(i) and 5(c) and at the end of Section 5(c)(x).

2. Section 8 of the Agreement is hereby modified by:

1. Adding the words "prior to the tenth anniversary of the end of the Employment Period" after "incur" in the last sentence thereof.

2. Adding the following sentences after the last sentence thereof:

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“Except as specifically permitted by Section 409A, the legal fees provided to the Executive under this Section 8 during any calendar year shall not affect the legal fees to be provided to the Executive under this Section 8 in any other calendar year and the right to such legal fees cannot be liquidated or exchanged for any other benefit, in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(1)(iv) or any successor thereto. Furthermore, reimbursement payments for legal fees shall be made to the Executive as promptly as practicable following the date that the applicable expense is incurred, but in any event not later than the last day of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the underlying fee is incurred, in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(1)(iv) or any successor thereto.”

3. Section 9(b) of the Agreement is hereby modified by deleting the words “Unless the Executive shall have given prior written notice specifying a different order to the Company to effectuate the foregoing,” from the second sentence thereof and deleting the last sentence thereof.

4. The following new Section 16 is hereby added to the Agreement:

Section 16. Section 409A of the Code. The provisions of this Section 16 shall apply notwithstanding any provision in this Agreement to the contrary.

- (a) Intent to Comply with Section 409A of the Code. It is intended that the provisions of this Agreement comply with Section 409A, and all provisions of this Agreement shall be construed and interpreted in a manner consistent with the requirements for avoiding taxes or penalties under Section 409A.
- (b) Six-Month Delay of Certain Payments. If, at the time of the Executive’s separation from service (within the meaning of Section 409A), (i) the Executive shall be a specified employee (within the meaning of Section 409A and using the identification methodology selected by the Company from time to time) and (ii) the Company shall make a good faith determination that an amount payable under this Agreement or any other plan, policy, arrangement or agreement of or with the Company or any affiliate thereof (this Agreement and such other plans, policies, arrangements and agreements, the “Company Plans”) constitutes deferred compensation (within the meaning of Section 409A) the payment of which is required to be delayed pursuant to the six-month delay rule set forth in Section 409A in order to avoid taxes or

penalties under Section 409A, then the Company (or an affiliate, as applicable) shall not pay any such amount on the otherwise scheduled payment date but shall instead accumulate such amount and pay it, without interest, on the first day of the seventh month following such separation from service.

- (c) Amendment of Deferred Compensation Plans. Notwithstanding any provision of any Company Plan to the contrary, in light of the uncertainty with respect to the proper application of Section 409A, the Company reserves the right to make amendments to any Company Plan as the Company deems necessary or desirable to avoid the imposition of taxes or penalties under Section 409A.

5. Except as set forth herein, all other terms and conditions of the Agreement shall remain in full force and effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have executed this Amendment as of November 14, 2008.

6 0 ; THE BRINK'S COMPANY

□

□ 0 ; By:

/s/ Frank T. Lennon

Frank T. Lennon  
Vice President and  
Chief Administrative Officer

/s/ Michael J. Cazer

Michael J. Cazer





## AMENDMENT NO. 1

to

## SEVERANCE AGREEMENT

dated April 7, 2008

by and between

The Brink's Company (the "Company")

and Michael J. Cazer

(the "Executive")

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive entered into a severance agreement dated as of April 7, 2008 (the "Agreement").

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive desire to amend the Agreement as set forth herein as a result of the requirements of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and the regulations thereunder.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Agreement is hereby amended as follows:

1. Section 4 of the Agreement is hereby modified by:

1. In Section 4(a)(i), replacing the words "the later of (I) 30 days after the Date of Termination and (II) 10 business days after execution (without subsequent revocation) by the Executive of the release required by Section 8(b) of this Agreement, as defined herebelow," with "30 days after the Date of Termination or, in the case of clauses (A)(2) and (B), 10 business days after execution (without subsequent revocation) by the Executive of the release required by Section 8(b) of this Agreement, as defined herebelow, if earlier,".

2. Adding the following clause at the end of Section 4(a)(ii):

"~~provided, however,~~ that except as specifically permitted by Section 409A of the Code and the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder ("Section 409A"), the benefits provided to the Executive under this Section 4(a)(ii) during any calendar year shall not affect the benefits to be provided to the Executive under this Section 4(a)(ii) in any other calendar year and the right to such benefits cannot be liquidated or exchanged for any other benefit, in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(1)(iv) or any successor thereto".

3. Adding the words "in a lump sum in cash within 30 days after the Date of Termination" after "Accrued Obligations" in Sections 4(b)(i) and 4(c) and after "Date of Termination" in Section 4(c)(x).

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2. Section 8(a) of the Agreement is hereby modified by:

1. Adding the words "prior to the tenth anniversary of the end of the Employment Period" after "incur" in the last sentence thereof.
2. Adding the following sentences after the last sentence thereof:

"Except as specifically permitted by Section 409A, the legal fees provided to the Executive under this Section 8 during any calendar year shall not affect the legal fees to be provided to the Executive under this Section 8 in any other calendar year and the right to such legal fees cannot be liquidated or exchanged for any other benefit, in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(1)(iv) or any successor thereto. Furthermore, reimbursement payments for legal fees shall be made to the Executive as promptly as practicable following the date that the applicable expense is incurred, but in any event not later than the last day of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the underlying fee is incurred, in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(1)(iv) or any successor thereto."

3. Section 8(b) of the Agreement is hereby modified by replacing the last sentence thereof with the following:

1. "Notwithstanding any provision of this Agreement to the contrary, the Executive must execute the Release, and the Release must become effective in accordance with its terms, prior to the 60th day following termination of employment in order for the Executive to receive any payments or benefits under Section 4(a)(i)(A)(2) or 4(a)(i)(B). In addition, if the Executive does not execute the Release, or the Release does not become effective in accordance with its terms, prior to such 60th day, the Executive shall repay the Company, in cash, within five business days after written demand is made therefor by the Company, an amount equal to the value of any payments or benefits received pursuant to Section 4(a)(ii) or 4(a)(iv), and shall not receive any further payments or benefits under such Sections."

4. Section 9(b) of the Agreement is hereby modified by deleting the words "Unless the Executive shall have given prior written notice specifying a different order to the Company to effectuate the foregoing," from the second sentence thereof and deleting the last sentence thereof.

5. The following new Section 16 is hereby added to the Agreement:

Section 16. Section 409A of the Code. The provisions of this Section 16 shall apply notwithstanding any provision in this Agreement to the contrary.

- (a) Intent to Comply with Section 409A of the Code. It is intended that the provisions of this Agreement comply with Section 409A, and all provisions of this Agreement shall be construed and interpreted in a manner consistent with the requirements for avoiding taxes or penalties under Section 409A.
  
- (b) Six-Month Delay of Certain Payments. If, at the time of the Executive's separation from service (within the meaning of Section 409A), (i) the Executive shall be a specified employee (within the meaning of Section 409A and using the identification methodology selected by the Company from time to time) and (ii) the Company shall make a good faith determination that an amount payable under this Agreement or any other plan, policy, arrangement or agreement of or with the Company or any affiliate thereof (this Agreement and such other plans, policies, arrangements and agreements, the "Company Plans") constitutes deferred compensation (within the meaning of Section 409A) the payment of which is required to be delayed pursuant to the six-month delay rule set forth in Section 409A in order to avoid taxes or penalties under Section 409A, then the Company (or an affiliate, as applicable) shall not pay any such amount on the otherwise scheduled payment date but shall instead accumulate such amount and pay it, without interest, on the first day of the seventh month following such separation from service.
  
- (c) Amendment of Deferred Compensation Plans. Notwithstanding any provision of any Company Plan to the contrary, in light of the uncertainty with respect to the proper application of Section 409A, the Company reserves the right to make amendments to any Company Plan as the Company deems necessary or desirable to avoid the imposition of taxes or penalties under Section 409A.

6. Except as set forth herein, all other terms and conditions of the Agreement shall remain in full force and effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have executed this Amendment as of November 14, 2008.

THE BRINK'S

COMPANY

& # 1 6 0 ;

1 6 0 ;

& #  
By:

/s/ Frank T. Lennon

Frank T. Lennon  
Vice President and  
Chief Administrative Officer

1 6 0 ;

& #

/s/ Michael J. Cazer

Michael J. Cazer



CHANGE IN CONTROL AGREEMENT  
dated as of September 15, 2008  
between The Brink's Company,  
a Virginia corporation (the "Company"),  
and McAlister C. Marshall, II (the "Executive").

SECTION 1. Definitions. As used in this Agreement:

(a) "Affiliate" has the meaning ascribed thereto in Rule 12b-2 pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Act").

(b) "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Company.

(c) "Cause" means (i) an act or acts of dishonesty on the Executive's part which are intended to result in the Executive's substantial personal enrichment at the expense of the Company or (ii) repeated material violations by the Executive of the Executive's obligations under Section 3 or Section 11 which are demonstrably willful and deliberate on the Executive's part and which have not been cured by the Executive within a reasonable time after written notice to the Executive specifying the nature of such violations. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Executive shall not be deemed to have been terminated for Cause without (1) reasonable notice to the Executive setting forth the reasons for the Company's intention to terminate for Cause, (2) an opportunity for the Executive, together with his counsel, to be heard before the Board, and (3) delivery to the Executive of a Notice of Termination, as defined in Section 4(d) hereof, from the Board finding that in the good faith opinion of three-quarters (3/4) of the Board the Executive was guilty of conduct set forth above in clause (i) or (ii) hereof, and specifying the particulars thereof in detail.

(d) A "Change in Control" shall be deemed to occur (1) upon (A) any consolidation or merger of the Company in which the Company is not the continuing or surviving corporation or pursuant to which the shares of all classes of the Company's Common Stock would be converted into cash, securities or other property other than a consolidation or merger in which holders of the total voting power in the election of directors of the Company of all classes of Common Stock outstanding (exclusive of shares held by the Company's Affiliates) (the "Total Voting Power") immediately prior to the consolidation or merger will have the same proportionate ownership of the total voting power in the election of directors of the surviving corporation immediately after the consolidation or merger, or (B) any sale, lease, exchange or other transfer (in one transaction or a series of transactions) of all or substantially all the assets of the Company, (2) when any "person" (as defined in Section 13(d) of the Act), other than the Company, its Affiliates or an employee benefit plan or trust maintained by the Company or its Affiliates, shall become the "beneficial owner" (as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Act), directly or indirectly, of more than 20% of the Total Voting Power or (3) if at any time during a period of two consecutive years, individuals who at the beginning of such period constituted the Board shall cease for any reason to constitute at least a majority thereof, unless the election by the Company's shareholders of each new director during such two-year period was approved by a vote of at least two-thirds of the directors then still in office who were directors at the beginning of such two-year period.

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(e) "Good Reason" means any of the following events that is not cured by the Company within 30 days after written notice thereof from the Executive to the Company, which written notice must be made within 90 days of the occurrence of the event:

- (i) (A) without the Executive's express written consent, the assignment to the Executive of any duties materially inconsistent with the Executive's position (including status, offices, titles and reporting requirements), authority, duties or responsibilities as contemplated by Section 3(a) hereof, (B) any other action by the Company or its Affiliates which results in a material diminution in such position, authorities, duties or responsibilities, or (C) any material failure by the Company to comply with any of the provisions of Section 3(b) hereof;
- (ii) without the Executive's express written consent, the Company's requiring a material change to Executive's work location as set forth in Section 3(a)(i);
- (iii) any failure by the Company to comply with and satisfy Section 10(a); or
- (iv) any breach by the Company of any other material provision of this Agreement.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, "Good Reason" will cease to exist if the Executive has not terminated employment within two years following the initial occurrence of the event constituting Good Reason.

(f) "Incapacity" means any physical or mental illness or disability of the Executive which continues for a period of six consecutive months or more and which at any time after such six-month period the Board shall reasonably determine renders the Executive incapable of performing his or her duties during the remainder of the Employment Period.

(g) "Operative Date" means the date on which a Change in Control shall have occurred.

SECTION 2. Employment Period. The Company hereby agrees to continue the Executive in its employ, and the Executive hereby agrees to remain in the employ of the Company subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, for the period commencing on the Operative Date and ending on the third anniversary of such date (the "Employment Period"); provided, however, that, effective after the first anniversary of the Operative Date, the Executive shall have the right to terminate his employment for any reason, or for no reason at all, whereupon the Employment Period shall terminate effective as of the date of such termination of employment; and, provided further, that, notwithstanding the foregoing, the Executive's right to terminate employment for Good Reason pursuant to Section 4 hereunder shall apply at any time during the Employment Period.

SECTION 3. Terms of Employment. (a) Position and Duties. (i) During the Employment Period: (A) the Executive's position (including status, offices, titles, reporting requirements), authority, duties and responsibilities shall be at least commensurate in all material respects with the most significant of those held, exercised and assigned immediately prior to the Operative Date, and (B) the Executive's services shall be performed at a location that is within 25

miles of the location at which the Executive was based on the Operative Date and the Company shall not require the Executive to travel on Company business to a substantially greater extent than required immediately before the Operative Date, except for travel and temporary assignments which are reasonably required for the full discharge of the Executive's responsibilities and which are consistent with the Executive's being so based.

(ii) During the Employment Period, and excluding any periods of vacation and sick leave to which the Executive is entitled, the Executive agrees to devote reasonable attention and time during normal business hours to the business and affairs of the Company and, to the extent necessary to discharge the responsibilities assigned to the Executive hereunder, to use the Executive's reasonable best efforts to perform faithfully and efficiently such responsibilities. All such services as an employee or officer will be subject to the direction and control of the Chief Executive Officer of the Company or of an appropriate senior official designated by such Chief Executive Officer (or, in the event of the Chief Executive Officer's incapacity without such a designation, the Board).

(b) Compensation. (i) Salary and Bonus. During the first year of the Executive's Employment Period the Executive will receive compensation at an annual rate equal to the sum of (A) a salary ("Annual Base Salary") not less than the Executive's annualized salary in effect immediately prior to the Operative Date, plus (B) an annual bonus not less than the amount of the Executive's Average Annual Bonus (as defined below). During the Employment Period, on each anniversary of the Operative Date the Executive's compensation in effect on such anniversary date shall be increased for the remaining Employment Period by not less than the higher of (A) 5% or (B) 80% of the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index (All Urban Consumers) for the twelve month period ended immediately prior to the month in which such anniversary date occurs.

For purposes of this Agreement, "Average Annual Bonus" shall mean the average amount of the annual bonus earned by, and paid to, the Executive under the Key Employees Incentive Plan (or any substitute or successor plan) for the last three full calendar years preceding the Date of Termination; provided that if the Executive has not been employed for the entirety of the last three full calendar years, so that the Average Annual Bonus cannot be determined based on the actual amount of annual bonuses earned and paid for such full calendar years, then to the extent necessary to attain an average of three years for purposes of determining the Average Annual Bonus, the Executive's target annual bonus amount for the year in which the Date of Termination occurs shall be used for any (i) partial calendar year(s) of employment and (ii) calendar year(s) that has not yet commenced.

(ii) Incentive and Savings Plans. During the Employment Period, the Executive will be entitled to (A) continue to participate in all incentive and savings plans and programs generally applicable to full-time officers or employees of the Company or (B) participate in incentive and savings plans and programs of a successor to the Company which have benefits that are not less favorable to the Executive.

(iii) Welfare Benefit Plans. During the Employment Period, the Executive and/or the Executive's family or beneficiary, as the case may be, shall be eligible to (A) participate in and shall receive all benefits under welfare benefit plans and programs generally applicable to full-time officers or employees of the Company or (B) participate in welfare benefit plans and programs of a successor to the Company which have benefits that are not less favorable to the Executive.



(iv) Business Expenses. During the Employment Period the Company shall, in accordance with policies then in effect with respect to the payment of expenses, pay or reimburse the Executive for all reasonable out-of-pocket travel and other expenses (other than ordinary commuting expenses) incurred by the Executive in performing services hereunder. All such expenses shall be accounted for in such reasonable detail as the Company may require.

(v) Vacations. The Executive shall be entitled to periods of vacation not less than those to which the Executive was entitled immediately prior to the Operative Date.

SECTION 4. Termination of Employment.

(a) Death or Incapacity. The Executive's employment shall terminate automatically upon the Executive's death during the Employment Period. The Executive's employment shall cease and terminate on the date of determination by the Board that the Incapacity of the Executive has occurred during the Employment Period ("Incapacity Effective Date").

(b) Cause. The Company may terminate the Executive's employment for Cause, as defined herein, pursuant to the Board passing a resolution that such Cause exists.

(c) Good Reason. The Executive may terminate his or her employment for Good Reason, as defined herein.

(d) Notice of Termination. Any termination by the Company for Cause or Incapacity, or by the Executive for Good Reason, shall be communicated by Notice of Termination to the other party hereto given in accordance with Section 12 of this Agreement. For purposes of this Agreement, a "Notice of Termination" means a written notice which (i) indicates the specific termination provision in this Agreement relied upon, (ii) to the extent applicable, sets forth in reasonable detail the facts and circumstances claimed to provide a basis for termination of the Executive's employment under the provision so indicated, (iii) in the case of termination by the Company for Cause or for Incapacity, confirms that such termination is pursuant to a resolution of the Board, and (iv) if the Date of Termination (as defined below) is other than the date of receipt of such notice, specifies the termination date (which date shall be not more than 30 days after the giving of such notice). The failure by the Executive or the Company to set forth in the Notice of Termination any fact or circumstance which contributes to a showing of Good Reason, Incapacity or Cause shall not serve to waive any right of the Executive or the Company, respectively, hereunder or preclude the Executive or the Company, respectively, from asserting such fact or circumstance in enforcing the Executive's or the Company's rights hereunder.

(e) Date of Termination. "Date of Termination" means (i) if the Executive's employment is terminated by the Company for Cause or by the Executive for Good Reason, the date of receipt of the Notice of Termination or any later date specified therein, as the case may be, (ii) if the Executive's employment is terminated by the Company other than for Cause or Incapacity, the Date of Termination shall be the date on which the Company notifies the Executive of such termination, and (iii) if the Executive's employment is terminated by reason of death or Incapacity, the Date of Termination shall be the date of death of the Executive or the Incapacity Effective Date, as the case may be.

SECTION 5. Obligations of the Company Upon Termination. (a) Termination for Good Reason or for Reasons Other Than for Cause, Death or Incapacity. If, during the Employment Period, the Company shall terminate the Executive's employment other than for Cause or Incapacity or the Executive shall terminate his or her employment for Good Reason:

(i) the Company shall pay to the Executive in a lump sum in cash within 30 days after the Date of Termination the aggregate of the following amounts:

(A) the sum of (1) the Executive's currently effective Annual Base Salary through the Date of Termination to the extent not theretofore paid, (2) the product of (x) the Average Annual Bonus and (y) a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days in the current fiscal year through the Date of Termination, and the denominator of which is 365 and (3) any accrued vacation pay, in each case to the extent not theretofore paid (the sum of the amounts described in clauses (1), (2), and (3) shall be hereinafter referred to as the "Accrued Obligations"); and

(B) the amount equal to the product of (1) two and (2) the sum of (x) the Executive's Annual Base Salary and (y) his or her Average Annual Bonus;

(ii) In the event Executive elects continued medical benefit coverage pursuant to Section 4980B(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), then until the earlier of (A) the eighteen-month anniversary of the Termination Date or (ii) such time as the Executive becomes eligible to receive medical benefits under another employer-provided plan, the Company shall reimburse the Executive for premiums associated with such coverage in an amount equal to the premiums that the Company would have paid in respect of such coverage had the Executive's employment continued during such period.

(iii) the Company shall, at its sole expense as incurred, provide the Executive with reasonable outplacement services for a period of up to one year from the Date of Termination, the provider of which shall be selected by the Executive in his or her sole discretion; and

(iv) to the extent not theretofore paid or provided, the Company shall timely pay or provide to the Executive any other amounts or benefits required to be paid or provided or which the Executive is eligible to receive under any plan, program, policy or practice or contract or agreement of the Company and its Affiliates (such other amounts and benefits shall be hereinafter referred to as the "Other Benefits").

(b) Death or Incapacity. If the Executive's employment is terminated by reason of the Executive's death or Incapacity during the Employment Period, this Agreement shall terminate without further obligations to the Executive's legal representatives under this Agreement, other than for (i) timely payment of Accrued Obligations and (ii) provision by the Company of death benefits or disability benefits for termination due to death or Incapacity, respectively, in accordance with Section 3(b)(iii) as in effect at the Operative Date or, if more favorable to the Executive, at the Executive's Date of Termination.

(c) Cause: Other than for Good Reason. If the Executive's employment shall be terminated for Cause during the Employment Period, this Agreement shall terminate without further obligations to the Executive other than timely payment to the Executive of (x) the Executive's currently effective Annual Base Salary through the Date of Termination and (y) Other Benefits, in each case to the extent theretofore unpaid. If the Executive voluntarily terminates employment during the Employment Period, excluding a termination for Good Reason, this Agreement shall terminate without further obligations to the Executive, other than for the timely payment of Accrued Obligations and Other Benefits.

SECTION 6. Non-exclusivity of Rights. Nothing in this Agreement shall prevent or limit the Executive's continuing or future participation in any plan, program, policy or practice provided by the Company or any of its Affiliates and for which the Executive may qualify, nor, subject to Section 15(c), shall anything herein limit or otherwise affect such rights as the Executive may have under any contract or agreement with the Company or any of its Affiliates. Amounts which are vested benefits or which the Executive is otherwise entitled to receive under any plan, policy, practice or program of or any contract or agreement with the Company or any of its Affiliates at or subsequent to the Date of Termination shall be payable in accordance with such plan, policy, practice or program or contract or agreement except as explicitly modified by this Agreement.

SECTION 7. No Mitigation. The Company agrees that, if the Executive's employment is terminated during the term of this Agreement for any reason, the Executive is not required to seek other employment or to attempt in any way to reduce any amounts payable to the Executive hereunder. Furthermore, the amount of any payment or benefit provided hereunder shall not be reduced by any compensation earned by the Executive as the result of employment by another employer, by retirement benefits, by offset against any amount claimed to be owed by the Executive to the Company, or otherwise.

SECTION 8. Full Settlement. Subject to full compliance by the Company with all of its obligations under this Agreement, this Agreement shall be deemed to constitute the settlement of such claims as the Executive might otherwise be entitled to assert against the Company by reason of the termination of the Executive's employment for any reason during the Employment Period. The Company's obligation to make the payments provided for in this Agreement and otherwise to perform its obligations hereunder shall not be affected by any set-off, counterclaim, recoupment, defense or other claim, right or action which the Company may have against the Executive or others. In no event shall the Executive be obligated to seek other employment or take any other action by way of mitigation of the amounts payable to the Executive under any of the provisions of this Agreement and such amounts shall not be reduced whether or not the Executive obtains other employment. The Company agrees to pay as incurred, to the full extent permitted by law, all legal fees and expenses which the Executive may reasonably incur as a result of any contest (regardless of the outcome thereof) by the Company, the Executive or others of the validity or enforceability of, or liability under, any provision of this Agreement or any guarantee of performance thereof.

SECTION 9. Certain Additional Payments by the Company.

(a) Anything in this Agreement to the contrary notwithstanding, in the event that it shall be determined that any payment or distribution by the Company to or for the benefit of the

Executive (whether paid or payable or distributed or distributable) pursuant to the terms of this Agreement or otherwise (collectively, the "Payments") but determined without regard to any additional payments required under this Section 9, would be subject to the excise tax imposed by Section 4999 of the Code, the Executive shall be entitled to receive an additional payment (the "Gross-Up Payment") in an amount equal to (i) the amount of the excise tax imposed on the Executive in respect of the Payments (the "Excise Tax") plus (ii) all federal, state and local income, employment and excise taxes (including any interest or penalties imposed with respect to such taxes) imposed on the Executive in respect of the Gross-Up Payment, such that after payments of all such taxes (including any applicable interest or penalties) on the Gross-Up Payment, the Executive retains a portion of the Gross-Up Payment equal to the Excise Tax. The Gross-Up Payment shall be paid no later than the end of the Executive's taxable year in which the taxes related to the Gross-Up Payment are remitted to the Internal Revenue Service.

(b) Notwithstanding any provision of this Section 9, if it shall be determined that the aggregate amount of the Payments that, but for this Section 9, would be payable to the Executive, does not exceed 110% of the greatest amount of Payments that could be paid to the Executive without giving rise to any liability for the Excise Tax in connection therewith (such greatest amount, the "Floor Amount"), then: (A) no Gross-Up Payment shall be made to the Executive; and (B) the aggregate amount of Payments payable to the Executive shall be reduced (but not below the Floor Amount) to the largest amount which would both (1) not cause any Excise Tax to be payable by the Executive, and (2) not cause any portion of the Payments to become nondeductible by reason of Section 280G of the Code (or any successor provision). Unless the Executive shall have given prior written notice specifying a different order to the Company to effectuate the foregoing, the Company shall reduce or eliminate the Payments, by first reducing or eliminating the portion of the Payments that are payable in cash and then by reducing or eliminating the non-cash payments, in each case in reverse order beginning with payments or benefits that are to be paid the farthest in time from the date on which the reduction is to be effected. Any notice given by the Executive pursuant to the preceding sentence shall take precedence over the provisions of any other plan, arrangement or agreement governing the Executive's rights and entitlements to any benefits or compensation.

SECTION 10. Successors; Binding Agreement.

(a) The Company will require any successor (whether direct or indirect, by purchase, merger, consolidation or otherwise) to all or substantially all of the business or assets of the Company, by agreement, in form and substance satisfactory to the Executive, expressly to assume and agree to perform this Agreement in the same manner and to the same extent that the Company would be required to perform if no such succession had taken place. Failure of the Company to obtain such assumption and agreement prior to the effectiveness of any such succession will be a breach of this Agreement and entitle the Executive to compensation from the Company in the same amount and on the same terms as the Executive would be entitled to hereunder had the Company terminated the Executive for reason other than Cause or Incapacity on the succession date. As used in this Agreement, the "Company" means the Company as defined in the preamble to this Agreement and any successor to its business or assets which executes and delivers the agreement provided for in this Section 10 or which otherwise becomes bound by all the terms and provisions of this Agreement by operation of law or otherwise.

(b) This Agreement shall be enforceable by the Executive's personal or legal representatives, executors, administrators, successors, heirs, distributees, devisees and legatees.

SECTION 11. Non-assignability. This Agreement is personal in nature and neither of the parties hereto shall, without the consent of the other, assign or transfer this Agreement or any rights or obligations hereunder, except as provided in Section 10 hereof. Without limiting the foregoing, the Executive's right to receive payments hereunder shall not be assignable or transferable, whether by pledge, creation of a security interest or otherwise, other than a transfer by his or her will or by the laws of descent or distribution, and, in the event of any attempted assignment or transfer by the Executive contrary to this Section 11, the Company shall have no liability to pay any amount so attempted to be assigned or transferred.

SECTION 12. Notices. For the purpose of this Agreement, notices and all other communications provided for herein shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly given when delivered or mailed by United States registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, addressed as follows:

If to the Executive:

If to the Company:                   The Brink's Company  
1801 Bayberry Court, Suite 400  
P.O. Box 18100  
Richmond, VA 23226  
Attention of Corporate Secretary

or to such other address as either party may have furnished to the other in writing in accordance herewith, except that notices of change of address shall be effective only upon receipt.

SECTION 13. Operation of Agreement. (a) This Agreement shall be effective immediately upon its execution and continue to be effective so long as the Executive is employed by the Company or any of its Affiliates. The provisions of this Agreement do not take effect until the Operative Date.

(b) Notwithstanding anything in Section 13(a) to the contrary, this Agreement shall, unless extended by written agreement of the parties hereto, terminate, without further action by the parties hereto, on the third anniversary of the date of this Agreement if a Change in Control shall not have occurred prior to such third anniversary date.

SECTION 14. Governing Law. The validity, interpretation, construction and performance of this Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia without reference to principles of conflict of laws.

SECTION 15. Miscellaneous. (a) This Agreement contains the entire understanding with the Executive with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersedes any and all prior agreements or understandings, written or oral, relating to such subject matter. No provisions of this

Agreement may be modified, waived or discharged unless such modification, waiver or discharge is agreed to in writing signed by the Executive and the Company.

(b) The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision of this Agreement shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any other provision of this Agreement.

(c) Except as provided herein, this Agreement shall not be construed to affect in any way any rights or obligations in relation to the Executive's employment by the Company or any of its Affiliates prior to the Operative Date or subsequent to the end of the Employment Period.

(d) This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original but all of which together will constitute one and the same Agreement.

(e) The Company may withhold from any benefits payable under this Agreement all Federal, state, city or other taxes as shall be required pursuant to any law or governmental regulation or ruling.

(f) The captions of this Agreement are not part of the provisions hereof and shall have no force or effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have caused this Agreement to be executed and delivered as of the day and year first above set forth.

; by

THE  
BRINK'S  
COMPANY,

/s/ Frank T.  
Lennon  
Frank T.  
Lennon  
Vice Preside  
and  
Chief  
Administrati  
Officer

/s/ McAlister  
C. Marshall,  
McAlister C  
Marshall, II



## AMENDMENT NO. 1

to

## CHANGE IN CONTROL AGREEMENT

dated September 15, 2008

by and between

The Brink's Company (the "Company")

and McAlister C. Marshall, II

(the "Executive")

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive entered into a change in control agreement dated as of September 15, 2008 (the "Agreement").

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive desire to amend the Agreement as set forth herein as a result of the requirements of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, and the regulations thereunder.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Agreement is hereby amended as follows:

1. Section 5 of the Agreement is hereby modified by:

1. Adding the following clause at the end of Section 5(a)(ii):

"provided, however, that except as specifically permitted by Section 409A of the Code and the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder ("Section 409A"), the benefits provided to the Executive under this Section 5(a)(ii) during any calendar year shall not affect the benefits to be provided to the Executive under this Section 5(a)(ii) in any other calendar year and the right to such benefits cannot be liquidated or exchanged for any other benefit, in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(1)(iv) or any successor thereto".

2. Adding the words "in a lump sum in cash within 30 days after the Date of Termination" after "Accrued Obligations" in Sections 5(b)(i) and 5(c) and at the end of Section 5(c)(x).

2. Section 8 of the Agreement is hereby modified by:

1. Adding the words "prior to the tenth anniversary of the end of the Employment Period" after "incur" in the last sentence thereof.

2. Adding the following sentences after the last sentence thereof:

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"Except as specifically permitted by Section 409A, the legal fees provided to the Executive under this Section 8 during any calendar year shall not affect the legal fees to be provided to the Executive under this Section 8 in any other calendar year and the right to such legal fees cannot be liquidated or exchanged for any other benefit, in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(1)(iv) or any successor thereto. Furthermore, reimbursement payments for legal fees shall be made to the Executive as promptly as practicable following the date that the applicable expense is incurred, but in any event not later than the last day of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the underlying fee is incurred, in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(1)(iv) or any successor thereto."

3. Section 9(b) of the Agreement is hereby modified by deleting the words "Unless the Executive shall have given prior written notice specifying a different order to the Company to effectuate the foregoing," from the second sentence thereof and deleting the last sentence thereof.

4. The following new Section 16 is hereby added to the Agreement:

Section 16. Section 409A of the Code. The provisions of this Section 16 shall apply notwithstanding any provision in this Agreement to the contrary.

- (a) Intent to Comply with Section 409A of the Code. It is intended that the provisions of this Agreement comply with Section 409A, and all provisions of this Agreement shall be construed and interpreted in a manner consistent with the requirements for avoiding taxes or penalties under Section 409A.
- (b) Six-Month Delay of Certain Payments. If, at the time of the Executive's separation from service (within the meaning of Section 409A), (i) the Executive shall be a specified employee (within the meaning of Section 409A and using the identification methodology selected by the Company from time to time) and (ii) the Company shall make a good faith determination that an amount payable under this Agreement or any other plan, policy, arrangement or agreement of or with the Company or any affiliate thereof (this Agreement and such other plans, policies, arrangements and agreements, the "Company Plans") constitutes deferred compensation (within the meaning of Section 409A) the payment of which is required to be delayed pursuant to the six-month delay rule set forth in Section 409A in order to avoid taxes or





Notice of Grant of Restricted Stock Units Award Agreement

<b>Employee</b>	<b>RSU Number:</b>	<b>0003729</b>
McAlister C. Marshall	<b>Plan:</b>	<b>2005</b>

Effective September 15, 2008, you have been granted an award of 4,341 restricted stock units. The value of this award is \$300,006.51 (4,341 \* \$69.11 = \$300,006.51).

Each restricted stock unit represents a right to a future payment equal to one share of The Brink's Company common stock. Such payment will be in shares of The Brink's Company common stock.

Subject to your continued employment as of the relevant vesting date (unless otherwise provided under the terms and conditions of the Plan or this Award Agreement) you shall be entitled to receive (and the Company shall deliver to you) within 75 days following the relevant vesting date set forth below, the number of Shares underlying this award scheduled to vest as of such date as set forth below:

Shares	Vesting
1,447	September 15, 2009
1,447	September 15, 2010
1,447	September 15, 2011

Additional terms and conditions applying to this grant are contained on pages two through four of this Award Agreement and the Plan. Capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings ascribed to such terms in the Plan.

By your signature and the authorized Company signature below and on page four of this Award Agreement, you and the Company agree that this award is granted under and governed by the terms and conditions of The Brink's Company 2005 Equity Incentive Plan as amended, as well as this Award Agreement, all of which are incorporated as a part of this document.

/s/ Frank T. Lennon  
The Brink's Company

9-16-08  
Date

/s/ McAlister C. Marshall, II  
Employee

9/17/08  
Date

**Restricted Stock Units Award Agreement**

AWARD AGREEMENT dated as of September 15, 2008 between The Brink's Company, a Virginia corporation (the "Company"), the employee identified on page one of this Award Agreement (the "Employee"), an employee of the Company or of a subsidiary of the Company.

By resolution dated on the date of this Award Agreement, the Compensation and Benefits Committee (the "Committee") of the Company's Board of Directors, acting pursuant to The Brink's Company 2005 Equity Incentive Plan as amended (the "Plan"), a copy of which Plan has heretofore been furnished to the Employee (who hereby acknowledges receipt), as a matter of separate inducement and agreement in connection with the employment of the Employee by the Company or any of its subsidiaries, and not in lieu of any salary or other compensation for the Employee's services, granted to the Employee a restricted stock unit award as set forth on page one of this Award Agreement.

Accordingly, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. Subject to all the terms and conditions of the Plan, the Employee is granted the restricted stock unit award (the "Award") as set forth on page one of this Award Agreement.
2. Subject to the Employee's continued employment as of the relevant vesting date (unless otherwise provided under the terms and conditions of the Plan or this Award Agreement), the Employee shall be entitled to receive (and the Company shall deliver to the Employee) within 75 days following the relevant vesting date set forth on page one of this Award Agreement (or, if applicable, within 75 days following the vesting date set forth in paragraph 4(a) of this Award Agreement), the number of Shares underlying this Award scheduled to vest on such date as set forth on page one (or paragraph 4(a)) of this Award Agreement.
3. If a cash dividend is paid on a Share while the Award remains outstanding, the Employee shall be entitled to receive at the time such cash dividend is paid (subject to the Employee's continued employment as of the relevant dividend payment date), a cash payment in an amount equivalent to the cash dividend on a Share with respect to each Share covered by the outstanding Award. If the Employee incurs a termination of employment prior to the payment of Shares underlying the Employee's vested portion of the Award but subsequent to the applicable vesting date, as set forth on page one of this Award Agreement, the Employee shall be entitled to receive with respect to each Share underlying the vested portion of the Award a cash payment in amount equivalent to a cash dividend on a Share regardless of whether the Employee continues to be employed as of the relevant dividend payment date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if (i) the Company consummates a spin-off transaction of Brink's Home Security (a "BHS Spin-

Off Transaction”) while the Award remains outstanding and (ii) the BHS Spin-Off Transaction is achieved by means of a dividend or other distribution with respect to a Share, the Employee shall not be entitled to receive a cash (or stock) payment in an amount equivalent to such dividend or distribution on Shares covered by the outstanding Award. However, in the event of a BHS Spin-Off Transaction and in lieu of a dividend equivalent payment with respect to each Share covered by the outstanding Award, the Committee shall equitably adjust in accordance with Section 5(d) of the Plan the number of restricted stock units subject to the outstanding Award at the time of the BHS Spin-Off Transaction.

4. Notwithstanding the terms of the Plan, if the Employee shall cease to be an employee of the Company or an Affiliate:

(a) if termination of employment is by reason of the Employee’s death or permanent and total disability, the outstanding Award shall fully vest and become payable (subject to paragraph 2 above) as of the date of such termination of employment;

(b) if termination of employment is by reason other than as provided in paragraph 4(a) above, the outstanding Award shall be canceled as of such termination of employment and shall have no further force or effect.

5. The Shares underlying the Award, until and unless delivered to the Employee, do not represent an equity interest in the Company and carry no voting rights. The Employee will not have any rights of a shareholder with respect to the Shares underlying the Award until the Shares have been delivered to the Employee.

6. In accordance with Section 14(b) of the Plan, the Committee may in its sole discretion withhold from the payment to the Employee hereunder a sufficient amount to provide for the payment of any taxes required to be withheld by federal, state or local law with respect to income resulting from such payment.

7. The Award is not transferable by the Employee otherwise than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution.

8. All other provisions contained in the Plan as in effect on the date of this Award Agreement are incorporated in this Award Agreement by reference. The Board of Directors of the Company or the Committee thereof may amend the Plan at any time, provided that if such amendment shall adversely affect the rights of a holder of an Award with respect to a previously granted Award, the Award holder’s consent shall be required except to the extent any such amendment is made to comply with any applicable law, stock exchange rules and regulations or accounting or tax rules and regulations. This Award Agreement may at any time be amended by mutual agreement of the Committee of the Board of Directors (or a designee thereof) and the holder of the Award. Prior to a

Change in Control of the Company, this Award Agreement may be amended by the Company, and upon written notice by the Company, given by registered or certified mail, to the holder of the Award of any such amendment of this Award Agreement or of any amendment of the Plan adopted prior to such a Change in Control, this Award Agreement shall be deemed to incorporate the amendment to this Award Agreement or to the Plan specified in such notice, unless such holder shall, within 30 days of the giving of such notice by the Company, give written notice to the Company that such amendment is not accepted by such holder, in which case the terms of this Award Agreement shall remain unchanged. Subject to any applicable provisions of the Company's bylaws or of the Plan, any applicable determinations, order, resolutions or other actions of the Committee or of the Board of Directors of the Company shall be final, conclusive and binding on the Company and the holder of the Award.

9. All notices hereunder shall be in writing and (a) if to the Company, shall be delivered personally to the Secretary of the Company or mailed to its principal office address, 1801 Bayberry Court, P.O. Box 18100, Richmond, VA 23226-8100 USA, to the attention of the Secretary, and (b) if to the Employee, shall be delivered personally or mailed to the Employee at the address set forth below. Such addresses may be changed at any time by notice from one party to the other.

10. This Award Agreement shall bind and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and the successors and assigns of the Company and, to the extent provided in the Plan, the legal representatives of the Employee.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Award Agreement as of the day and year first above written.

/s/ Frank T. Lennon  
The Brink's Company

9-16-08  
Date

/s/ McAlister C. Marshall, II  
Employee

9/17/08  
Date

-  
-

*Street address, City, State & ZIP*





CHANGE IN CONTROL AGREEMENT  
dated as of December 1, 2006  
between The Brink's Company  
a Virginia corporation (the "Company")  
and Matthew A. P. Schumacher (the "Executive")

The Company and the Executive agree as follows:

SECTION 1. Definitions. As used in this Agreement:

(a) "Affiliate" has the meaning ascribed thereto in Rule 12b-2 pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Act").

(b) "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Company.

(c) "Cause" means:

(i) an act or acts of dishonesty on the Executive's part which are intended to result in the Executive's substantial personal enrichment at the expense of the Company or

(ii) repeated material violations by the Executive of the Executive's obligations under Section 3 which are demonstrably willful and deliberate on the Executive's part and which have not been cured by the Executive within a reasonable time after written notice to the Executive specifying the nature of such violations.

(d) "Change in Control" shall mean the occurrence of:

(i) the approval of the shareholders of the Company (or if such approval is not required, the approval of the Board) of (A) any consolidation or merger of the Company in which the Company is not the continuing or surviving corporation or pursuant to which the Company's common stock would be converted into cash, securities or other property, other than a consolidation or merger in which holders of the total voting power in the election of directors of the Company of the Company's common stock outstanding (exclusive of shares held by the Company's Affiliates)(the "Total Voting Power") immediately prior to the consolidation or merger will have the same proportionate ownership of the total voting power in the election of directors of the surviving corporation immediately after the consolidation or merger, or (B) any sale, lease, exchange or other transfer (in one transaction or a series of transactions) of all or substantially all the assets of the Company;

(ii) any "person" (as defined in Section 13(d) of the Act) other than the Company, its Affiliates or an employee benefit plan or trust maintained by the Company or its affiliates, becoming the "beneficial owner" (as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Act), directly or indirectly, of more than 20% of the Total Voting Power; or

(iii) at any time during a period of two consecutive years, individuals who at the beginning of such period constituted the Board ceasing for any reason to constitute at least a majority thereof, unless the election by the Company's shareholders of each new director during such two-year period was approved by a vote of at least two-thirds of the directors then still in office who were directors at the beginning of such two-year period; provided, however, that no Change in Control shall be deemed to occur unless circumstances and events that would otherwise constitute a Change in Control occur prior to January 1, 2008.

(e) "Good Reason" means:

(i) without the Executive's express written consent and excluding for this purpose an isolated, insubstantial and inadvertent action not taken in bad faith and which is remedied by the Company or its Affiliates promptly after receipt of notice thereof given by the Executive, (A) the assignment to the Executive of any duties inconsistent with the Executive's position, duties or responsibilities as contemplated by Section 3(a) hereof, or (B) any failure by the Company to comply with any of the provisions of Section 3(b) hereof;

(ii) without the Executive's express written consent, the Company's requiring the Executive's work location to be other than as set forth in Section 3(a)(i);

(iii) any failure by the Company to comply with and satisfy Section 9(a); or

(iv) any breach by the Company of any other material provision of this Agreement.

(f) "Incapacity" means any physical or mental illness or disability of the Executive which continues for a period of six consecutive months or more and which at any time after such six-month period the Company shall reasonably determine renders the Executive incapable of performing his or her duties during the remainder of the Employment Period (as defined below).

(g) "Operative Date" means the date on which a Change in Control shall have occurred.

SECTION 2. Employment Period. The Company hereby agrees to continue the Executive in its employ, and the Executive hereby agrees to remain in the employ of the Company subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, for the period commencing on the Operative Date and ending on the date twelve months thereafter (the "Employment Period").

SECTION 3. **Terms of Employment.** (a) **Position and Duties.** (i) During the Employment Period: (A) the Executive's position, duties and responsibilities shall be at least commensurate in all material respects with the most significant of those held, exercised and assigned immediately prior to the Operative Date, and (B) the Executive's services shall be performed at the location at which the Executive was based on the Operative Date and the Company shall not require the Executive to travel on Company business to a substantially greater extent than required immediately before the Operative Date, except for travel and temporary assignments which are reasonably required for the full discharge of the Executive's responsibilities and which are consistent with the Executive's being so based.

(ii) During the Employment Period, and excluding any periods of vacation and sick leave to which the Executive is entitled, the Executive agrees to devote reasonable attention and time during normal business hours to the business and affairs of the Company and, to the extent necessary to discharge the responsibilities assigned to the Executive hereunder, to use the Executive's reasonable best efforts to perform faithfully and efficiently such responsibilities.

(b) **Compensation.** (i) **Salary and Bonus.** During the Employment Period the Executive will receive compensation at an annual rate equal to the sum of (A) a salary ("Annual Base Salary") not less than the Executive's annualized salary in effect immediately prior to the Operative Date, plus (B) a bonus ("Annual Bonus") not less than the aggregate amount of the Executive's highest bonus award applicable under the Key Employees Incentive Plan ("KEIP"), the Management Employees Incentive Plan ("MEIP"), or any substitute or successor plan for the last three calendar years preceding the Operative Date. In determining the Annual Bonus, for any of the last three calendar years preceding the Operative Date in which the Executive did not participate in either the KEIP or the MEIP, the Executive shall be deemed to have received a bonus amount equal to the Executive's target award under the Plan in which the Executive is participating on the first day of the Employment Period.

(ii) **Welfare Benefit Plans.** While employed by the Company during the Employment Period, the Executive and/or the Executive's family or beneficiary, as the case may be, shall be eligible to participate in and shall receive all benefits under welfare benefit programs generally applicable to full-time employees of the Company.

(iii) **Business Expenses.** During the Employment Period the Company shall, in accordance with policies then in effect with respect to the payment of expenses, pay or reimburse the Executive for all reasonable out-of-pocket travel and other expenses (other than ordinary commuting expenses) incurred by the Executive in performing services hereunder. All such expenses shall be accounted for in such reasonable detail as the Company may require.

(iv) **Vacations.** The Executive shall be entitled to periods of vacation not less than those to which the Executive was entitled immediately prior to the Operative Date.

SECTION 4. Termination of Employment.

- (a) Death or Incapacity. The Executive's employment shall terminate automatically upon the Executive's death during the Employment Period. The Executive's employment shall cease and terminate on the date of determination by the Company that the Incapacity of the Executive has occurred during the Employment Period ("Incapacity Effective Date").
- (b) Cause. The Company may terminate the Executive's employment for Cause, as defined herein.
- (c) Good Reason. The Executive may terminate his or her employment for Good Reason, as defined herein.
- (d) Notice of Termination. Any termination by the Company for Cause or Incapacity, or by the Executive for Good Reason, shall be communicated by Notice of Termination to the other party hereto given in accordance with Section 11 of this Agreement. For purposes of this Agreement, a "Notice of Termination" means a written notice which
- (i) indicates the specific termination provision in this Agreement relied upon,
  - (ii) to the extent applicable, sets forth in reasonable detail the facts and circumstances claimed to provide a basis for termination of the Executive's employment under the provision so indicated, and
  - (iii) if the Date of Termination (as defined below) is other than the date of receipt of such notice, specifies the termination date (which date shall be not more than 30 days after the giving of such notice). The failure by the Executive or the Company to set forth in the Notice of Termination any fact or circumstance which contributes to a showing of Good Reason, Incapacity or Cause shall not serve to waive any right of the Executive or the Company, respectively, hereunder or preclude the Executive or the Company, respectively, from asserting such fact or circumstance in enforcing the Executive's or the Company's rights hereunder.
- (e) Date of Termination. "Date of Termination" means (i) if the Executive's employment is terminated by the Company for Cause or by the Executive for Good Reason, the date of receipt of the Notice of Termination or any later date specified therein, as the case may be,
- (ii) if the Executive's employment is terminated by the Company other than for Cause or Incapacity, the Date of Termination shall be the date on which the Company notifies the Executive of such termination, and

(iii) if the Executive's employment is terminated by reason of death or Incapacity, the Date of Termination shall be the date of death of the Executive or the Incapacity Effective Date, as the case may be.

SECTION 5. Obligations of the Company Upon Termination. (a) Termination for Good Reason or for reasons other than for Cause, death or Incapacity. If, during the Employment Period, the Company shall terminate the Executive's employment other than for Cause or Incapacity or the Executive shall terminate his or her employment for Good Reason:

(i) the Company shall pay to the Executive in a lump sum in cash within ten (10) days after the Date of Termination the aggregate of the following amounts:

(A) the sum of (1) the Executive's currently effective Annual Base Salary through the Date of Termination to the extent not theretofore paid, (2) the product of (x) the Annual Bonus and (y) a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days in the current calendar year through the Date of Termination, and the denominator of which is 365 and (3) any accrued vacation pay, in each case to the extent not theretofore paid (the sum of the amounts described in clauses (1), (2) and (3) shall be hereinafter referred to as the "Accrued Obligations"); and

(B) the amount equal to the Executive's Annual Base Salary.

(ii) for the duration of the Employment Period after the Executive's Date of Termination, the Company shall continue medical and dental benefits to the Executive and/or the Executive's family and the rights of the Executive and/or the Executive's family under Section 4980B(f) of the Internal Revenue Code shall commence at the end of such period;

(iii) the Company shall, at its sole expense as incurred, provide the Executive with reasonable outplacement services, the provider and scope of which shall be selected by the Company in its sole discretion;

(b) Death or Incapacity. If the Executive's employment is terminated by reason of the Executive's death or Incapacity during the Employment Period, this Agreement shall terminate without further obligations to the Executive's legal representatives under this Agreement, other than for timely payment of Accrued Obligations.

(c) Cause; Other than for Good Reason. If the Executive's employment shall be terminated for Cause during the Employment Period, this Agreement shall terminate without further obligations to the Executive other than timely payment to the Executive of the Executive's currently effective Annual Base Salary through the Date of Termination to the extent theretofore unpaid. If the Executive voluntarily terminates employment during the Employment Period, excluding a termination for Good Reason,

this Agreement shall terminate without further obligations to the Executive, other than for the timely payment of Accrued Obligations.

SECTION 6. Non-exclusivity of Rights. Nothing in this Agreement shall prevent or limit the Executive's continuing or future participation in any plan, program policy or practice provided by the Company or any of its Affiliates and for which the Executive may qualify, nor, subject to Section 14(c), shall anything herein limit or otherwise affect such rights as the Executive may have under any contract or agreement with the Company or any of its Affiliates. Amounts which are vested benefits or which the Executive is otherwise entitled to receive under any plan, policy, practice or program of or any contract or agreement with the Company or any of its Affiliates at or subsequent to the Date of Termination shall be payable in accordance with such plan, policy, practice, program, contract or agreement except as explicitly modified by this Agreement.

SECTION 7. No Mitigation. The Company agrees that, if the Executive's employment is terminated during the Employment Period for any reason, the Executive is not required to seek other employment or to attempt in any way to reduce any amounts payable to the Executive hereunder. Further, except as provided in Section 5(a)(ii) hereof, the amount of any payment or benefit provided hereunder shall not be reduced by any compensation earned by the Executive as the result of employment by another employer, by retirement benefits, by offset against any amount claimed to be owed by the Executive to the Company, or otherwise.

SECTION 8. Full Settlement. Subject to full compliance by the Company with all of its obligations under this Agreement, this Agreement shall be deemed to constitute the settlement of such claims as the Executive might otherwise be entitled to assert against the Company by reason of the termination of the Executive's employment for any reason during the Employment Period. The Company's obligation to make the payments provided for in this Agreement and otherwise to perform its obligations hereunder shall not be affected by any set-off, counterclaim, recoupment, defense or other claim, right or action which the Company may have against the Executive or others. In no event shall the Executive be obligated to seek other employment or take any other action by way of mitigation of the amounts payable to the Executive under any of the provisions of this Agreement and such amounts shall not be reduced, except as explicitly provided in Section 5(a)(ii), whether or not the Executive obtains other employment.

SECTION 9. Successors; Binding Agreement.

(a) The Company will require any successor (whether direct or indirect, by purchase, merger, consolidation or otherwise) to all or substantially all of the business or assets of the Company, by agreement, in form and substance satisfactory to the Executive, expressly to assume and agree to perform this Agreement in the same manner and to the same extent that the Company would be required to perform if no such succession had taken place. As used in this Agreement, "the Company" means the Company as defined in the preamble to this Agreement and any successor to its business or assets which executes and delivers the agreement provided for in this Section 9 or

which otherwise becomes bound by all the terms and provisions of this Agreement by operation of law or otherwise.

(b) This Agreement shall be enforceable by the Executive's personal or legal representatives, executors, administrators, successors, heirs, distributees, devisees and legatees.

SECTION 10. Non-assignability. This Agreement is personal in nature and neither of the parties hereto shall, without the consent of the other, assign or transfer this Agreement or any rights or obligations hereunder, except as provided in Section 9 hereof. Without limiting the foregoing, the Executive's right to receive payments hereunder shall not be assignable or transferable, whether by pledge, creation of a security interest or otherwise, other than a transfer by his or her will or by the laws of descent or distribution, and, in the event of any attempted assignment or transfer by the Executive contrary to this Section, the Company shall have no liability to pay any amount so attempted to be assigned or transferred.

SECTION 11. Notices. For the purpose of this Agreement, notices and all other communications provided for herein shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly given when delivered or mailed by United States registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, addressed as follows:

If to the Executive:

If to the Company:           The Brink's Company  
1801 Bayberry Court  
P. O. Box 18100  
Richmond, Virginia 23226-8100  
Attention: Corporate Secretary

or to such other address as either party may have furnished to the other in writing in accordance herewith, except that notices of change of address shall be effective only upon receipt.

SECTION 12. Operation of Agreement. (a) This Agreement shall be effective immediately upon its execution and continued to be effective so long as the Executive is employed by the Company or any of its Affiliates. The provisions of this Agreement do not take effect until the Operative Date.

(b) Notwithstanding anything in Section 12(a) to the contrary, this Agreement shall, unless extended by written agreement of the parties hereto, terminate, without further action by the parties hereto, on December 31, 2007 if a Change in Control shall not have occurred on or prior to such date.

SECTION 13. Governing Law. The validity, interpretation, construction and performance of this Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia without reference to principles of conflict of laws.

SECTION 14. Miscellaneous. (a) This Agreement contains the entire understanding with the Executive with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersedes any and all prior agreements or understandings, written or oral, relating to such subject matter. No provisions of this Agreement may be modified, waived or discharged unless such modification, waiver or discharge is agreed to in writing signed by the Executive and the Company.

- (b) The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision of this Agreement shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any other provision of this Agreement.
- (c) Except as provided herein, this Agreement shall not be construed to affect in any way any rights or obligations in relation to the Executive's employment by the Company or any of its Affiliates prior to the Operative Date or subsequent to the end of the Employment Period.
- (d) This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original but all of which together will constitute one and the same Agreement.
- (e) The Company may withhold from any benefits payable under this Agreement all Federal, state, city or other taxes as shall be required pursuant to any law or governmental regulation or ruling.
- (f) The captions of this Agreement are not part of the provisions hereof and shall have no force or effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have caused this Agreement to be executed and delivered as of the day and year first above set forth.

	□ 60;	THE BRINK'S COMPANY	
60;	By:	<u>/s/ Frank T. Lennon</u> Frank T. Lennon Vice President and Chief Administrative Officer	<u>12/6/06</u>  Date
		<u>/s/ Matthew A. P. Schumacher</u> Executive	<u>12/6/06</u> Date
	□ 60;		
	□ 60;		





## First Amendment to Change in Control Agreement

The Brink's Company (the "Company") and Matthew A. P. Schumacher (the "Executive"), agree to amend the terms of the Change in Control Agreement, dated as of December 1, 2006, between the Company and the Executive (the "Agreement") as follows:

1. Section 1(d) of the Agreement is hereby amended by deleting the phrase "the approval of the shareholders of the Company (or if such approval is not required, the approval of the Board) of" from clause (i) thereof, and by replacing "January 1, 2008" with "January 1, 2009" at the end of clause (iii) thereof.
2. Section 2 of the Agreement is hereby amended and restated as follows:

Employment Period. The Company hereby agrees to continue the Executive in its employ, and the Executive hereby agrees to remain in the employ of the Company subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, for the period commencing on the Operative Date and ending on the date twelve months thereafter (the "Employment Period"); provided, however, that, effective after the six-month anniversary of the Operative Date, the Executive shall have the right to terminate his employment for any reason, or for no reason at all, whereupon the Employment Period shall terminate effective as of the date of such termination of employment; and, provided further, that, notwithstanding the foregoing, the Executive's right to terminate employment for Good Reason pursuant to Section 4 hereunder shall apply at any time during the Employment Period.

3. Section 12(b) is hereby amended by replacing the phrase "December 31, 2007" with the phrase "December 31, 2008".

The parties expressly agree that, except as otherwise amended by this First Amendment to the Agreement, none of the rights or obligations of the Company or the Executive under the Agreement shall be amended or otherwise modified in any way by the execution or implementation of this First Amendment to the Agreement, and that all such rights and obligations shall remain in full force and effect in accordance with the terms of the Agreement.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have caused this First Amendment to be executed and delivered as of the 30th of November, 2007.

THE BRINK'S COMPANY,

by /s/ Frank T. Lennon VP

/s/ Matthew A. P. Schumacher  
(Executive)

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## AMENDMENT NO. 2

to

CHANGE IN CONTROL AGREEMENT  
dated December 1, 2006  
by and between The Brink's Company  
(the "Company")  
and  
Matthew A. Schumacher  
(the "Executive")

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive entered into a change in control agreement dated as of December 1, 2006, as amended by Amendment No. 1 thereto (the "Agreement").

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive desire to amend the Agreement further as set forth herein to extend the Agreement for one year and as a result of the requirements of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and the regulations thereunder.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Agreement is hereby amended as follows:

1. Section 1(d) of the Agreement is hereby amended by replacing "January 1, 2009" with "January 1, 2010" at the end of clause (iii) thereof.

2. Section 1 of the Agreement is hereby modified by deleting Section 1(e) in its entirety and substituting the following new Section 1(e) in lieu thereof:

"(e) "Good Reason" means any of the following events that is not cured by the Company within 30 days after written notice thereof from the Executive to the Company, which written notice must be made within 90 days of the occurrence of the event:

(i) without the Executive's express written consent, (A) the assignment to the Executive of any duties materially inconsistent with the Executive's position, duties or responsibilities as contemplated by Section 3(a) hereof, or (B) any material failure by the Company to comply with any of the provisions of Section 3(b) hereof;

(ii) without the Executive's express written consent, the Company's requiring a material change to Executive's work location as set forth in Section 3(a)(i);

(iii) any failure by the Company to comply with and satisfy Section 9(a); or

(iv) any breach by the Company of any other material provision of this Agreement.”

3. Section 5 of the Agreement is hereby modified by:

1. Adding the following clause at the end of Section 5(a)(iii):

“provided, however, that except as specifically permitted by Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder (“Section 409A”), the benefits provided to the Executive under this Section 5(a)(iii) during any calendar year shall not affect the benefits to be provided to the Executive under this Section 5(a)(iii) in any other calendar year and the right to such benefits cannot be liquidated or exchanged for any other benefit, in accordance with Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(1)(iv) or any successor thereto”.

2. Adding the words “for a period of up to one year from the Date of Termination” after “reasonable outplacement services” in Section 5(a)(iii).

3. Adding the words “in a lump sum in cash within 30 days after the Date of Termination” after “Accrued Obligations” in Section 5(b) and at the end of the first and second sentences of Section 5(c).

4. Section 12(b) is hereby amended by replacing the phrase “December 31, 2008” with the phrase “December 31, 2009”.

5. The following new Section 15 is hereby added to the Agreement:

Section 15. Section 409A of the Code. The provisions of this Section 15 shall apply notwithstanding any provision in this Agreement to the contrary.

- (a) Intent to Comply with Section 409A of the Code. It is intended that the provisions of this Agreement comply with Section 409A, and all provisions of this Agreement shall be construed and interpreted in a manner consistent with the requirements for avoiding taxes or penalties under Section 409A.
  - (b) Six-Month Delay of Certain Payments. If, at the time of the Executive’s separation from service (within the meaning of Section 409A), (i) the Executive shall be a specified employee (within the meaning of Section 409A and using the identification methodology selected by the Company from time to time) and (ii) the Company shall make a good faith determination that an amount payable under this Agreement or any other plan, policy, arrangement or agreement of or with the Company or any affiliate thereof (this Agreement and such other plans, policies, arrangements and agreements, the “Company Plans”) constitutes deferred compensation (within the meaning of Section 409A) the payment
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of which is required to be delayed pursuant to the six-month delay rule set forth in Section 409A in order to avoid taxes or penalties under Section 409A, then the Company (or an affiliate, as applicable) shall not pay any such amount on the otherwise scheduled payment date but shall instead accumulate such amount and pay it, without interest, on the first day of the seventh month following such separation from service.

- (c) Amendment of Deferred Compensation Plans. Notwithstanding any provision of any Company Plan to the contrary, in light of the uncertainty with respect to the proper application of Section 409A, the Company reserves the right to make amendments to any Company Plan as the Company deems necessary or desirable to avoid the imposition of taxes or penalties under Section 409A.

The parties expressly agree that, except as otherwise amended by this Amendment to the Agreement, none of the rights or obligations of the Company or the Executive under the Agreement shall be amended or otherwise modified in any way by the execution or implementation of this Amendment to the Agreement, and that all such rights and obligations shall remain in full force and effect in accordance with the terms of the Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have executed this Amendment as of December 11, 2008.

THE BRINK'S COMPANY

By: /s/ Frank T. Lennon VP

/s/ Matthew A. P. Schumacher  
(Executive)





**Plan for Deferral of Directors' Fees**  
as Amended and Restated as of November 14, 2008



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THE BRINK'S COMPANY

Plan for Deferral of Directors' Fees

1. Election to Participate. Any director ("Participant") of The Brink's Company (the "Company") who is entitled to receive fees for services or cash dividend equivalent payments under Deferred Stock Units Awards (or similar awards) granted under the Company Non-Employee Directors' Equity Plan as hereinafter provided may become a Participant in this Plan for Deferral of Directors' Fees (the "Plan") by giving to the Company a written election in accordance with this paragraph 1. Participation in the Plan shall be effective and, subject to paragraph 5, irrevocable as of the last day of the year in which the election is made, and the Company shall thereupon establish for such Participant a deferred compensation account ("Account") to which amounts shall be credited as hereinafter provided. Effective January 1, 2005, the Company shall maintain a Pre-2005 Account and a Post-2004 Account for each Participant. A Participant's Pre-2005 Account shall document the amounts deferred under the Plan by the Participant and any other amounts credited hereunder which are earned and vested prior to January 1, 2005. A Participant's Post-2004 Account shall document the amounts deferred under the Plan by the Participants and any other amounts credited hereunder on and after January 1, 2005, plus any amounts deferred or credited prior to January 1, 2005, which are not earned or vested as of December 31, 2004. Each election made by a Participant in any calendar year shall state that:

(i) the entire amount of annual retainer fee for serving as a member of the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board"), and/or

- (ii) the entire amount of attendance fees for attending meetings of the Board of Directors or any committee of the Board, and/or
- (iii) the entire amount of fees for performing other services for the Company at the request of the Chairman of the Board, or
- (iv) the entire amount of annual retainer fee, attendance fees and fees for performing other services, payable to such Participant for subsequent years (unless discontinued as provided in paragraph 5 below), and/or
- (v) the entire amount of cash payments payable to such Participant as dividend equivalent payments under Deferred Stock Units Awards (or similar awards) granted in subsequent years under the Company Non-Employee Directors' Equity Plan shall be credited to such Participant's Account on the respective dates on which such amounts shall become payable, absent such election; *provided that* if any such election with respect to dividend equivalent payments is made prior to December 31, 2008, such election may include an election to credit dividend equivalent payments payable in 2009 or later (absent such election) pursuant to Deferred Stock Units Awards granted in 2008; *provided further that* any director of the Company who is eligible to participate in the Plan as of December 31, 2008 must make such election prior to December 31, 2008 pursuant to rules established by the Company and any new director of the Company who becomes eligible to participate in the Plan must make such election pursuant to rules established by the Company prior to December 31 of the year in which he or she becomes a director of the Company. Each such election shall also contain a payment election providing for the manner in which amounts so credited shall be paid from such Account in accordance with paragraph 3 below.

2. Increments to Accounts. Amounts credited to each Account for any calendar quarter shall be increased by the Plan Rate (as hereinafter defined), compounded quarterly, from and after the applicable date of credit until the date of payment from such Account. The "Plan Rate" for any calendar quarter shall be the prime commercial lending rate of J.P. Morgan Chase & Co. in effect on the last day of the preceding calendar quarter, or such other rate as the Board may establish for the purpose of the Plan.
3. Payments from Accounts. Each payment election by a Participant made pursuant to paragraph 1 above shall provide that distributions from such Participant's Account shall be made in one lump sum or in two or more annual payments (not exceeding ten) which shall be equal, except that there shall be added and paid with each installment after the first an amount equal to the increment credited to such account, as provided in paragraph 2 above, since the date of the last preceding installment. Each such payment election shall also provide that such payment shall commence on the first day of that month which shall be identified in such election and which may be before or after the date on which such Participant shall cease to be a director of the Company but which shall not be earlier than January 1 of the year next following the year in which the election is made.
4. Death of a Participant. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 3, upon a Participant's death, the Company shall within 75 days thereafter pay to such Participant's estate, or to such beneficiary as such Participant may have designated by written notice to the Company, the entire amount in such Participant's Account at the date of payment, including any increment provided for in paragraph 2 above. A

Participant may by like notice cancel such designation, and may make a new designation as hereinabove provided.

5. Changes in Election. (a) A Participant may, by giving written notice to the Company in any year, elect to discontinue participation in the Plan with respect to (1) (i) annual retainer fees and/or (ii) attendance fees and/or (iii) fees for other services becoming payable to such Participant after the end of the year in which such notice is given and/or (2) dividend equivalent payments under Deferred Stock Units Awards (or similar awards) granted under the Company Non-Employee Directors' Equity Plan (referenced in paragraph 1(v) above) after the end of the year in which such notice is given. By like notice given prior to the end of any subsequent year, a Participant may resume participation in the Plan effective at any time after the beginning of the year next following the date of such notice; *provided, however, that* a Participant may not resume participation in the Plan with respect to dividend equivalent payments under Deferred Stock Units Awards (or similar awards) (referenced in paragraph 1(v) above). A Participant may, by like notice in any year, cancel any payment election with respect to amounts credited to such Participant's Pre-2005 Account, and any such cancellation shall be accompanied by a new payment election, made in accordance with paragraph 3 above, with respect to such amounts. A Participant who has a Post-2004 Account may, by like notice in any year, cancel any payment election with respect to amounts deferred to the Participant's Post-2004 Account, and any such cancellation shall be accompanied by a new payment election, pursuant to which payment cannot commence earlier than the first day of the month next following the fifth anniversary of the date such amounts otherwise

would have been paid. Any new payment election made pursuant to this paragraph 5(a) shall become effective on the 12-month anniversary of the date the election is made.

(b) Notwithstanding the foregoing, pursuant to rules and procedures established by the Company, a Participant who has a Post-2004 Account may, prior to December 31, 2008, cancel any payment election with respect to amounts deferred to such Post-2004 Account as of December 31, 2008 and make a new payment election with respect to such amounts; *provided that* such new payment election shall not apply to amounts, if any, that would otherwise have been paid to the Participant in 2007 or, if such payment election is made in 2008, such payment election shall not apply to amounts, if any, that would otherwise have been paid to the Participant in 2008. Any new payment election made pursuant to this paragraph 5(b) shall become effective immediately.

(c) Except as hereinabove provided in this paragraph 5, all elections under the Plan shall be irrevocable.

6. Status of Accounts. Accounts established pursuant to the Plan shall represent unsecured obligations of the Company to pay to the respective Participants the amounts in such Accounts in accordance with the Plan. In no event shall any trust be created in favor of any Participant, nor shall any Participant have any property interest in any Account or in any other assets of the Company. Accounts shall not be assignable by Participants except as and to the extent provided in paragraph 4 above.

7. Plan Amendment or Termination. The Plan may be amended from time to time, and may be terminated at any time, by resolution of the Board. No such amendments shall alter the date or dates for making payments in respect of amounts

theretofore credited to Accounts, and in case of such termination, the Plan shall continue in full force and effect with respect to all amounts in Accounts at the date of termination.

8. Effective Date. The Plan initially became effective with respect to annual retainer fees and attendance fees payable to directors for services on and after January 1, 1985. The Plan as hereby amended and restated shall be effective with respect to annual retainer fees, attendance fees and fees for other services payable to directors for services on and after January 1, 1990.

Effective January 1, 2005, the Plan was amended to comply with the provisions of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") and the Proposed Treasury Regulations issued thereunder. Effective November 16, 2007, the Plan was further amended to clarify certain provisions in compliance with Code Section 409A and the Final Treasury Regulations issued thereunder. Each provision and term of such amendments should be interpreted accordingly, but if any provision or term of such amendments would be prohibited by or be inconsistent with Code Section 409A or would constitute a material modification to the Plan, then such provision or term shall be deemed to be reformed to comply with Code Section 409A or be ineffective to the extent it results in a material modification to the Plan, without affecting the remainder of such amendments. The amendments apply solely to amounts deferred on and after January 1, 2005, plus any amounts deferred prior to January 1, 2005, that are not earned and vested as of such date (plus earnings on such amounts deferred). Amounts deferred prior to January 1, 2005, that are earned and vested as of December 31, 2004, including any earnings on such amounts credited prior to, and on or after January 1, 2005, shall remain subject to the terms of the Plan as in effect prior to January 1, 2005.

Effective November 14, 2008, the Plan was amended to permit deferrals of cash dividend equivalent payments under Deferred Stock Units Awards (or similar awards) granted under the Company Non-Employee Directors' Equity Plan.

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Amended and Restated effective November 14, 2008





## SECOND AMENDMENT TO CREDIT AGREEMENT

THIS SECOND AMENDMENT TO CREDIT AGREEMENT (the "Amendment") is entered into as of March 24, 2008 by and among THE BRINK'S COMPANY, a Virginia corporation ("BC"), BRINK'S, INCORPORATED, a Delaware corporation ("BI"), and ABN AMRO BANK N.V. (the "Bank").

**WITNESSETH**

WHEREAS, BC, BI, and the Bank entered into that certain Credit Agreement dated as of July 13, 2005 (as amended, supplemented, restated or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Credit Agreement"), providing for a revolving credit facility in the aggregate original principal amount of \$55,000,000;

WHEREAS, on December 22, 2006, BC, BI and the Bank entered into that certain First Amendment to Credit Agreement whereby among other things, the Commitment was reduced to \$40,000,000; and

WHEREAS, the parties hereto have agreed to further amend the Credit Agreement as set forth herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, IN CONSIDERATION of the premises and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto agree as follows:

**Section 1. Definitions.** Unless the context otherwise requires, capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings assigned in the Credit Agreement.

**Section 2. Amendments.**

(a) The amendments set forth herein shall be effective from (and including) March 24, 2008 through (and including) April 15, 2008. Thereafter, this amendment shall terminate and shall cease to be in full force and effect, and the terms of the Credit Agreement as existing immediately prior to the date of this Amendment shall be automatically reinstated as the effective provisions of the Credit Agreement.

(b) The definition of "Commitment" in Section 1.01 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Commitment" means the commitment of the Bank under this Agreement to make Advances under the Facility in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$50,000,000 at any time outstanding, as such amount may be reduced from time to time pursuant to the terms of this Agreement.

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(c) The first paragraph of Section 2.01 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended to read as follows:

2.01 Amounts and Terms of Commitment. Bank agrees to make available to the Borrowers from December 22, 2006 through (and including) April 15, 2008 or until such earlier date on which the Bank terminates the Commitment pursuant to Section 8.02(a) or the Parent terminates the Commitment pursuant to Section 2.05(a) (the "Termination Date"), committed funds in an aggregate amount of \$50,000,000 at any time outstanding (subject to reduction pursuant to Section 2.05(a)) on the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement, as follows:

(d) Section 2.01(a) of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended to read as follows:

(a) Facility Advances. The Facility may be drawn upon by the Borrowers for Loans or Letters of Credit (collectively, the "Advances") from the Effective Date through (and including) April 15, 2008 in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$50,000,000 (subject to reduction pursuant to Section 2.05(a)) at any time outstanding.

**Section 3.** Representations and Warranties. BC hereby represents and warrants to the Bank that (i) no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing as of the date hereof, and (ii) the representations and warranties contained in Article VI of the Credit Agreement are true and correct in all material respects as of the date hereof, except for any representation or warranty made as of an earlier date, which such representation and warranty shall remain true and correct in all material respects as of such earlier date. The parties agree that any representation or warranty made by herein shall be deemed for purposes of Section 10.01(b) of the Credit Agreement to be a representation made by BC in the Credit Agreement on the date hereof.

**Section 4.** Full Force and Effect. Except as expressly amended hereby, the Credit Agreement shall remain unchanged and in full force and effect. Any and all other documents heretofore, now or hereafter executed and delivered pursuant to the terms of the Credit Agreement are hereby amended so that any reference to the Credit Agreement shall mean a reference to the Credit Agreement as amended hereby.

**Section 5.** Counterparts. This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts (including facsimile counterparts), each of which when so executed and delivered shall be an original, but all of which shall constitute one and the same instrument.

**Section 6.** Governing Law. This Amendment shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York.

**Section 7.** Successors and Assigns. This Amendment shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Amendment to be duly executed and delivered as of the day and year first written above.

**THE BRINK'S COMPANY**

By: /s/ James B. Hartough  
Name: James B. Hartough  
Title: Vice President – Corporate Finance and Treasurer

**BRINK'S, INCORPORATED**

By: /s/ James B. Hartough  
Name: James B. Hartough  
Title: Treasurer

**ABN AMRO BANK N.V.**

By: /s/  
Name:  
Title: Director

By: /s/  
Name:  
Title: Assistant Vice President

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SUBSIDIARIES OF THE BRINK'S COMPANY  
AS OF FEBRUARY 23, 2009

(The subsidiaries listed below are owned 100%, directly or indirectly, by The Brink's Company unless otherwise noted.)

<u>Company</u>	<u>Jurisdiction of Incorporation</u>
The Pittston Company	Delaware
Glen Allen Development, Inc.	Delaware
Liberty National Development Company, LLC (32.5%)	Delaware
New Liberty Residential Urban Renewal Company, LLC (17.5%)	New Jersey
Pittston Services Group Inc.	Virginia
Brink's Holding Company	Delaware
Brink's, Incorporated ("BI")	Delaware
Brink's Antigua Limited (47%)	Antigua
Brink's Express Company	Illinois
Brink's (Liberia) Inc. (98%)	Liberia
Security Services (Brink's Jordan) Company Ltd (45%)	Jordan
Servicio Pan Americano de Protección S.A. ("Serpaprosa") (20% by Trust, BI is Settlor of Trust)	Mexico
Canamex (10%)	Mexico
Inmobiliaria, A.J., S.A. de C.V. (20%)	Mexico
Productos Panamericanos de Protección, S.A. de C.V. (20%)	Mexico
Operadora Especializada de Transportes, S.A. de C.V. (20%)	Mexico
Procesos Integrales en Distribución y Logística, S.A. de C.V. (20%)	Mexico
Brink's St. Lucia Ltd. (26%)	St. Lucia
Brink's Security International, Inc. ("BSI")	Delaware
Brink's Brokerage Company, Incorporated	Delaware
Brink's C.I.S., Inc.	Delaware
Brink's Global Services International, Inc.	Delaware
Brink's Global Services KL, Inc.	Delaware
Brink's Global Services USA, Inc.	Delaware
Brink's International Management Group, Inc.	Delaware
Brink's Network, Incorporated	Delaware
Brink's Guarding Services, Inc.	Delaware
Brink's Vietnam, Incorporated	Delaware
Brink's Philippines, Inc.	Delaware
Brink's Ukraine, Inc.	Delaware
Brink's Argentina S.A.	Argentina
Brink's Seguridad Corporativa S.A. (95%)	Argentina
Brink's Asia Pacific Limited	Hong Kong
Brink's Australia Pty Ltd	Australia
A.C.N. 081 163 108 Pty Ltd	Australia
Brink's Belgium S.A.	Belgium
Cavalier Insurance Company Ltd.	Bermuda
Brink's Bolivia S.A.	Bolivia
Brink's Global Services FZE	Dubai (UAE)
Brink's EMEA SAS	France
Brink's France Holdings SAS	France
Brink's Madagascar S.A. (60%)	Madagascar
Brink's Guarding Maroc S.A.S.	Morocco
Security & Risk Management Training Centre Ltd	Mauritius
Brink's (Mauritius) Ltd	Mauritius
Brink's Beteiligungsgesellschaft mbH	Germany
Brink's Transport & Service GmbH	Germany
Brink's Deutschland GmbH	Germany
Brink's Sicherheit GmbH	Germany

<u>Company</u>	<u>Jurisdiction of Incorporation</u>
Security Consulting & Services GmbH	Germany
Brink's Far East Limited	Hong Kong
Brink's Arya India Private Limited (40%)	India
Brink's Ireland Limited	Ireland
Brink's Security Services Ireland Limited	Ireland
Brink's Holdings Limited	Israel
Brink's (Israel) Limited (70%)	Israel
Brink's Diamond & Jewellery Services (International) (1993) Ltd.	Israel
Brink's Global Services S.r.L.	Italy
Brink's Japan Limited	Japan
Brink's Luxembourg S.A.	Luxembourg
Brink's Security Luxembourg S.A.	Luxembourg
BK Services S.a.r.l.	Luxembourg
Brink's Global Services S.A. de C.V.	Mexico
Brink's International, C.V. ("BICV", BSI is General Partner)	Netherlands
Brink's Chile, S.A. (74%, BICV is beneficial owner)	Chile
Brink's de Colombia S.A. (58%, BICV is beneficial owner)	Colombia
Domesa de Colombia S.A. (59%)	Colombia
Procesos & Canje S.A. (58%)	Colombia
Sistema Integrado Multiple de Pago Electronicos S.A. ("SIMPLE S.A.")(14.5%)	Colombia
Brink's Canada Holdings, B.V. (BICV is beneficial owner)	Netherlands
Brink's Canada Limited	Canada
Brink's-Team 3, B.V.	Netherlands
Centro Americana de Inversiones Balboa, C.A. (BICV is beneficial owner)	Panama
Hermes Transporte Blindados S.A. (36%)	Peru
Brink's Dutch Holdings, B.V. (BICV is beneficial owner)	Netherlands
Brink's Hellenic Holdings, B.V. ("BHH")	Netherlands
Athena Marathon Holdings, B.V. ("AMH")	Netherlands
Apollo Acropolis Holdings, B.V. ("AAH")	Netherlands
Hermes Delphi Holdings, B.V. ("HDH")	Netherlands
Zeus Oedipus Holdings, B.V. ("ZOH")	Netherlands
Brink's Hellas Commercial S.A. – Information Technology Services ("Brink's Hellas SA") (20% each BHH, AMH, AAH, HDH, ZOH)	Greece
Brink's Hermes Cash & Valuable Services S.A. ("Brink's Cash & Valuable Services SA")	Greece
Brink's Hermes Security Services SA ("Brink's Security Services S.A.")	Greece
Brink's Hermes Aviation Security Services S.A. ("Brink's Aviation Security Services S.A.") (70%)	Greece
Hellenic Central Station SA - Reception & Processing Centre of Electronic Signals ("Hellenic Central Station") (10%)	Greece
Brink's C.L. Polska Sp.oz.o	Poland
Brink's C.L. Hungaria Limited	Hungary
Brink's RUS Holding B.V. (80%)	Netherlands
Limited Liability Company Brink's Management (80%)	Russia
Limited Liability Company Brink's (80%)	Russia
Limited Liability Company Private Security Enterprise Brink's (80%)	Russia
Servicio Pan Americano de Proteccion C.A. (61%, BICV is beneficial owner)	Venezuela
Aeropanamericano, C.A. (61%)	Venezuela
Aero Sky Panama, S.A. (61%)	Panama
Artes Graficas Avanzadas 98, C.A. (61%)	Venezuela
Blindados de Zulia Occidente, C.A. (61%)	Venezuela
Blindados de Oriente, S.A. (61%)	Venezuela
Blindados Panamericanos, S.A. (61%)	Venezuela
Blindados Centro Occidente, S.A. (61%)	Venezuela
Bolivar Business S.A. (61%)	Panama
Domesa Courier Corporation (61%)	Florida
Panamerican Protective Service Sint Maarten, N.V. (61%)	Neth. Antilles
Radio Llamadas Panamá, S.A. (61%)	Panama

<u>Company.</u>	<u>Jurisdiction of Incorporation</u>
Servicio Panamericano de Protección Curacao, N.V. (61%)	Neth. Antilles
Domesa Curacao, N.V. (61%)	Neth. Antilles
Domesa Servicio Pan Americano de Protección Brink's Aruba, N.V. (61%)	Neth. Antilles
Servicio Panamericano de Vigilancia Curacao, N.V. (61%)	Neth. Antilles
Documentos Mercantiles, S.A. (61%)	Venezuela
Instituto Panamericano, C.A. (61%)	Venezuela
Intergráficas Panamá, S.A. (61%)	Panama
Panamericana de Vigilancia, S.A. (61%)	Venezuela
Transportes Expresos, C.A. (61%)	Venezuela
Brink's Panamá S.A.	Panama
Inmobiliaria Brink's Panamá S.A.	Panama
Brink's Poland Security Services Sp.zo.o.	Poland
Brink's Puerto Rico, Inc.	Puerto Rico
Brink's International Holdings AG	Switzerland
Brink's France S.A.S.	France
Altair Securite SAS	France
ARMONIA S.A.R.L.	France
Brink's Antilles Guyane S.A.R.L.	Guadeloupe
Brink's Security Services SAS	France
Brink's Contrôle Sécurité Réunion S.A.R.L.	St. Denis
Brink's Évolution S.A.R.L.	France
Brink's Formation S.A.R.L.	France
Brink's Guard S.A.R.L.	France
Brink's Maroc SA	Morocco
Brink's Qatar L.L.C. (49%)	Qatar
Brink's Réunion S.A.R.L.	St. Denis
Cyrasa Servicios de Control SA	Spain
Protecval S.A.R.L.	France
Maartenva NV	Neth. Antilles
Brink's Switzerland Ltd.	Switzerland
Brink's Diamond & Jewelry Services BVBA	Belgium
Transpar – Brink's ATM Ltda.	Brazil
BGS – Agenciamento de Carga e Despacho Aduaneiro Ltda.	Brazil
Brink's-Seguranca e Transporte de Valores Ltda.	Brazil
Sebival-Seguranca Bancaria Industrial e de Valores Ltda.	Brazil
Setal Servicios Especializados, Tecnicos e Auxiliares Ltda.	Brazil
BVA-Brink's Valores Agregados Ltda.	Brazil
Brink's Hong Kong Limited	Hong Kong
Brink's Security Transportation (Shanghai) Company Limited	China
Brink's Global Services Korea Limited – Yunan Hoesa Brink's Global (80%)	Korea
Brink's Nederland B.V.	Netherlands
Brink's Geldverwerking B.V.	Netherlands
Brink's Security Services B.V.	Netherlands
Brink's Singapore Pte Ltd	Singapore
Brinks (Southern Africa) (Proprietary) Limited	South Africa
Brinks Armoured Security Services (Proprietary) Limited	South Africa
ePago International Inc.	Panama
Brink's e-Pago Tecnologia Ltda.	Brazil
Corporación ePago de Venezuela, C.A.	Venezuela
e-Pago de Colombia S.A. (75%)	Colombia
Brink's Global Services (BGS) Botswana (Proprietary) Limited	Botswana
Brink's Macau Limited	Macao
Brink's Taiwan Security Limited	Taiwan
Brink's (Thailand) Limited (40%)	Thailand
Brink's Guvenlik Hizmetleri Anonim Sirketi	Turkey
Brink's Europe Limited	U.K.
Brink's (UK) Limited	U.K.
Brink's Commercial Services Limited	U.K.
Brink's Diamond & Jewellery Services Limited	U.K.
Brink's Limited	U.K.
Brink's (Scotland) Limited	U.K.



<u>Company.</u>	<u>Jurisdiction of Incorporation</u>
Brink's Limited (Bahrain) EC	Bahrain
Brink's Security Limited	U.K.
Quarrycast Commercial Limited	U.K.
Brink's Global Services, Ltd.	U.K.
BAX Holding Company	Virginia
Brink's Administrative Services Inc.	Delaware
Pittston Minerals Group Inc.	Virginia
Pittston Coal Company	Delaware
American Eagle Coal Company	Virginia
Heartland Coal Company	Delaware
Maxxim Rebuild Company, Inc.	Delaware
Pittston Forest Products, Inc.	Virginia
Addington, Inc.	Kentucky
Appalachian Mining, Inc.	West Virginia
Molloy Mining, Inc.	West Virginia
Vandalia Resources, Inc.	West Virginia
Pittston Coal Management Company	Virginia
Pittston Coal Sales Corp.	Virginia
Pittston Coal Terminal Corporation	Virginia
Pyxis Resources Company	Virginia
HICA Corporation	Kentucky
Holston Mining, Inc.	West Virginia
Motivation Coal Company	Virginia
Paramont Coal Corporation	Delaware
Sheridan-Wyoming Coal Company, Incorporated	Delaware
Thames Development Ltd.	Virginia
Buffalo Mining Company	West Virginia
Clinchfield Coal Company	Virginia
Dante Coal Company	Virginia
Eastern Coal Corporation	West Virginia
Elkay Mining Company	West Virginia
Jewell Ridge Coal Corporation	Virginia
Kentland-Elkhorn Coal Corporation	Kentucky
Lorado Reclamation Company	West Virginia
Meadow River Coal Company	Kentucky
Pittston Coal Group, Inc.	Virginia
Ranger Fuel Corporation	West Virginia
Sea "B" Mining Company	Virginia
Pittston Synfuel Company	Virginia
Pittston Mineral Ventures Company	Delaware
PMV Gold Company	Delaware
MPI Gold (USA) Ltd.	Nevada
Pittston Mineral Ventures International Ltd.	Delaware
Mineral Ventures of Australia Pty Ltd.	Australia
Western Australian Minerals Company Pty Ltd	Australia

NOTE: Subsidiaries that are not majority owned do not constitute "Subsidiaries" for the purposes of this Schedule. They have been left on the Schedule so as to make the ownership structure clear.



## Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors  
The Brink's Company:

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the registration statements on Form S-8 (Nos. 2-64258, 33-2039, 33-21393, 33-23333, 333-69040, 33-53565, 333-02219, 333-78631, 333-78633, 333-70758, 333-70772, 333-70766, 333-70762, 333-146673, 333-152552 and 333-133073) of The Brink's Company of our reports dated March 2, 2009, with respect to the consolidated balance sheets of The Brink's Company and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income (loss), shareholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2008, and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2008, which reports appear in the 2008 Annual Report on Form 10-K of The Brink's Company.

Our report on the consolidated financial statements refers to the Company's adoption of the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes*, effective January 1, 2007, Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 158, *Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans*, effective December 31, 2006, and Securities and Exchange Commission Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 108, *Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements*, effective December 31, 2006.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Richmond, Virginia  
March 2, 2009

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## POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned does hereby constitute and appoint Michael T. Dan, Michael J. Cazer and McAlister C. Marshall, II, and each of them (with full power of substitution), his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent to do any and all acts and things and to execute any and all instruments which, with the advice of counsel, any of said attorneys and agents may deem necessary or advisable to enable The Brink's Company, a Virginia corporation (the "Company"), to comply with the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and any rules, regulations and requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission in respect thereof, in connection with the preparation and filing of the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 (the "Form 10-K"), including specifically, but without limitation, power and authority to sign his name as an officer and/or director of the Company, as the case may be, to the Form 10-K or any amendments thereto; and the undersigned does hereby ratify and confirm all that said attorneys shall do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 18th day of February, 2009.

/s/ Roger G. Ackerman  
Roger G. Ackerman

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POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned does hereby constitute and appoint Michael T. Dan, Michael J. Cazer and McAlister C. Marshall, II, and each of them (with full power of substitution), her true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent to do any and all acts and things and to execute any and all instruments which, with the advice of counsel, any of said attorneys and agents may deem necessary or advisable to enable The Brink's Company, a Virginia corporation (the "Company"), to comply with the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and any rules, regulations and requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission in respect thereof, in connection with the preparation and filing of the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 (the "Form 10-K"), including specifically, but without limitation, power and authority to sign her name as an officer and/or director of the Company, as the case may be, to the Form 10-K or any amendments thereto; and the undersigned does hereby ratify and confirm all that said attorneys shall do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 19th day of February, 2009.

/s/ Betty C. Alewine  
Betty C. Alewine

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POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned does hereby constitute and appoint Michael T. Dan, Michael J. Cazer and McAlister C. Marshall, II, and each of them (with full power of substitution), his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent to do any and all acts and things and to execute any and all instruments which, with the advice of counsel, any of said attorneys and agents may deem necessary or advisable to enable The Brink's Company, a Virginia corporation (the "Company"), to comply with the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and any rules, regulations and requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission in respect thereof, in connection with the preparation and filing of the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 (the "Form 10-K"), including specifically, but without limitation, power and authority to sign his name as an officer and/or director of the Company, as the case may be, to the Form 10-K or any amendments thereto; and the undersigned does hereby ratify and confirm all that said attorneys shall do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 20th day of February, 2009.

/s/ James R. Barker  
James R. Barker

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POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned does hereby constitute and appoint Michael T. Dan, Michael J. Cazer and McAlister C. Marshall, II, and each of them (with full power of substitution), his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent to do any and all acts and things and to execute any and all instruments which, with the advice of counsel, any of said attorneys and agents may deem necessary or advisable to enable The Brink's Company, a Virginia corporation (the "Company"), to comply with the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and any rules, regulations and requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission in respect thereof, in connection with the preparation and filing of the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 (the "Form 10-K"), including specifically, but without limitation, power and authority to sign his name as an officer and/or director of the Company, as the case may be, to the Form 10-K or any amendments thereto; and the undersigned does hereby ratify and confirm all that said attorneys shall do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 15th day of February, 2009.

/s/ Marc C. Breslawsky  
Marc C. Breslawsky

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POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned does hereby constitute and appoint Michael T. Dan, Michael J. Cazer and McAlister C. Marshall, II, and each of them (with full power of substitution), his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent to do any and all acts and things and to execute any and all instruments which, with the advice of counsel, any of said attorneys and agents may deem necessary or advisable to enable The Brink's Company, a Virginia corporation (the "Company"), to comply with the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and any rules, regulations and requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission in respect thereof, in connection with the preparation and filing of the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 (the "Form 10-K"), including specifically, but without limitation, power and authority to sign his name as an officer and/or director of the Company, as the case may be, to the Form 10-K or any amendments thereto; and the undersigned does hereby ratify and confirm all that said attorneys shall do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 20th day of February, 2009.

/s/ Michael J. Herling  
Michael J. Herling

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POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned does hereby constitute and appoint Michael T. Dan, Michael J. Cazer and McAlister C. Marshall, II, and each of them (with full power of substitution), his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent to do any and all acts and things and to execute any and all instruments which, with the advice of counsel, any of said attorneys and agents may deem necessary or advisable to enable The Brink's Company, a Virginia corporation (the "Company"), to comply with the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and any rules, regulations and requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission in respect thereof, in connection with the preparation and filing of the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 (the "Form 10-K"), including specifically, but without limitation, power and authority to sign his name as an officer and/or director of the Company, as the case may be, to the Form 10-K or any amendments thereto; and the undersigned does hereby ratify and confirm all that said attorneys shall do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 19th day of February, 2009.

/s/ Thomas R. Hudson Jr.  
Thomas R. Hudson Jr.

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POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned does hereby constitute and appoint Michael T. Dan, Michael J. Cazer and McAlister C. Marshall, II, and each of them (with full power of substitution), his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent to do any and all acts and things and to execute any and all instruments which, with the advice of counsel, any of said attorneys and agents may deem necessary or advisable to enable The Brink's Company, a Virginia corporation (the "Company"), to comply with the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and any rules, regulations and requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission in respect thereof, in connection with the preparation and filing of the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 (the "Form 10-K"), including specifically, but without limitation, power and authority to sign his name as an officer and/or director of the Company, as the case may be, to the Form 10-K or any amendments thereto; and the undersigned does hereby ratify and confirm all that said attorneys shall do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 16th day of February, 2009.

/s/ Murray D. Martin  
Murray D. Martin

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POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned does hereby constitute and appoint Michael T. Dan, Michael J. Cazer and McAlister C. Marshall, II, and each of them (with full power of substitution), his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent to do any and all acts and things and to execute any and all instruments which, with the advice of counsel, any of said attorneys and agents may deem necessary or advisable to enable The Brink's Company, a Virginia corporation (the "Company"), to comply with the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and any rules, regulations and requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission in respect thereof, in connection with the preparation and filing of the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 (the "Form 10-K"), including specifically, but without limitation, power and authority to sign his name as an officer and/or director of the Company, as the case may be, to the Form 10-K or any amendments thereto; and the undersigned does hereby ratify and confirm all that said attorneys shall do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 20th day of February, 2009.

/s/ Robert J. Strang  
Robert J. Strang

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POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned does hereby constitute and appoint Michael T. Dan, Michael J. Cazer and McAlister C. Marshall, II, and each of them (with full power of substitution), his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent to do any and all acts and things and to execute any and all instruments which, with the advice of counsel, any of said attorneys and agents may deem necessary or advisable to enable The Brink's Company, a Virginia corporation (the "Company"), to comply with the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and any rules, regulations and requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission in respect thereof, in connection with the preparation and filing of the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 (the "Form 10-K"), including specifically, but without limitation, power and authority to sign his name as an officer and/or director of the Company, as the case may be, to the Form 10-K or any amendments thereto; and the undersigned does hereby ratify and confirm all that said attorneys shall do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 20th day of February, 2009.

/s/ Ronald L. Turner  
Ronald L. Turner

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I, Michael T. Dan, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) of The Brink's Company, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of The Brink's Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 2, 2009

/s/ Michael T. Dan  
Michael T. Dan  
Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

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I, Michael J. Cazer, Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer) of The Brink's Company, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of The Brink's Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 2, 2009

/s/ Michael J. Cazer  
Michael J. Cazer  
Vice President and Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)

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## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO

18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,

AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO

## SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report on Form 10-K of The Brink's Company (the "Company") for the period ending December 31, 2008 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Michael T. Dan, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Michael T. Dan  
Michael T. Dan  
Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)  
March 2, 2009

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

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**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO**

**18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,**

**AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO**

**SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report on Form 10-K of The Brink's Company (the "Company") for the period ending December 31, 2008 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Michael J. Cazer, Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer) of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Michael J. Cazer

Michael J. Cazer  
Vice President and Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)  
March 2, 2009

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

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Section 14.06. *Change In Control.* The provisions of this Plan section shall be controlling, anything in the other provisions of this Article XIV or any other provision in the Plan to the contrary notwithstanding.

(a) In the event of a Change in Control (as herein after defined in subsection (b) below), for a period of five years thereafter all assets of the Plan including assets held by a Funding Agent in excess of liabilities as at the date (the "**Control Date**") of such Change in Control and all increments to such assets thereafter accruing pursuant to the provisions of the Plan and the related trust agreement as each Plan and agreement shall be in effect at the Control Date (such assets and increments thereto being hereinafter called the "**Plan Assets**") shall be preserved for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits for those who shall at the Control Date be, or shall thereafter become, a Participant or Beneficiary.

To that end, during such five-year period no action shall be taken which would effect (i) any partial or complete termination of the Plan unless all Plan Assets shall upon such termination be vested in, and held solely for distribution to, Participants and Beneficiaries after providing for reasonable expenses in connection therewith (with any surplus amounts to be allocated among Participants and Beneficiaries in proportion to the present value of each such person's accrued benefits, subject to the requirements of Revenue Rulings 71-446 and 80-229 and related Internal Revenue Service rules and Regulations), (ii) any merger or consolidation of the Plan with or into any other employee benefit plan or any other entity or person, (iii) any transfer to any such other plan or to any entity (including a Company or a Company maintained employee benefit plan) of any Plan Assets, (iv) any incurring (except in the ordinary course of administration of Plan Assets) or assumption by the Plan of any liabilities of any other employee benefit plan or other entity or person, or (v) any amendment of the Plan which might have the effect of materially reducing Plan Assets available for Participants and Beneficiaries at the Control Date, including, without limitation, providing participation in the Plan by a substantial number of individuals who would not have been eligible for Plan participation immediately prior to the Control Date.

(b) Effective as of November 16, 2007, a "Change in Control" shall mean the occurrence of:

(i) (A) any consolidation or merger of the Company in which the Company is not the continuing or surviving corporation or pursuant to which the shares would be converted into cash, securities or other property other than a consolidation or merger in which holders of the total voting power in the election of directors of the Company of shares outstanding (exclusive of shares held by the Company's Affiliates) (the "Total Voting Power") immediately prior to the consolidation or merger will have the same proportionate ownership of the total voting power in the election of directors of the surviving corporation immediately after the consolidation or merger, or (B) any sale, lease, exchange or other transfer (in one transaction or a series of transactions) of all or substantially all the assets of the Company;

(ii) any "person" (as defined in Section 13(d) of the Act) other than the Company, its Affiliates or an employee benefit plan or trust maintained by the Company or its affiliates, becoming the "beneficial owner" (as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Act), directly or indirectly, of more than 20% of the Total Voting Power; or

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(iii) at any time during a period of two consecutive years, individuals who at the beginning of such period constituted the Board ceasing for any reason to constitute at least a majority thereof, unless the election by the Company's shareholders of each new director during such two-year period was approved by a vote of at least two-thirds of the directors then still in office who were directors at the beginning of such two-year period

(c) In the event that annuity contracts are purchased using Plan Assets at any time after a Change in Control, such contracts shall be issued by a reputable and financially sound insurance company having total assets in excess of three billion dollars and an A. M. Best rating of A or better.

(d) In addition to all other rights under applicable law, any individual who shall be a Participant or Beneficiary at the Control Date shall from and after that Date have the right to bring an action, either individually or on behalf of all Participants and Beneficiaries, to enforce the provisions of this Plan section by seeking injunctive relief and/or damages, and the Company shall be obligated to pay or reimburse such Participant or Beneficiary who shall prevail, in whole or in substantial part, for all reasonable expenses, including attorney's fees, in connection with such action.

(e) The foregoing provisions of this Plan section shall be construed liberally to the end that the purpose expressed in subsection (a) above shall be fully implemented.

(f) Anything in the Plan to the contrary notwithstanding, on and after the Control Date none of the provisions of this Plan section shall be amended unless within 60 days after the date of the action taken to amend such provisions at least two thirds of the individuals who were participants at the date of such action shall have given their written approval of such action based on full and complete information provided to them regarding the actual and potential effects of such action on them.

(g) Nothing in this Plan section shall of itself be deemed to increase the amount of any benefits to which any Participant or Beneficiary shall be or become entitled under the Plan or, prior to the Control Date, to change in any respect the powers and duties of any of the Named Fiduciaries of the Plan as provided in Article X of the Plan.

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